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Professor June-Koo Kevin Rhee's Lab - Quantum Information and Communications Lab
Professor Hyunjoo. J Lee's Lab - Brain/Bio Medical Microsystems Lab
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Professor Jinseok Choi's Lab - Signal, Information, and Communications for everyting Lab
Professor Jeongseok Ha's Lab - Coding and Communications Lab
Professor Dongsu Han's Lab - Intelligent Network Architecture and Distributed Systems Lab
Professor sooJean Han's Lab - Autonomous Control of Stochastic System(ACSS) Lab
Professor Insu Han's Lab - Flexible Machine Learning Algorithm Lab
Professor Hamza Kurt's Lab - Metaphotonics Research Laboratory
Professor Songcheol Hong's Lab - Wave Embedded Integrated Systems (WEIS) Lab
Professor Steven Euijong Whang's Lab - Data Intelligence Lab

<Professor Joonhyuk Kang's Lab.>



Research Areas

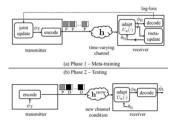
The Advanced Radio Technology Laboratory (ART Lab) has researched advanced antenna technology to improve performance and spectral efficiency of communication systems. In particular, we mainly focused on machine learning based communication, wireless communication for autonomous vehicles, and future wireless systems. Specific research topics are given as follows.

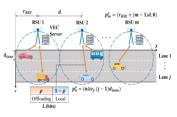
• ML for Communications and Communications for ML

ML driven communications have an advantage in handling the increasing volume of communication and computation costs. Recently, ART Lab has been working on federated learning, reinforcement learning, and problems related to spectrum usage efficiency.

• Wireless Communications for Autonomous Vehicles

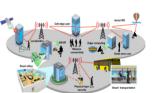
Autonomous vehicles have sparked tremendous research interest, such as V2X, IoV, UAV-assisted systems, and VEC. ART Lab is interested in dealing with huge traffic data in such communication systems, including energy-efficient task offloading over VEC systems and trajectory design in UAV-assisted networks.





• Future Wireless System

ART Lab has been actively working on multiple-input multiple-output (MIMO), space division multiple access (SDMA), and intelligent surface systems (e.g. RIS) for future wireless communications. Also, we focus on 6G communication technology such as utilization of sub-THz band and spatial mode multiplexing.



Recommended courses & Career after graduation	Introduction to other activities besides research	
Recommended courses : Signal and Systems,	ART lab promotes friendship among students with :	
Communication Engineering, Probability and Statistics , Linear Algebra	① Birthday parties, ② Summer / Winter workshop ③ Spring / Autumn picnic ④ Home-coming day	
Career after graduation : ① Professor ② Research		
institute (e.g. ADD, ETRI) ③ Company (e.g. Samsung		
Electronics, KT)		

■ Introduction to the Lab.

ART Lab encourages a positive research environment in which lab members feel free to share their ideas. We spend our time in graduate school energetically, aided by professor's considerate guidance. Our laboratory is open to those who want to research in a supportive environment with promising students.

Recent research achievements ('22~'24)

[1] Projects : Currently doing 13 projects (e.g. Samsung Electronics, Ministry of Science, ICT and Future Planning)
 [2] Publications : Journal Papers 21 / Conference papers 14 / Patents 37

<Professor Kyeongha Kwon>

THE KWON GROUP

Contact information				
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Lab.	Nanofab Center, 204	Tel: 7567/7667		
Website https://krg.kaist.ac.kr				

Current state of the Lab. (2024 Fall) PhD Student: 7 Master's Student: 10

Research Areas

Battery Management System (BMS)

- Maximize the remaining useful life (RUL) for entire multi-storage platform
- Development of cell state prediction techniques with high stability
- Ongoing research topics:
 - ✓ EV/ESS battery management IC: Measurement & Power Control
 - $\checkmark\,$ Advanced diganosis device (e.g. EIS system) for safety
 - $\checkmark\,$ Algorithm optimization for embbeded system

> Medical Application Specific Integrated Circuits (M-ASIC)

- Real-time monitoring of physical condition using small, wireless and low-power devices
- Flexible, skin-attachable systems to sense various biosignals
- Ongoing research topics:
 - ✓ Blood flow rate monitoring
 - ✓ Capnography: sensing CO2 concentration
 - ✓ Wireless power transfer for implanted cardiac stents

High-Speed Transceivers

- Signal distortion due to channel and other environmental causes, resulting erroneous data at receiver
- Distortion compensation in transceiver ICs
- Ongoing research topics:
 - ✓ Crosstalk cancellation for PIM (Processing-in-Memory)
 - ✓ Dispersion compensation for optical communication
 - ✓ Low power on-chip transcievers

Recommended courses & Career after graduation

- Courses on circuits, signals and communcations: EE201, EE304, EE372, EE403, EE202, EE303, EE321, etc. (More information on our website)
- Potential career options after graduation include government-funded/private research institutes or companies related to IC design, medical devices, automobile, etc.

■ Introduction to the Lab.	Lab members with friendly relationship
 Horizontal organizational structure and lively 	 Group lunch/dinner and birthday celebrations
workplace atmosphere	 Regular participation in workshops and seminars

Recent research achievements

"ASIL-D and AEC-Q100 Grade 0 Compliant Automotive RC Oscillator with Farey Sequence-based Calibration," **IEEE Custom Integrated Circuits Conference (CICC)**, 2024.

"ASIL-D compliant Battery Monitoring IC with High Measurement Accuracy and Robust Communication," IEEE International Solid-State Circuits Conference (ISSCC) Digest of Technical Papers, 2023.

"Soft, full Wheatstone bridge 3D pressure sensors for cardiovascular monitoring,"

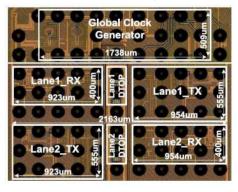
nature partner journal (npj) Flexible Electronics (IF:12.018), Jan. 2024.

"Battery-free, cardiovascular implant for wireless monitoring of arterial/ventricular pressure, flow rate and temperature in real-time fashion," **Nature Biomedical Engineering** (IF:29.234), April 2023.



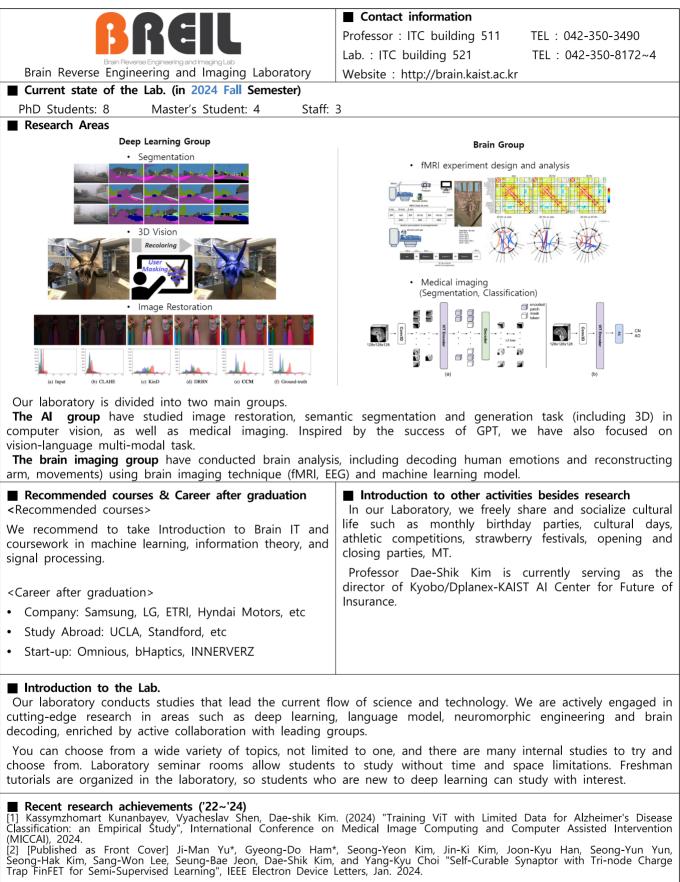
<Battery management system on EV>

<Sweat flow monitoring device>



<High speed transceiver die photo>

<Professor Dae-Shik Kim's Lab.>



[3] Jae-Hyeok Lee and Dae-Shik Kim, "ICE-NeRF: Interactive Color Editing of NeRFs via Decomposition-Aware Weight Optimization", International Conference on Computer Vision (ICCV), Paris, France, 2023.

	Contact information		
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Computer Systems and Network Lab	Lab. : N1-518 TEL : 042-350-7548		
	Website : icn.kaist.ac.kr		
Current state of the Lab. (in 2024 Fall Semester)			
Postdoctoral Fellows : 0 PhD Students: 7 M	aster's Student: 7		
Research Areas			
• Computer and System Architecture for Deep Learning	Load coefficients & 2. Compute the first-ball stages of NTT		
- Scale-out interconnection networks	Host CPU 4. Rearder intermediate PIM (UPMEM) I. Retrieve intermediate PIM (UPMEM) PIM (UPME		
- Efficient communication-centric architecture for accelerate	Drs		
Memory-centric Network Architecture	coefficients USE V		
- Memory-centric network architecture for machine learni	ng Accelerating fully homomorphic encryption		
- Processing-in-memory (PIM) Architectures	Control Weight FIFO Buffer Buffer		
• Architecture and Security			
- Side-channel attacks in CPU and GPU			
- Fully homomorphic encryption (FHE)			
	Neural Processing Unit Architectures		
Mobile System for Continuous Monitoring and Intervention	M× 7		
- Monitoring Itching condition			
- Language Development	CPU UPMEM'S PIM-enabled DIMMS		
	Processing-in-Memory Architectures		
Recommended courses & Career after graduation	Introduction to other activities besides research		
Courses recommended include topics related to computer	The lab provides a very open environment where you are		
architecture, system programming, distributed systems, and	encouraged to freely discuss with the professor and other		
perating systems. Students in the lab have participated in students. We encourage collaboration with other professors			
internship at Samsung, NVIDIA, and Deep Learning start-ups.	the department, within KAIST, as well as other institutions. We		
After graduation, students have become professors at	also actively collaborate with industry as well. We also		
POSTECH, Kangwon University, as well as joined industry	encourage extracurricular activities to provide the best		
including Samsung Research, Arm Inc, as well as research	environment.		
positions at National Research Labs.			

Introduction to the Lab.

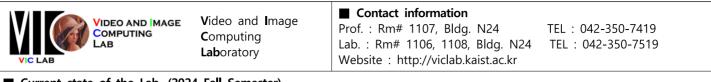
The Computer Systems and Network Lab is led by Prof. John Kim at KAIST. Prof. John Kim graduated from Stanford University and was part of School of Computing at KAIST before joining School of Electrical Engineering. He has worked on the design of several microprocessors in the industry (Intel, Motorola) and has worked on the design of interconnect at Cray Inc. Currently, the lab addresses the system and architectural design challenges in high performance computing as well as mobile systems. All research in the lab target publications in top-tier conferences in systems and architecture.

■ Recent research achievements ('21~'24)

The research group publishes in top-tier conferences, including architecture (ISCA, MICRO, HPCA, ASPLOS) and top-tier conferences in other domains, including CHI, CCS, Usenix Security, UBICOMP, CSCW. Recent publications include

- SIGMETRICS'24 Scalability Limitations of Processing-in-Memory using Real System Evaluations
- ISCA'23 Decoupled SSD: Rethinking SSD Architecture through Network-based Flash Controllers
- HPCA'23 VVQ: Virtualizing Virtual Channel for Cost-Efficient Protocol Deadlock Avoidance
- HPCA'23 Logical/Physical Topology-Aware Collective Communication in Deep Learning Training
- MICRO'22 Networked SSD: Flash Memory Interconnection Network for High-Bandwidth SSD
- ISCA'22 Dynamic global adaptive routing in high-radix networks

<Professor Munchurl Kim's Lab.>



Master's Student: 6

VAE, GAN, DM

ge-to-Image Translation age and Video Editing

Frame Interpolation age Deraining/Deha

Video Deblurina

ovel View Synthesis (NeRF,3D/4DGS)

Camera Pose Estimation Image Depth Estimation Scene Flow Estimation

Coarse Training Stage

Optical Flow

Multimodal Image Registration PAN-Sharpening SAR-to-EO Clutter Image Translation ic-to-Measured SAR Target Image Transl

> Automatic Target Recognition (ATR) in SAR Imagery

ud Removal in EO In

Learned Image/Video Compression Perceptual Video Coding Jeural Model Compression

Rem

1

Fine Training Stage

 θ_{n}^{*}

 $D_{min} \sim D_{max}$

ion Loss (Eq. 14)

 $\lambda_{cv} = \max\left(\frac{|D_{\ell}^{1} - D_{\ell}^{cv}|}{\delta_{D}}, 1\right)$

 D_{t}^{cv}

e-based or (Eq. 13)

 $_{G} = \lambda_{cv} \cdot \max(|D_{t}^{1} - D_{t}^{2}|, \mu_{cv}\delta_{D})$

Current state of the Lab. (2024 Fall Semester)

Postdoctoral Fellows : 0 Ph.D. Students: 22

Research Areas

We are Video & Image Computing Lab at KAIST. Our research of interest includes deep-learning based computer vision, computational image & video processing as well as image & video understanding and 2D/3D video coding. Our recent intensive works focus on Computer Vision research in the fields of : [1] **Natural image and video restoration**: (1) super-resolution, (2) frame interpolation, (3)

SDR-to-HDR inverse tone mapping, (4) image in-painting, (5) depth estimation, (6) image deraining, (7) image dehazing, (8) video motion debluring; (9) generative restoration of old photos;

[2] **3D image/video reconstruction**: (1) optical flow estimation, (2) camera pose estimation, (3) dynamic neural radiance field (NeRF) and Gaussian splatting learning of video for novel view synthesis;

[3] **Satellite image processing, analysis and understanding**: (1) PAN sharpening, super-resolution and cloud removal of Electro-Optical (EO) images, (2) super-resolution, detection and classification of Synthetic Aperture Radar (SAR) image targets, (3) SAR-to-EO image-to-image translation learning, etc.

Image/Video Restoration and Quality Enhancement

Based on deep convolutional neural neyworks and

recurrent neural networks, we are focusing on (i) image/video super-resolution, (ii) video frame interpolation for high frame rates, (iii) SDR/HDR video (inverse) tone mapping, (iv) motion deblur, (v) compression artifact reduction, and (vi) denoising and demosaicking for camera's Bayer array images. Our research pursues studying high-performance algorithms for leading-edge levels as well as low-complexity algorithms for practical applications

Automatic Target Detection and Recognition for Synthetic Aperture Radar Imagery

Synthetic Aperture Radars (SAR) are widely used for surveillance systems because they can operate under all weather conditions due to a powerful penetrating property. We are studying deep learning based automatic target detection and recognition algorithms for SAR imagery where deep convolution neural networks explored to detect small-sized target candidates and classify them into appropriate categories. Since SAR data is difficul and expensive to acquire, we develop generative networks that can generate realistic SAR data from images acquired by other image sensors.

Deep Learning based 3D Image/Video Reconstruction

Novel view synthesis is being studied using Neural Radiance Fields (DeRF) Learning and Gaussian Splatting Model Learning. This makes it possible high-quality novel view generation at view points and distances.

Recommended courses & Career after graduation

Recommended classes are digital image processing, machine learning and deep learning. After graduation, students often work with global companies, start-up companies, academia and research institutes.

Introduction to the Lab.

VIC Lab aims to send out leaders with expertise in image processing and machine learning. VIC Lab contributes to the academic field through the presentation of research papers and we are expected to improve our presentation skills, writing skills and expressive ability in their researches so that we can get international competitiveness.

Recent research achievements (2024)

[1] **CVPR** 2024 - FMA-Net: Flow Guided Dynamic Filtering and Iterative Feature Refinement with Multi-Attention for Joint Video Super-Resolution and Deblurring.

[2] **CVPR** 2024 - From-Ground-To-Objects: Coarse-to-Fine Self-supervised Monocular Depth Estimation of Dynamic Objects with Ground Contact Prior.

[3] CVPR 2024 - Novel View Synthesis with View-Dependent Effects from a Single Image.

[4] ECCV 2024 - SkateFormer: Skeletal-Temporal Transformer for Human Action Recognition.

	Lab Info		
irsl	Advisor	Prof. Min Jun Kim	
	Division	Signal	
	Website	https://sites.google.com/view/kaist-roboticslab	
Intelligent Robotics System Lab	Members	Ph.D candidate 5 / MS candidate 9	
	Research Interest	Robotics	



- We are interested in general robotic problems, particularly in *physical interaction* problems with robot mobilities (fixed, wheeled, aerial, semi-aerial, etc.)
- Combining physical interaction problems with mobility raises challenges, such as *design, modeling, control, state estimation, perception, cognition, and planning*
- · We develop intelligent robots with practically appealing scenarios in mind

Robot Design

Cable-suspended aerial Simultaneous grasp manipulator selection & motion planning through constrained optimization Cable sustain gravitational load Long-horizon task . Higher load, longer addressing motion & operation time grasp constraints Fully actuated drone Task & motion planning with non-isotropic algorithm using wrench shape Reachability Tree & Monte Carlo Tree Search Energy efficient, greater force in task direction Rewards generated from Kitchen Non-monotonic Blocktower motion planning enhance task planning





• Collaborative grasping using multiple AM

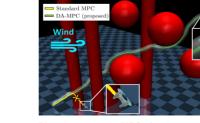
Passivity-based decentralized impedance controller

Enable contact-responsive motion (Left), Ordinary DOB results in excessive torque (Right)



- Multi-contact feedback MPC for interactive tasks
 Particle filter-based contact estimation

Planning



Disturbance-aware MPC of underactuated robots
Robustify MPC using disturbance observer



Memory-based SO(3) representations
 Natural spring torgue beyond π-turn



<Professor Bongjin Kim's Lab.>

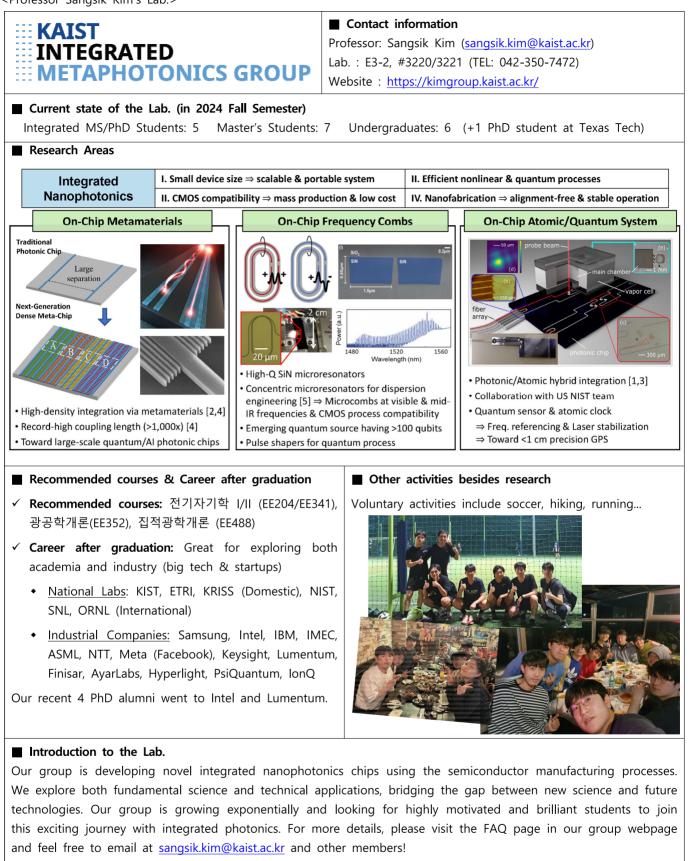
Kim Circuit Research Lab	 Contact information Professor : bkiminus@gmail.com TEL : TBD Lab. : <u>bkiminus@gmail.com</u> TEL : TBD Website : http://bongjin.com
■ Current state of the Lab. (in 2024 Fall Semester) – Kim Lab	o will be founded at KAIST in January 2025
Postdoctoral Fellows : 0 PhD Students: 0 Master's Student: 0	(Current PhD Students: 3, Master's Student: 3 @ UCSB)
 Research Areas Vision: Develop VLSI circuit, system, and chip design techniq for sustainable next-generation computing & communication Research plan: VLSI Circuit/Chip Research Processing-in-Memory Al/ML Hardware Accelerator Hybrid analog/digital PIM macros & processors / C Scalable Optimization Problem Solvers Large scale, high-precision, densely-connected dig Next-Generation Computing & Communication Circuits for quantum computers, hardware security 	rs on-device inference/training using foundry memory gital Ising Processor for solving domain-specific problems
 Recommended Courses: Circuit courses (analog, digital, and mixed-signal), computer architecture, VLSI, Digital systems Career after graduation: Recently graduated students joined academia and research institutes (Peking University, SLAC at Stanford, CAS) and industry (AMD, Micron, SK Hynix). Introduction to other activities besides research institutes (Peking University, SLAC at Stanford, CAS) and industry (AMD, Micron, SK Hynix). 	
■ Introduction to the Lab.	ave been working on the design of domain, and application

- Since Kim Circuit Research Lab was founded in Sep. 2017, we have been working on the design of domain- and applicationspecific hardware accelerators with special focuses on computing/processing-in-memory architecture for Al/ML applications, scalable next-generation computers for solving computationally-intensive problems. At KAIST, we will continue to contribute to the development of innovative VLSI circuit/chip solutions for sustainable next-generation computing & communication.

■ Recent research achievements ('22~'24)

- Recent top conference and journal publications: 6 ISSCC, 4 CICC/VLSI/ESSERC, 9 JSSC Papers (from 2022 to 2024)
- Recent student awards: 2 SSCS Pre-Doctoral Awards, 1 SSCS Rising Star Award, Multiple SSCS Student Travel Awards
- Recent Selected Publications
 - 1. VIP-Sat: A Boolean Satisfiability Solver Featuring 5×12 Variable In-Memory Processing Elements with 98% Solvability for 50 Variables 218 Clauses 3-SAT Problems, IEEE ISSCC 2024
 - 2. CTLE-Ising: A 1,440 Spins Continuous-Time Latch-based Ising Machine with One-Shot Fully-Parallel Spin Updates Featuring Equalization of Spin States, IEEE ISSCC 2023
 - 3. A 65nm 8T SRAM Compute-In-Memory Macro with Column ADCs for Processing Neural Networks, IEEE JSSC, Nov. 2022
 - 4. FlexSpin: A Scalable CMOS Ising Machine with 256 Flexible Spin Processing Elements for Solving Complex Combinatorial Optimization Problems, IEEE ISSCC 2022
 - 5. A 28nm 29.2TFLOPS/W BF16 and 36.5TOPS/W INT8 Reconfigurable Digital CIM Processor with Unified FP/INT Pipeline and Bitwise in-Memory Booth Multiplication for Cloud Deep Learning Acceleration, IEEE ISSCC 2022

<Professor Sangsik Kim's Lab.>



Recent research achievements

K. Kabir, M. Mia, I. Ahmed, N. Jaidye, S. Ahmed, S. Kim, *Light: Science & Applications*, 12, 135 (2023)
 A. Yulaev*, S. Kim*, *et al.*, *Nature Nanotechnology* 17, 583 (2022) (*equal contribution)
 M. Mia, S. Ahmed, I. Ahmed, Y. Lee, M. Qi, and S. Kim, *Optica* 7, 881 (2020)

<Professor Sanghyeon Kim's Lab.>

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Laboratory	Lab.	Email: tlsgu	d907@kaist.ac.kr	Tel: 7552
-	Website	https://www	/.3doedl.com/	
Current state of the Lab. (in 2024 Fall Se	emester)			
Postdoctoral Fellows : 1 PhD Student	·s· 12	Master's Stud	ent [.] 11	
Research Areas : 3D integrated opto-electronic				semiconductor a
Ge.), which is one of the most promising device resear		-		
 Monolithic 3D integration 			\int Monolithic 3D integration ——	
Monolithic 3D (M3D) integration provides increase	d bandwidth,	smaller power		
consumption, smaller footprint, and increased function			Indiana Indian	00 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
stacking and device technology to realize stackable 3D	devices.			š 📻 🔁 🚍
Next generation computing				
To reduce computing power, we are developing r	next-generation	CMOS devices	Monolithic CRT	Sequential CFET
using III-V, Ge. Not only beyond conventional	CMOS under	Von-Neumann	Quantum computing system	- Next generation computin
architecture, we initiated the research on semiconduct			Classical electronics Courter Courter	tion from noise
network / neuromorphic computing. To realize the				Coupling Array
developing 3D stackable neuronal and synaptic devic				Optimization Problem
device structure minimizing the power consumption i	n the intercon	nect as well as	Quantum electronics	Ising Model
the power consumption for computing.			MicroLED display	
MicroLED display				Abdref/Date
For ultra-small, but ultra-high resolution display, we			Post see 17 pr	
norganic MicroLED display using wafer bonding and	sequential de	evice tabrication		
orocess. Mid-IR photonics				
For very compact on-chip gas sensor, we are	developing Mi	id-IR integrated	Mid-IR ph	
photonics platform using Ge-on-insulator structure.	developing in	a ne megratea		
► Thin film imager				
Ultimate goal of the semiconductor-based hardwa	ire system wo	ould be a full	FCA → ΔT → ΔR → ΔI P1 counting (for FIB) 1, Co p ¹ C0	
mitation of the human's function such as feeling em	otions, learning	g, and thinking,	Air trench V,O,	-15 -30 -30 -30 -30 -30 -30 -30 -30 -30 -30
etc. To do that with semiconductor-based hardware, s	ensing the info	ormation will be	Si substrate	Wavelength (unt)
an inevitable functionality. Sensing the visual infor			Incident light	Thin film imag
mportant features to enable lots of tasks such as			A Coordenate with the second s	
mage processing, self-adaptive detecting, etc. Therefo	ore, we are exp	ploring the thin	Diffuedon 6	Vidu Har tok way 1660 Visualização (m)
film imager using M3D integration technology.			Copical window Top electrode bip-bitCaAs PD min	Sediq police PF as This including a flate a Tai Tai Tai Tai Tai
			5 SO ₂ Bonding layer (Al ₂ O ₃)	KAISI MAISI KAISI
Recommended courses & Career after gr	aduation			
-		miconductor	ration photosics are	recommended. Com
Any courses about semiconductor devices and solid-sta oath will include academia, major industries in semice		-		
(Postdoc at KAIST, Harvard, Yale), one industry (Staff er				ow. Three academ
Introduction to other activities besides re		54.19 2.000.01.00 <i>)</i>		
		mostic conform	ac and also inter-the	Discourses for all
We are encouraging students to participate in intern experiences. We are also planning to have enjoyable di				programs for th
Introduction to the Lab.				
Prof. Kim opened the lab in KAIST on Feb. 2019. We	are doing mu	ulti-disciplinary re	searches on various se	miconductor elect
and photonic devices with an emphasis on monolithic	3D integration	(M3D). To contr	ibute to future M3D se	emiconductor devi
we are fully supporting students' research and helping	to broaden the	eir research scope	e with world-class infra	structure.
Recent research achievements				
Since the lab opened in 2019, 19 papers and 9 pape	rs have been i	presented in IEDI	A and VLSI symposium	n on Technology a
since the lab openica in Lons, is papers and s pape				

<Professor Song Min Kim's Lab.>



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Professor	Email:	Tel:		
FIDIESSO	songmin@kaist.ac.kr	042-350-7453		
Lab.	N1 #918			
Website	https://smile.kaist.ac.kr			

Current state of the Lab. (in 2023 Fall Semester)

Postdoctoral Fellows : 1 PhD Students: 7

Master's Student: 4

Research Areas

mmWave Backscatter Localization: Accurate localization of a large number of objects over a wide area is one of the keys to the pervasive interaction with the IoT. Our technique, for the first time, offers over (i) hundred-scale simultaneous 3D localization at (ii) sub-cm accuracy for over an (iii) hectometer distance. The performance practically applies to indoors and outdoors as well as under mobility.

Next-Generation Mobile Networking: Metasurface has recently emerged as an economic solution to expand mmWave coverage. However, their pervasive deployment remains a challenge, mainly due to the difficulty in achieving real-time NR-compatible wireless reconfiguration while maintaining multi-year battery life. We present the first intelligent metasurface that offers (i) real-time reconfiguration, (ii) compliance with the NR standard, and (iii) micropower operation 2.1-year lifetime on an AA battery.

Battery-free AI of Things: Despite the potential of vision-based monitoring, data leakage concerns hinder its wide deployment in personal spaces. Besides, continuous and pervasive monitoring without blind spots in complicated indoor spaces requires a scalable system. We design vision-based end-to-end action recognition framework that (i) intrinsically achieves data anonymity from the



sensing stage and (ii) battery-free operation for blind spot-free continuous monitoring.

Recommended courses & Career after graduation

Computer networks, network programming, system programming, probability theory, wireless communication, and signal processing would be helpful (not required). You will have both top quality publications and rich experience in system implementation, offering freedom in career path: From academia and research labs to industry.

Introduction to other activities besides research

International trips to top conferences, frequent get-together parties, and more. Any new suggestions are welcome. We are open to all kinds of new and fun activities! We value the relationship among members. As an academic family, we should be the strongest supporter for each other throughout the career.

Introduction to the Lab.

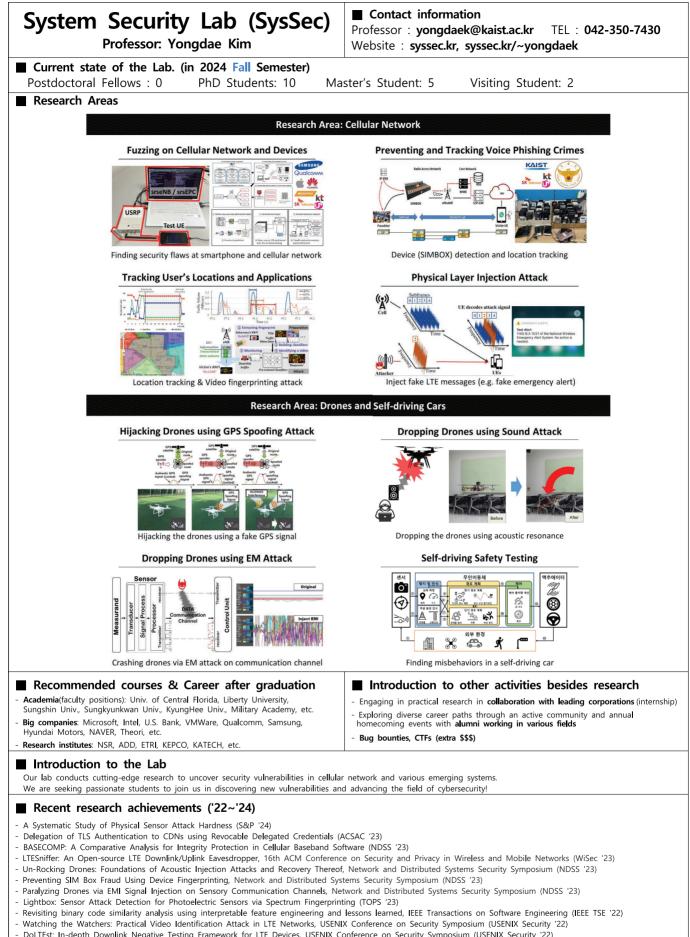
We are recruiting in the areas of (i) wireless networks and communication (ii) RF systems (iii) A.I. on edge devices! Please contact us if you are passionate in one or more of these areas.

Our research is about innovation and practicality. We enjoy creative and interesting designs and seeing it work in practice through hands-on implementation on everyday devices, such as smartphones and wearables. Our ideas lie in the intersection of networking, communications, and signal/data processing. We share our excitement with the world by publishing in top conferences. SMILE lab is looking for enthusiastic students to join our journey! If interested, please do not hesitate to contact Prof. Kim at songmin@kaist.ac.kr

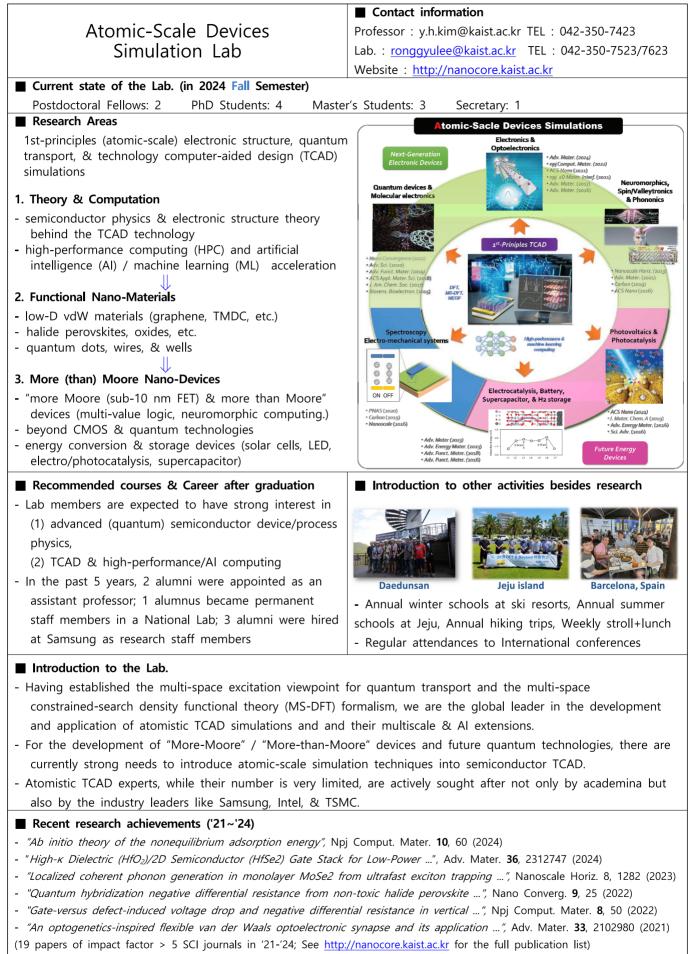
Recent research achievements (2018-2024)

Many top conference and premier journal papers: MobiCom, SenSys, MobiSys, ICDCS, INFOCOM, NSDI, TON, TCOMM, TMC, and TOSN. Most students have published top conference papers within the first two years after joining, thanks to their hard-work. The students were nominated MobiSys'24 Best Paper Award (3/263), following their previous work selected as MobiSys'22 Best Paper Award (2/176) -- selected as SIGMOBILE Research Highlight, the first in the world to win multiple Best Paper Awards at three major conferences in mobile/wireless networks as the first authors. Another student was nominated ICDCS'18 Best Paper Award (1/378). For details and videos please visit https://smile.kaist.ac.kr

<Professor Yongdae Kim's Lab.>



<Professor Yong-Hoon Kim's Lab.>



- Samsung Next Generation ICT Project (2020-2023, <u>http://samsungstf.org</u>) & many other awards on group members.

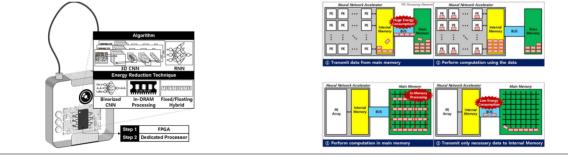
〈Professor Lee-Sup Kim's Lab.〉

	Contact information				
Multimedia VLSI	Professor	Email: leesup@kaist.ac.kr	Tel: 042-350-3460		
Multimedia VLSI Laboratory	LAb.	Email: yunki.han@kaist.ac.kr	Tel: 042-351-9854		
	Website	http://mvlsi.kaist.ac.kr			
Current state of the Lab. (in 2024 Fall Semester)					
Postdoctoral Fellows : 0 PhD Students: 1 Master's Student: 3					
Research Areas					
[Deep Learning & Neural Network Processor Design]					
Deep learning algorithm is getting a huge attention recently. GPUs are widely used to run neural networks, but it					
is not appropriate to be integrated in mobile devices like smartphones, wearable devices, and drones because of its					

low energy-efficiency. We focuses on the design and implementation of a dedicated neural network processor in a both high-performance and energy-efficient way. To this end, researches on the datapath and memory architecture optimized for neural network, a flexible hardware architecture to handle a wide variety of neural network models, and hardware-friendly neural network algorithm are being performed. Finally, a neural network processor chip based on our ideas is designed, fabricated, and tested. We are performing state-of-the-art researches at the most recognized conference.

[Processing in-Memory for Deep Learning]

The conventional Von-Neumann architecture severely suffers from memory bottleneck issue in processing memory-dominant deep learning algorithms since massive amount of data should be transferred through the narrow bus from the main memory to the processor. Meanwhile, processing in-memory (PIM) technique which obeys Non-Von Neumann architecture processes data in the memory and transfers only necessary data to the processor, reducing the energy cost of memory transfers. Therefore, processing in-memory paradigm is the key direction and the next generation platform for efficient processing of large-scale deep neural networks.



Recommended courses & Career after graduation

▷ <u>Recommended courses</u>: Digital System, Computer Architecture, Digital Integrated Circuit, Computer Vision, Courses related to Deep Learning & Neural Network

▷ <u>Career</u>: Semiconductor Industries and Institutes (Samsung, SK hynix, Qualcomm, NVIDIA, ETRI, etc.)

■ Introduction to other activities besides research

- ▷ Coffee break after lunch
- \triangleright Various hobbies with members
- > Sports like soccer, badminton, ping-pong and so on
- > Annual summer/winter field trips

Introduction to the Lab.

We perform a wide range of researches that covers whole SoC design parts including digital processors, memory architectures, and analog circuits. This is our own unique strength that you never see in other laboratories. Therefore, we have a great research environment to bring yourself to a brilliant processor engineer with a capability to design a whole processor system. Our members are encouraged to perform their own researches with freedom in a family-like atmosphere. As a result, we produce the state-of-the-art research performances with international conference and journal papers.

Recent research achievements ('22~'24)

[1] The most recognized journal: Yunki Han, Kangkyu Park, Youngbeom Jung, Lee-Sup Kim,

"EGCN: An efficient GCN accelerator for minimizing off-chip memory access", IEEE Transactions on Computers, 2022.

[2] <u>The most recognized conference:</u> Junkyum Kim, Myeonggu Kang, Yunki Han, Yang-Gon Kim, Lee-Sup Kim, "Optimstore: In-storage optimization of large scale dnns with on-die processing", IEEE International Symposium on High-Performance Computer Architecture, 2021.



■ Introduction to the Lab.

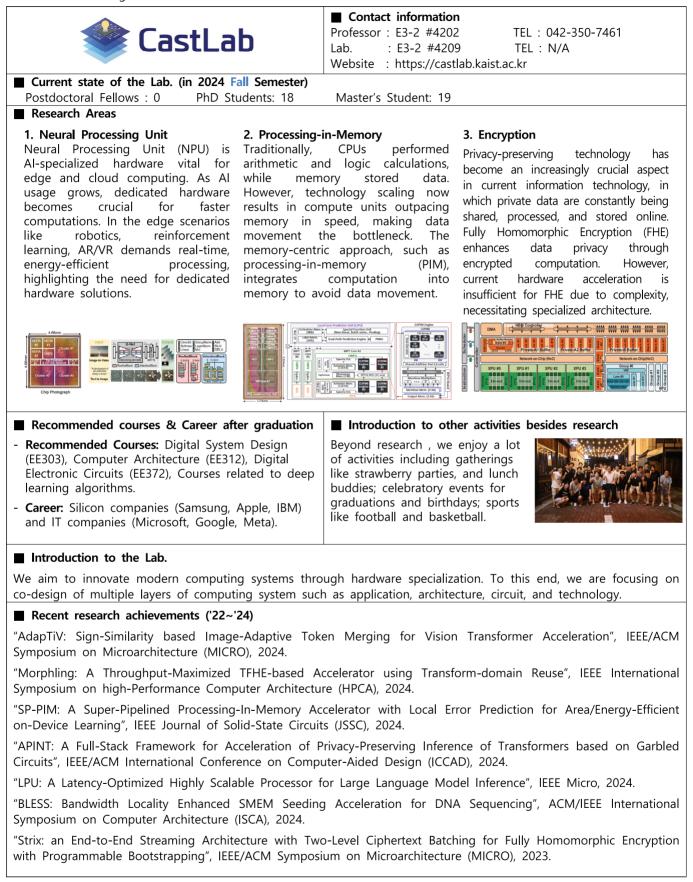
The TERA Lab aims to develop global talent, and many graduates have already entered the world's leading companies. The professor actively leads them to conduct creative research, and there is an atmosphere in which members of the lab can discuss freely. In the field of research, it deals with a lot of future-oriented and practical issues.

■ Recent research achievements ('22~'24)

[1] Best Paper Award, Seonguk Choi and et al, "Deep Reinforcement Learning-based Channel-flexible Equalization Scheme: An Application to High Bandwidth Memory" 2022 DesignCon

[2] Best Paper Award, Hyunwook Park and et al, "Scalable Transformer Network-based Reinforcement Learning Method for PSIJ Optimization in HBM" 2022 Electrical Performance of Electronic Packaging and Systems (EPEPS)

<Professor Joo-Young Kim's Lab.>



<Professor Junmo Kim's Lab.>

	Contact information
Statistical Inference and Information Theory Lab (SIIT	Professor : Junmo Kim TEL : 042-350-8088
	Lab. : N1 214 TEL : 042-350-8088
	Website : siit.kaist.ac.kr
Current state of the Lab. (in 2024 Fall Semester)	
	ter's Student: 6
Research Areas	Generative Models
 Generative Models(CVPRW22, CVPR23, WACV24, ECCV24) Trustworthy Al(CVPR23, ICCV23, AAAI24) Human Pose Estimation & Reconstruction (ICCV21, CVPR23 FG23, ICCVW23) 	Image: Constraint of the sector of the se
• Representation Learning (NeurIPS22, AAAI23, ICML24)	Truckyowskie Al
Object Detection (AAAI24)	
 Continual Learning (ECCV22) Depth Estimation (ICRA23, ICRA23, ICASSP24) Domain Adaptation/Generalization (ICRA22) 3D/4D vision 	Image: Section of the section of th
Augmentation Strategy	Multimodal Popresentation Learning
Natural Language Processing	Multimodal Representation Learning
In addition to the main research areas mentioned above, students are encouraged to explore and develop their own topics, with active collaboration across various research areas.	Image-text augmentation (NeurIPS 2022)
■ Recommended courses & Career after graduation	Introduction to other activities besides research
Recommended courses: AI & Computing course	• Birthday party(monthly)
Career after graduation	• MT, Various activities(movie, ping-pong,)
- Industry: LG AI Research, Hyundai Motors, Samsung Research, SAIT, NAVER CLOVA, LG Energy Solution etc.	
- Academia: Yonsei University, Ajou University, KNU, HBNU	
Introduction to the Lab.	
Students are encouraged to freely explore their environment, with access to high-performance GPU s addition to regular seminars, students form study gro sessions. Joint research projects with other labs professors. Furthermore, we encourage internships Microsoft, LG AI Research, NAVER, SAIT, and ETRI, he	systems to fully support their research activities. I oups to explore specific topics and hold short-terr are facilitated through partnerships with alumr at renowned research institutes such as Meta
■ Recent research achievements ('22~'24)	
2024: CVPR , ECCV 2, ICML 1, AAAI 3, WACV 2, ICAS	SSP 1, INTERSPEECH 1
2023: CVPR 3, ICCV 2, AAAI 1, ICRA 2, WACV 1, ICIP	
	-

2022: NeurIPS 1, ECCV 2, IROS 2, UAI 1, ICIP 2, CVPR 1, ICRA 1, WACV 1, ACSAC 1

<Professor Changick Kim's Lab.>

CILAB Current state of the Lab. (in Postdoctoral Fellows: 0	Computational Intelligence Laboratory n 2024 Fall Semester) PhD Students: 15 (full-time)	Professor : changick@kaist. Lab. : ksos104@kaist.ac.kr Website : https://cilabs.kais / 9 (part-time) Master	TEL: 042-350-7521
Research Areas	 Imperceptibly perturb input data, with the intent of misleading ML models into generating erroneous predictions. It can be applied to image or video models, and large language models (LLMs), and can also be executed cross-modally. 	Multimedia Forensics	 Uncovering signs of tampering or manipulation in digital images and videos. Detecting deepfakes and generative Al-created content to preserve media authenticity.
► Group activity recognition	 Analyzes individual, group, and crowd behaviors in wide-view panoramic videos. Identifying individual actions and the relationships between people. 	► Stereo Matching & 3D Ob	 ject Detection Predicting pseudo-lidar from stereo camera input. Detecting obstacle with 3D object detection to avoid collision.
► Multi-target multi-camera tra	 Track and identify multiple objects across the distributed multi-camera system. Wide applicability to surveillance and intelligent transportation systems. Career after graduation es related to computer vi- Depending on your area of 	applications such as wild Image segmentation Human face parsing & be Large Visual Language Mo Hallucination mitigation Image Generation Model (ody part segmentation. del (LVLM) Diffusion Model) ure, text-to-image generation vities besides research precede innovative research
interest, the courses of com processing can be helpful. The it would be better to get use deep learning. About career, and various industry-academi you can have great research adaptability.	puter graphics and signal ose are not mandatory but ed to computer vision and based on steady research c cooperation experiences,	feelings of empathy and correcharge our energy for reservery month to make good Also, on fine days, we go would like to see more please visit our homepage.	npassion for each other, and earch. We celebrate birthday d memories of our lab life on a picnic together. If you

Professor Kim has advised his students at KAIST since 2005 and serves as the head of the Center for Security Technology Research. The mission of the CI Lab. is to analyze computer vision systems and develop the systems for various applications. Our lab collaborates with many industries and institutions to perform innovative research work and has published our research in top-tier conferences and journals.

■ Recent research achievements ('21~'24)

- 17 top-conference papers (CVPR, ECCV, ICCV, and etc.)
- 10 international journals (TPAMI, IJCV, and etc.)

<Professor Hyun-Sik Kim's Lab.>



Electrical Engineering | KAIST

Contact information

Professor : hyunskim@kaist.ac.kr TEL : 042-350-7457 Lab. : (Chief Student) 3xcv01250@kaist.ac.kr Website : https://www.lCdesignLab.net/

Analog Circuit Design Techniques

Power Management IC

DC-DC Co

Display Driver & Imaging Sensors

Regulation + Isolation

Pixel Array

PSR-Boosting Circui

Current state of the Lab. (in 2024 Fall Semester)

Ph.D. Students : 13 Master's Student: 6

Research Areas

Our research group is focused on innovations in the CMOS integrated chip designs of analog IC, DDI, PMIC, ROIC, and CIS. And, ultimately we plan to build a complete system-on-a-chip solution by incorporating our knowledge in those fields.

□ Power Conversion and Management IC (PMIC)

- Switch-mode DC-DC power converter using inductive, capacitive, and hybrid techniques
- Fully-monolithic high-speed switching PMIC for modern SoCs
- Energy-harvesting interface circuit and system
- Fast-response high-PSR low-dropout (LDO) regulator
- Battery charger and management circuit

□ Display Driving Circuits and Systems

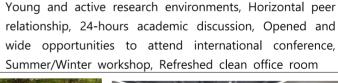
- High-resolution area-efficient digital-to-analog converter (DAC)
- OLED display driver with pixel-readout and active-compensation
- Low-power high-speed output driving buffer amplifier
- Fully-integrated system-on-wafer (SoW) for micro-LED displays
- Displays with touch-sensing functionality

□ Readout IC (ROIC) and Imaging Sensor

- Low-noise high-sensitivity readout circuit and system
- Ultra-high-speed time-delayed integration (TDI) image sensor
- Photon-counting detector for nuclear particles and X-ray

■ **Recommended courses :** Circuit Theory, Electronic Circuits, Analog Electronic Circuits, Analog Integrated Circuits, Power Electronics, Digital Circuits

■ Careers after graduation : Samsung, LG, SK-Hynix, Research Institute, Silicon-Valley, Academia, University



Introduction to our laboratory



Recent research achievements (2020~2024)

- Conference Presentations: (top) ISSCC 12편, (top-tier) VLSI Symposium 14편, (major) CICC 2편, (major) ESSCIRC 1편
- Journal Publication: IEEE JSSC 14편, IEEE TPEL 1편, IEEE TIE 1편, IEEE SSC-L 5편, IEEE SSC-M 1편
- Awards: 반도체설계대전 국무총리상, 삼성휴먼테크 은상(21) & 동상(22), 삼성디스플레이논문대회 금상(22) & 금상(21)

<Professor Hoirin Kim's Lab.>

	Contact information
ا تے تے تے	Professor : 2111, LG Innovation Hall (N24) TEL : 741
Statistical Speech &	Lab. : 2105, LG Innovation Hall (N24) TEL : 761
Sound Computing Lab.	Website : https://sites.google.com/site/kaistsssclab/
Current state of the Lab. (in 2024 Fall Semester)	
Postdoctoral Fellows : 1 PhD Students: 2 M	aster's Student: 4
Research Areas	"오늘 밤 주인공은 나야 나, 나야 나!"
SSSCLAB has been researching machine learning and	deep learning for speech (Decoded Word Sequence)
and sound signals. In recent years, with the advance of	smart devices & Al, our
research fields have attracted much interest day by day.	
Speech recognition is a technology that converts hum	an speech into words or
sentences. We are also studying speech synthesis technol	
generates a human-like voice from any text. They help h	WFST Search graph
computers or machines naturally.	
In addition, we have studied natural language pr	$\cdots, /t \int /, /j/, /u/, /u/, /u/, < null>, \cdots$
	(Acoustic model output :
modeling to complement the syntactic consistency of	
speaker recognition to recognize the user's identity. We	
conversion technology that mimics a specific speaker's vo	
There are many interesting researches such as sp	
restores noisy speech to clean, wake-up word detection	(ex. Hey Sill, OK GOOGIE),
voice activity detection, speaker diarization, acoustic even	LSTM Acoustic Model
Current Research Projects	(Input : Acoustic frame)
Research on Unified Interactive Learning Schemes	of End-to-End Speech
Recognition and Synthesis based on Deep Learn	ing of Speech Chain
Mechanism	Spectrogram (Fourier analysis)
Development of Voicephishing Prevention Technology	Based on Speech and
Text Deep Learning	*** *********************************
Development of Speech Technology for Machine	Learning Diagnosis of Waveform
Cognitive-Affective Disorder Patients	
Recommended courses & Career after graduation	Introduction to other activities besides research
- Recommended : Signals and Systems, Digital Signal	Through summer MT, welcome party, year-end party
Processing, Probability and Random Processes, Linear	and homecoming day, we promote friendship among
Algebra, Information Theory, ML or DL related course.	students. In addition, we encourage attendance a
- Alumni have been entering IT companies, research	domestic/international conferences in related fields, so
institutes, or universities. (Samsung Electronics, Samsung	that students can get various research experiences.
Research, LG Electronics, etc.)	that students can get various research experiences.
■ Introduction to the Lab.	
	s projects related to speech and sound signal processing
	ent academic research results. Also, we provide stable and
strong financial support and a comfortable research env	vironment so that students can continue their studies and
research activities. SSSCLAB has produced out 13 Ph.D. a	nd 31 Master graduates for 23 years.
Recent research achievements ('23~'24)	
[1] Kangwook Jang, et al., "STaR: Distilling Speech Tempo	ral Relation for Lightweight Speech Self-Supervised
Learning Models" ICASSP 2024. (Best Student Paper A	
[2] Jisub Um, et al., "Utilizing Adaptive Global Response I	
Zero-Shot Voice Conversion" Interspeech2024,	
[3] Myunghun Jung, <i>et al.,</i> "AdaMS: Deep Metric Learning	with Adaptive Margin and Adaptive Scale for Acoustic
ies, anglian sang, et al, ridamo. Deep metre tearning	

Word Discrimination" Interspeech2023.



Contact information

Professor : Bldg. E3-2 Room 4204 TEL : 042-350-7433 Lab. : Bldg. E3-2 Room 4210 Website : http://psrl.kaist.ac.kr

TEL: 042-350-7633

Current state of the Lab. (in 2024 Fall Semester)

PhD Students: 13 Master's Student: 7

Research Areas

Our research is centered around photonic systems and related technologies, including free-space optical communications, high-capacity fiber-optic transmission systems, optical access networks, and lightwave subsystems.

High-speed free-space optical transmission system



In an era of expanding commercial satellite networks and frequent satellite launches, it is expected that we will soon reach a point of radio frequency (RF) saturation. Furthermore, there's a growing need for instant, large-scale data transfer from satellites to ground stations, which existing RF communications struggle to meet. To address these challenges, laser optical communication emerges as a transformative solution. By harnessing light in the hundreds of terahertz range, laser optical communication enables high-speed signal transmission with

minimal losses, distinguishing it from RF systems. It can achieve data transmission rates of over tens of gigabits per second, making it a promising option for space communication. Our research focuses on leveraging free-space optical communication technology for various applications.

Transmission technologies for 6G

Recommended courses & Career after graduation

(EE441),

Optical networks form the backbone of our communication systems. To enable the next generation (6G) mobile communication services, the optical network must evolve into a low-delay, high-speed network, with speeds reaching up to tens of terabits per second. Our research is focused on investigating various cost-effective technologies to achieve this goal.

Introduction

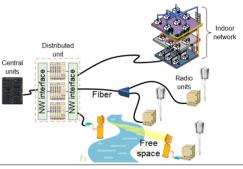
to

Recommended courses include Introduction to Optical

Engineering (EE352), and Digital Signal Processing (EE432).

Potential career paths after graduation include national

research institutes, major companies, and academia.



Introduction other activities besides to research

- Every spring, we have our annual strawberry party and homecoming event.
- We plan to have a regular sports day with other lab members in KAIST working on photonics.

Introduction to our Lab.

Communication

Welcome to the Photonics Systems Research Lab, founded in 2014 and led by Prof. Hoon Kim. Prof. Kim has accumulated 22 years of experience in photonics systems, with a career that has included positions at renowned organizations like Bell Labs, Lucent Technologies., Samsung Electronics, and National University of Singapore. Our main focus lies in exploring the fundamental limits of various photonics systems and developing practical implementation methods. Prof. Kim currently serves as the Editor of Optics Communications and the Senior Editor of IEEE Photonics Technology Letters.

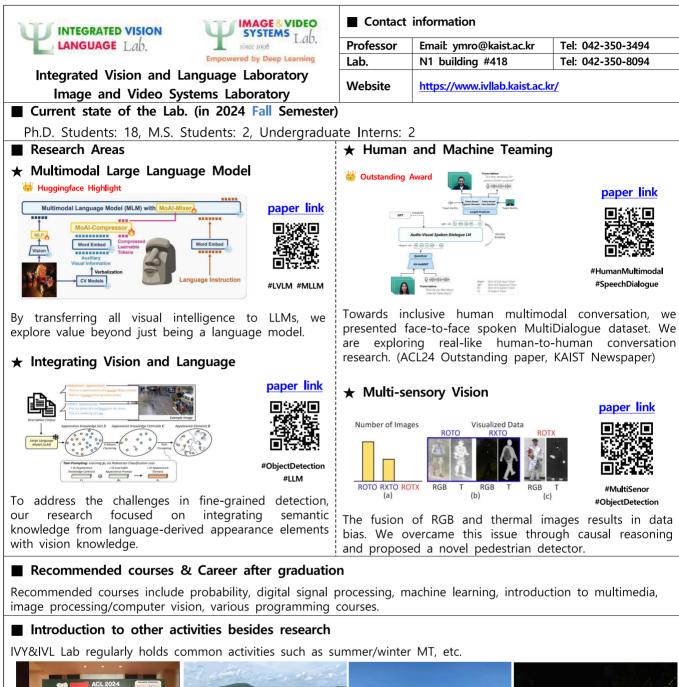
Optical

We actively engage in academic exchanges with international research institutes and universities. We also participate in prominent international conferences such as OFC and OECC.

■ Recent research achievements ('22~'24)

- International journal publications : 17, International conference presentations: 19.
- Best Student Paper Awards : Photonics Conference 2021, 2022, COOC2022, SPPCom 2024.

<Professor Yong Man Ro>





Introduction to the Lab.

IVY&IVL Lab is currently focusing on large language model (LLM)-related multimodal LLM that integrates vision and language. We are trying to bridge the knowledge gap between vision and language for building unified frameworks. The Lab members help/encourage each other research in an autonomous atmosphere with stable support. We are seeking highly-motivated students who have a desire to go towards world-class research institutes in our interesting research field.



Research achievements

In the recent 3 years (2022-2024), more 40 Al top tier conferences (CVPR, ICCV, ECCV, NeurIPS, ACL, EMNLP, etc) have been published. So far, We have published 156 SCI journal papers (SCI-indexed, referee peered), 363 International conference papers.



Recent research achievements ('23~'24)

[1] Charlie Tahar, "TID-Tolerant StrongARM Comparator and Sampling Network for Satellite Application High-Voltage ADCs", IEEE ASSCC, 2024.

[2] Bo Gao, "A 28nm CMOS 12-bit-600-MS/s 15.6mW Pipelined ADC with Two-Stage Gainboosting FIA-based RA", IEEE ASSCC, 2024. [3] Lizhen Zhang, "A 5x OSR 1MHz-BW 81dB-SNDR 5th-Order Noise-Shaping SAR ADC with Zero-Optimized 3rd-Order Integrator", IEEE ASSCC, 2024.

[4] Kent Edrian Lozada*, Dong-Hun Lee*, "A 25kHz-BW 97.4dB-SNDR SAR-Assisted Continuous-Time 1-0 MASH Delta-Sigma Modulator with Digital Noise Coupling", IEEE JSSC, 2024.

[5] Yedam Kim, "A 100kHz-BW 99dB-DR Continuous-Time Tracking-Zoom Incremental ADC with Residue-Gain Switching and Digital NC-FF", IEEE VLSI, 2024.

[6] Kent Edrian Lozada, "A 0.38mW 200kHz-BW 92.1dB-DR Single-Opamp 4th-order Continuous-Time Delta-Sigma Modulator with 3rd-order Noise Coupling", IEEE VLSI, 2024.

[7] Jae-Hyun Chung, "A 1.5-MHz BW 81.2-dB SNDR Dual-Residue Pipeline ADC With a Fully Dynamic Noise-Shaping Interpolating-SAR ADC ...", IEEE JSSC, 2024.

[8] Jae-Hyun Chung, "An 81.2dB-SNDR Dual-Residue Pipeline ADC with a 2nd-Order Noise-Shaping Interpolating SAR ADC," IEEE CICC, 2023.

[9] Chang-Un Park, "A 12-bit 1GS/s Current-Steering DAC with Paired Current Source Switching Background Mismatch Calibration," IEEE CICC, 2023.

<Professor Hyun Myung's Lab.>

	Contact information
	Professor : Hyun Myung TEL : 042-350-7451
	Lab. : Urban Robotics Lab TEL : 042-350-7551
	Website : https://urobot.kaist.ac.kr/
Current state of the Lab. (in 2024 Fall Semester)	
Postdoctoral Fellows : 2 PhD Students: 33 M	aster's Student: 12
Research Areas	
Autonomous robot navigation (SLAM, self-driving car, m	obile • Intelligent robots
robot, legged robot, drone, etc.) • Monitoring & inspection for smart cities	
Spatial artificial intelligence & Machine learning	Swarm robots
Recommended courses & Career after graduation	Introduction to other activities besides research
Recommended courses: EE381, EE581, EE585	Summer/winter workshop
• Career after graduation: Robotic researcher for gov.	• Lab tour
research institutes, industries (Samsung Elec., Hyundai	Strawberry party
Motor Company, Naver labs, etc.); Professor in academia	
Introduction to the Lab.	

Our lab focuses on the research and development of robotics technologies for smart cities. The research fields include autonomous robot navigation, spatial AI, machine learning, monitoring, inspection, control, and rehabilitation for smart cities and civil infrastructures. We also deal with big data informatics supporting sensing, analysis, and design activities needed to construct and operate smart and sustainable built environments.



Recent research achievements ('22~'24)

• Published Journal/Conference Papers

2024 (published paper: 13)

Hyungtae Lim, Beomsoo Kim, Daebeom Kim, Eungchang Mason Lee, and Hyun Myung[†], "Quatro++: Robust Global Registration Exploiting Ground Segmentation for Loop Closing in LiDAR SLAM," *International Journal of Robotics Research*, vol.43, no.5, pp.685-715, Apr. 2024.

Changki Sung, Wanhee Kim, Jungho An, WooJu Lee, Hyungtae Lim, and Hyun Myung[†], "Contextrast: Contextual Contrastive Learning for Semantic Segmentation," in Proc. The I*EEE/CVF Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition (CVPR 2024)*, Seattle, USA, Jun. 2024.

Wooju Lee, Dasol Hong, Hyungtae Lim[†], and Hyun Myung[†], "Object-Aware Domain Generalization for Object Detection," in Proc. AAAI Conference on Artificial Intelligence (AAAI 2024), Vancouver, Canada, Feb. 2024.

2023 (published paper: 32)

Hyungtae Lim, Lucas Nunes, Benedikt Mersch, Xieyuanli Chen, Jens Behley, Hyun Myung[†], and Cyrill Stachniss, "ERASOR2: Instance-Aware Robust 3D Mapping of the Static World in Dynamic Scenes," in Proc. *Robotics: Science and Systems (RSS 2023)*, Daegu, Korea, Jul. 2023.

I Made Aswin Nahrendra, Byeongho Yu, and Hyun Myung[†], "DreamWaQ: Learning Robust Quadrupedal Locomotion With Implicit Terrain Imagination via Deep Reinforcement Learning," in Proc. *IEEE Int'l Conf. on Robotics and Automation (ICRA)*, pp. 5078-5084, London, UK, May 2023.

2022 (published paper: 49)

Hyunjun Lim, Jinwoo Jeon, Hyun Myung[†], "UV-SLAM: Unconstrained Line-Based SLAM Using Vanishing Points for Structural Mapping," in Proc. *IEEE Int'l Conf. on Robotics and Automation (ICRA)*, pp. 1518-1525, Philadelphia, USA, May 2022.

Wooju Lee, Hyun Myung[†], "Adversarial Attack for Asynchronous Event-based Data," in Proc. The 36th AAAI Conference on Artificial Intelligence (AAAI 2022), pp. 1237-1244, Virtual, Jun. 2022.

Awards

First place at Quadruped Robot Challenge (QRC) hosted at the 2023 IEEE Conference on Robotics and Automation (ICRA), London, UK.

First place overall in LiDAR session & first place in academia (second place overall) in the vision-only session at HILTI SLAM Challenge 2023 held at 2023 IEEE International Conference on Robotics and Automation (ICRA), London, UK

The only one to complete the entire course and win a prize in the autonomous flight technology contest hosted by the Defense Acquisition Program Administration and Daejeon City, sponsored by the Agency for Defense Development and Daejeon Techno Park, 2023. <Professor Gun-Woo Moon's Lab.>



Contact information

Professor : gwmoon@kaist.ac.kr TEL : 042-350-3475 Lab. : dmdm0402@kaist.ac.kr Website : http://kpel.kaist.ac.kr

TEL: 042-350-8075

Current state of the Lab. (in 2024 Fall Semester)

Postdoctoral Fellows : 0

Master's Student: 4

Research Areas

Electrical Vehicle Charger

Electrical vehicles essentially have rechargeable batteries that can be fully charged by connecting the vehicle plug to and external electric power source. Therefore, battery charger is one of the key components of EV.

PhD Students: 7

Power Supply for Data Center

Data center is increasing rapidly due to the extension of internet. Accordingly, power consumptions of data center is rising as a global issue. Therefore, this research proposes new technologies to obtain high efficiency and high power density of data center.

Battery Management System with Cell Balancing Circuit

As the number of charging and discharging periods increase, the unbalanced cells are faced to the limit with the use of the battery power. Therefore, the cell balancing circuit is required to prevent the unbalance between the cell.

Wireless Power Transfer System

Wireless Power Charging System for large-capacity battery in electrical vehicles, and dual-band wireless power architecture for multiple load conditions.

Recommended courses & Career after graduation

Recommended courses : Circuit theory, Electronics circuits, Control system, Power electronics systems, Electro-magnetics Career after graduation: Professors, Research institute (ADD, KARI, KERI, KRRI, KISTI, etc.), Industry (Samsung Electronics, Hyundai Motors, Intel, Apple, etc.)

Introduction to the Lab.

KPEL is leading world-class power electronics researches. Main research area contains power supply for data center, charging system for electrical vehicle, wireless power transfer system, battery management systems. KPEL is contributing domestic company's sales with technical transfer by linking with industry. KPEL published 209 SCI journals, 304 international conferences, and 206 patents.



■ Recent research achievements ('22~'24)

International Journal (Total 16)

2024 : 8. (IEEE Trans. Power Electronics [I.F : 6.6] / IEEE Trans. Industrial Electronics [I.F : 7.5]) 2023 : 6. (IEEE Trans. Power Electronics [I.F : 6.6] / IEEE Trans. Industrial Electronics [I.F : 9.6]) 2022 : 2. (IEEE Trans. Power Electronics [I.F : 6.3] / IEEE Trans. Industrial Electronics [I.F : 7.5]) International Conference (Total 13) 2022-2024 : 13. (ECCE Asia - Japan / ECCE Asia - Korea / ECCE Asia - China) Award

[1] "Highlighted Paper", IEEE Transactions on Power Electronics

[2] Human Tech Paper Award (Samsung Electronics)

- [3] Outstanding Presentation Award, IEEE APEC
- [4] Korea Power Electronics Conference : 4 Best Paper







Wireless Power Transfer

Introduction to other activities besides research

Workshop : Summer and Winter workshop.

Etc. : Year-end party and Home coming day.

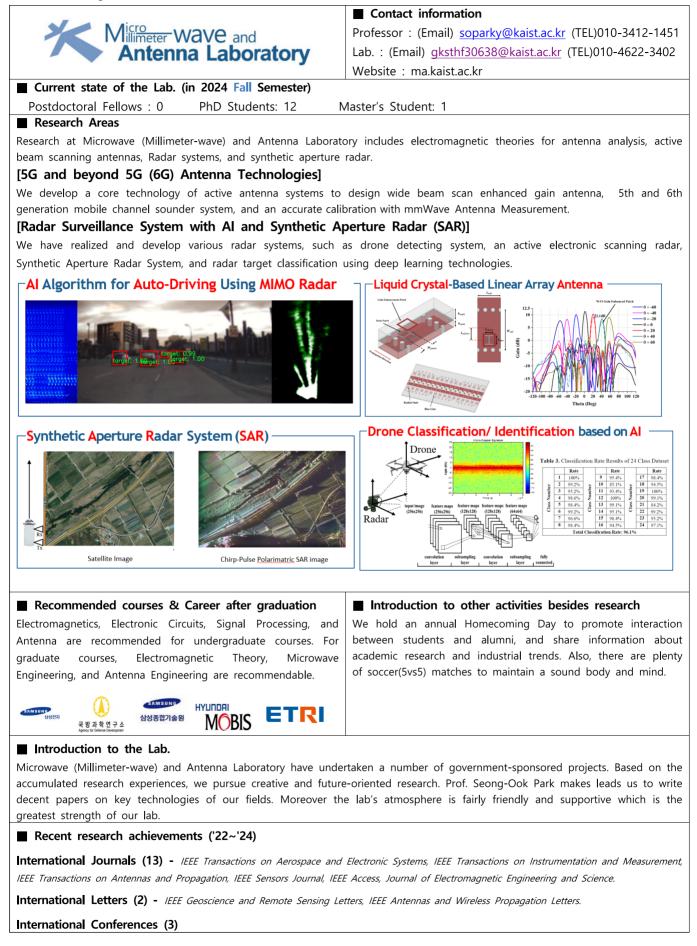
Exercise Activity : Soccer, Futsal, Basket ball, Foot volleyball,

<Professor Jaekyun (Jae) Moon's Lab.>

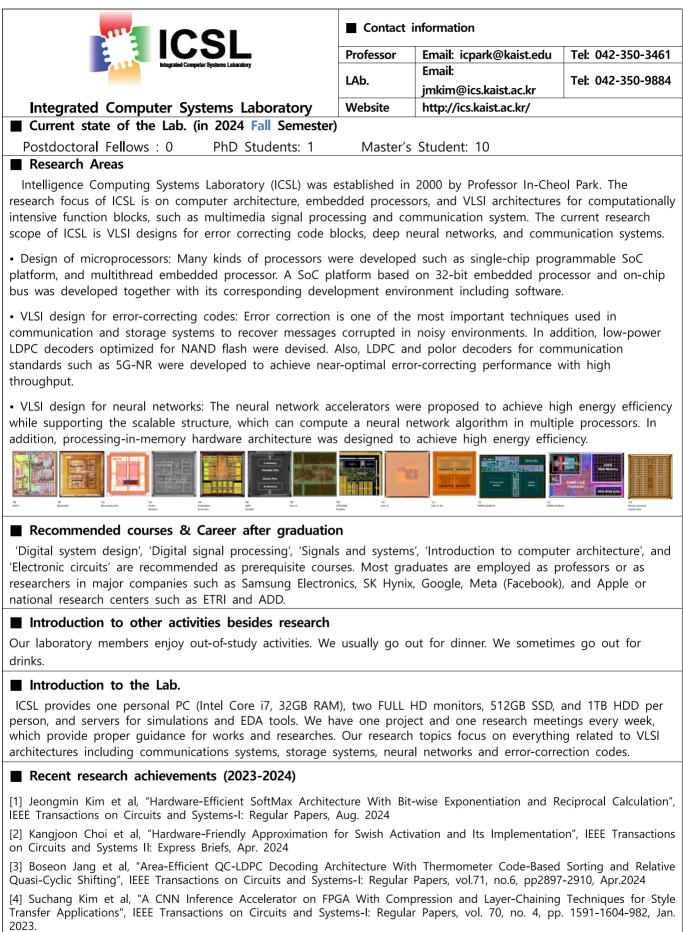
	Contact formation
MoonLab Distributed & Robust Machine Learning Lab	Professor : Jaekyun (Jae) Moon TEL : 010-3596-3487 Lab. : N1 617
■ Current state of the Lab. (in 2024 Fall Seme	ster)
Postdoctoral Fellows : 0 PhD Students:	7 Master's Student: 0
Research Areas	
We work on distributed/federated machine learning, robust AI and practical AI systems.	resource-efficient AI, addressing all key issues in the deployment of
Distributed/Federated Learning [1-3]	
 Federated learning (FL) is a distributed learning framework which enables collabore without sharing their data. We focus on reducing communication costs in FL by e Strategy. In practical FL,trained FL models should work well on unseen target domains.We the model with a domain generalization capability 	employing the concept of Evolutionary
► Handling Out-of-Distribution Data [4-5]	Source domain 1 Source domain 2 Source domain 3 (see. 32)
 Current out-of-distribution machine learning algorithms are vulnerable to data. We robustly on arbitrary test domains. Model calibration is the technique of aligning a model's predicted probabilities wit classes, making its prediction more reliable. We focus on improving model calibration 	h the true probabilities of the target
Resource and Data Efficient AI [6-9]	en en
 Handling the substantial communication burden in federated learning (FL) remains achieving lossless gradient sparsification for communication-efficient FL Class-incremental few-shot learning (CIFSL) aims to continuously train a single morprovided with only a few data. We focus on addressing the issues of forgetting 	odel, where new sets of classes are ${ m Fig2.}$ Weight space rotation algorithm
Robust Al against Adversarial Attacks [10-11]	°-∎ _⊥ ∎ _⊥ ∎ _⊥ ∎ _⊥ ∎⊥∎⊥∎-⊪∝
 Adversarial examples can distort the model prediction, resulting in performar multi-exit networks robust against adversarial attacks for reliable AI systems Malicious clients in FL can disrupt the proper FL training and significantly degra training process of FL. We propose a robust FL method that can mitigate the in 	de performance by interfering with the
	Fig3. Multi-exit network architecture
Recommended courses & Career after graduation	Introduction to other activities besides research
Classes that strength backgrounds on mathematics and probabilities/statistics are desired. Graduates pursue career in research and R&D at numerous domestic and overseas companies and institutions.	Horizontal, non-hierarchical relationships are valued among lab members. Strong emphasis is placed on quality of life. Environments are maintained. where free discussions and stimulating interactions are encouraged. Regular meals, picnics and MTs with all members participating add spices ot life at MoonLab.
■ Introduction to the Lab.	
Moon Lab pursues math-oriented research but also seeks to have imp Professor and may also change the course of research along the way.	pacts on applications. Students chooses topics after much discussions with
Recent research achievements ('22~'24)	
 M. M. Rahimi, H. I. Bhatti, Y. Park, H. Kousarand J. Moon, "EvoFed: Leveraging Evolutional Processing Systems (NeurIPS), Dec. 2023. DJ. Han, DY. Kim, M. Choi, C. G. Brinton and J. Moon, "SplitGP: Achieving Both General Communications (INFOCOM), May 2023. W. Choi, J. Park, DJ. Han, Y. Park and J. Moon, "Consistency-Guided Temperature Scaling 	ilization and Personalization in Federated Learning," IEEE International Conference on Computer
	es in Domain Generalization," International Conference on Machine Learning (ICML), July 2023. Alternative Space in Federated Learning" International Conference on Machine Learning (ICML), July 2024 Multi-Exit Neural Networks via Block-Dependent Losses," IEEE Transactions on Neural Networks

and Learning Systems (TNNLS), 2023. [8] Y. Park, S. Kim, W. Choi, D.-J. Han and J. Moon, "Active Learning for Object Detection with Evidential Deep Learning and Hierarchical Uncertainty Aggregation," International Conference on Learning Representations (ICLR), May 2023.

[9] D.-Y. Kim, D.-J. Han, J. Seoand J. Moon, "Warping the Space: Weight Space Rotation for Class-Incremental Few-Shot Learning," International Conference on Learning Representations (ICLR), May 2023.
 [10] S. Han, J. Park, D.-J. Han, J. Moon, "NEO-KD: Knowledge-Distillation-Based Adversarial Training for Robust Multi-Exit Neural Networks," Neural Information Processing Systems (NeurIPS), Dec. 2023.
 [11] J. Sohn, L. Shang, H. Chen, J. Moon, D. Papailiopoulosand K. Lee, "GenLabel: MixupRelabeling using Generative Models," International Conference on Machine Learning (ICML), July 2022.



〈Professor In-Cheol Park's Lab〉



Laboratory for Information	Contact i	nformation	
LIT Laboratory for Information Transmission	Professor	email: hcpark@kaist.ac.kr	Tel: 042-350-7420
	Laboratory	email: robco@kaist.ac.kr	Tel: 042-350-7520
Laboratory for Information Transmission	Website	http://lit.kaist.ac.kr	
Current state of the Lab. (in 2024 Fall S	emester)	1	
Postdoctoral Fellows: 1 PhD Studer	nts: 10	Master's Student: 3	
Research Areas			
In Laboratory for Information Transmission (LIT), transmission technologies in modern wireless co analysis and development of 5G and beyond 5G n as the Research Laboratory of Beyond 5G (B5G) m Samsung Network Innovation Center. Detailed resea	mmunication sy nobile communic nobile communic	stems. Especially, extensive resear ation technologies are performed. ation supported by the Ministry of	ches on performance LIT has been selected

- Massive MIMO

Massive multiple input multiple output (MIMO) is a technology that increases the transmission speed and reliability of wireless communication by using several tens or hundreds antennas in base stations. Our research topics are power-efficient and intelligent transmission/reception schemes of massive MIMO system.

- Machine learning based wireless communication

Adopting unsupervised machine learning and deep reinforcement learning in wireless communication systems, we are solving problems that are not easy with conventional methods, or improving the performance.

- Integrated sensing and communication (ISAC) system
- Beamforming scheme at mmWave and terahertz bands
- Meta/transfer learning for NAND flash memory system
- Multimodal learning for sensing and channel estimation

Currently, ongoing research projects include "Development on The Disruptive Technologies for Beyond 5G Mobile Communications Employing New Resources", "Massive MIMO Systems with Multi-numerology", "Machine Learning-based NAND Flash Memory Management Scheme", "Development of Intelligent THz beamforming technology realizing 6G mobile communications", "Development of Key Technologies for the Integration of AI, Communication, and Sensing for Future Mobility Services", "6G-Cloud Research and Education Open Hub".

Recommended courses: Signal and systems, Probability and random processes, Communication engineering

Career after graduation: The LIT has produced 24 Ph.Ds and 41 Masters, and the alumni have been active in various fields in research institutes such as the Agency for Defense Development (ADD) and Electronics and Telecommunications Research Institute (ETRI), companies such as Samsung Electronics and LG Electronics, schools, and government agencies.

■ Introduction to other activities besides research

The LIT has two workshops in winter and summer every year, celebrates the birthdays of individual students and makes friendships among professor and students. The lab. members interact with alumni every year through homecoming day, and the alumni share their experiences in various cases such as careers and researches.

Introduction to the Lab.

The LIT has a vision becoming world class communication laboratory. We aim to establish basic research and development of core technologies in information theory, signal processing and communication, and to perform researches for advanced theoretical topics as well as practical issues. By doing so, we obtain creative and practical skills necessary for the development of communications, and become high-quality engineer who will play a key role in the field of communications industry and academia.

LIT members are helping to unleash their passion and abilities by creating a comfortable and enjoyable research environment.

Recent research achievements (2022-2024)

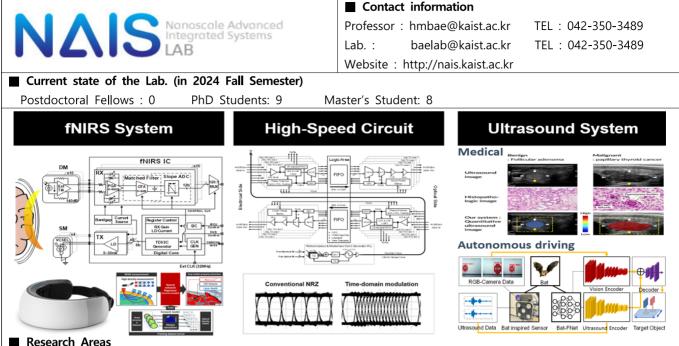
Publications: 13 International Journals, 6 International Conferences

Awards: Awards: The 28th SAMSUNG Human Tech Paper Award (1 Bronze prize and 1 Encouragement prize), outstanding researcher in the 2022 Ph.D. program of KAIST EE, 2023 Hyung-Gyu Lim LINKGENESIS Best-Teacher Award Grand Prize.

〈Professor Joonwoo Bae〉

			t information	
	QIT@KAIST	Professor	Email: joonwoo.bae@kaist.ac.kr	Tel: 7446
	Quantum Information Theory Lab	Lab.	E3-2 3215, 3216	Tel: 7646
	/	Website	https://sites.google.com/view/qit	kaist/home
	tate of the Lab. (in 2024 Fall Semest			
	ral Fellows : 6 PhD Students: 10		er's Student: 5	
	Areas : Quantum Information Theory - Fu		••	
	ng on fundamental problems in quantum		•	n processin
	undamental level and to break the limits	,	5	
•	rotocols : Quantum protocols can realize			
-	nce channel capacities, and open monog	-	Allee	Charl
	ory. Quantum protocols are based on	resources, ei	ntanglement, Resource Channel I or Char	nnel II
•	ring, and non-local probabilities.			
- Quantum Co	omputing (Algorithms and Hardware Inter	face):	Bob	Dave
Quantum dyn	namics is special in that it is restricted	to linear and		
invertible tra	nsformations, allowing exponential incr	ease of the		¥∥∎ ⁼
dimension. Th	his defines non-standard computation b	ased on the		
laws of quant	tum mechanics and solve hard problems	appearing i		
cryptographic	applications. We develop quantum alc	gorithms tha		
are better fi	itted with current quantum technologie	es, and also	Collective 228 L3	
devote our ef	forts to deal quantum noise.		$\leq \operatorname{tr}[W^{(+)}\sigma_{\operatorname{sep}}] $	$W^{(-)}$
- Entangleme	nt Theory : Entanglement is a resource	in quantun	n information	ep/SU(A)
processing. V	Ve are interested in the verification o	of entangled	states, their w ENT	7 p 7
structure, and	d the usefulness. We apply various	mathematio	cal tools to	$\sqrt{\frac{\tau}{2}}$
characterize a	nd prove entanglement properties.		SEP	1
			$W^{(+)} \qquad \qquad 0 \le \operatorname{tr}[W^{'}]$	$^{-)}\sigma_{\mathrm{sep}}]$
Recomme	ended courses & Career after graduat	tion		
Courses: Basic	s of quantum information and quantum o	computing. [Spring: EE480,EE488 / Fall: EE547,QU5	513,EE807]
All careers rel	lated with quantum ICT are open for futu	ire positions,	academic jobs, business, and related	companies
Introducti	ion to other activities besides researc	h		
_			alound and for success visits on further	F
	international. There are postdoctoral rese Ne enjoy going out to eat. We will disco		•	Europe, Asia
	ion to the Lab.			
	ormation Theory (QIT) studies how info		-	
	capabilities of quantum systems in info			
• •	t of view. We're interested in feasible qu			
and theoretica	al tools to solve problems. We interact wi	ith computer	scientists, mathematicians, and phys	ICISTS.
	esearch achievements (2022-2024)			
[1] Feature I	Map for Quantum Data in Classification nal Conference on Quantum Communication	on, Hyeokjea	a Kwon, Hojun Lee and Joonwoo ing and Computing (OCNC) pp. 41	Bae, 202
	Entanglement-Generating Circuits in Clo			

- [2] Detecting Entanglement-Generating Circuits in Cloud-Based Quantum Computing, Jiheon Seong and Joonwoo Bae, spj Intelligent Computing 2 0051 (2023)
- [3] Entanglement witness measurement of time-bin two-qubit states using fiber based Franson interferometers, Hwang K, Seong J, Park K, Kim J, Pramanik T, Bae J and Shin H, Frontiers in Physics 11 1254044 (2023)
- [4] Contextual advantages and Certification for Maximum Confidence Discrimination, K. Flatt, et. al., PRX Quantum 3 030307 (2022).
- [5] Quantum vs. Noncontextual Semi-Device-Independent Randomness Certification, C. Roch i Carceller et. al., Physical Review Letters 129 050501 (2022).
- [6] Measurement crosstalk errors in cloud-based quantum computing, Seungchan Seo and Joonwoo Bae, IEEE Internet Computing Vol 26 Issue 1 page 26-33 (2022).



Rescuren Areas

At NAIS lab, we engage in a wide range of research regarding various application fields based on high-speed communication integration circuit technology. As the research topics take system-wide approach, students will be able to experience and accumulate broad spectrum of knowledge during the process of completing the research. The objective of all research performed at NAIS lab is to implement and commercialize innovative systems through disruptive technology. NAIS lab encourages students to experience venture ecosystem by getting involved in establishing ventures based on the research performed during the graduate school years. OBELAB and Poin2Tech are start-ups that were established, based on the research conducted during the graduate school years at NAIS lab. Alumnis are strongly involved in those companies.

Recommended courses & Career after graduation	Introduction to other activities besides research
One of the most important virtue at NAIS lab is	We like to explore famous restaurants around Daejeon.
'craftsmanship'. For this, NAIS lab focuses on research	Lab members are also active in physical activities.
and development involving communication circuits, and	
it is recommended that students take courses in circuit,	
digital, and communication-related subjects. Graduates	
of NAIS lab pursue careers both in industry and	
academia. They seek to enhance the degree of	
completion of their own research at NAIS lab.	

Introduction to the Lab.

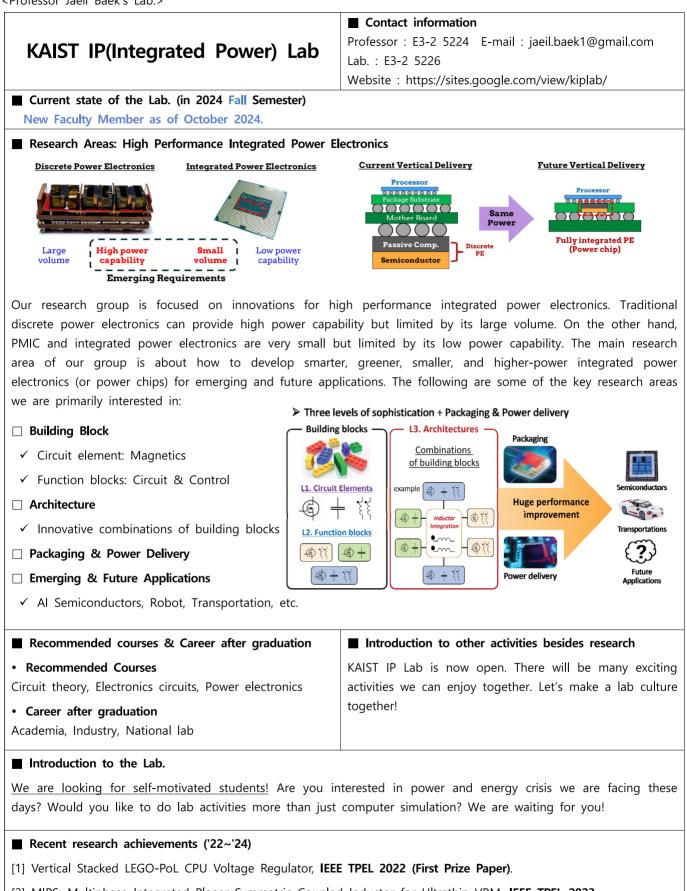
NAIS lab was established in 2009. It is constantly challenging and pursuing progress in many areas of research. The doctorate and the masters degree students are working in a friendly atmosphere. Students enjoy athletic activities and other hobbies. The lively atmosphere of the lab makes it possible for the students to devote themselves to research and to enjoy school life.

Recent research achievements ('22~'24)

[1] WooHyun Kwon, Hyosup Won, Taeho Kim, Sejun Jeon, Soon-Won Kwon, Hail Song, Hanho Choi, Bong-Jin Kim, Huxian Jin, Jun-Gi Jo, Woosang Han, Gain Kim, Jinho Park, Hyeon-Min Bae, "A 26-Gb/s Framed-Pulsewidth Modulation Transceiver for Extended Reach Optical Links", IEEE Journal of Solid-State Circuits (JSSC), Feb. 2024.

[2] Youngmin Kim, Myeong-Gee Kim, Seok-Hwan Oh, Guil Jung, Hyeon-Jik Lee, Sang-Yun Kim, Hyuk-Sool Kwon, Sang-Il Choi, Hyeon-Min Bae, "Quantitative Assessment of Thyroid Nodules through Ultrasound Imaging Analysis", International Conference on Medical Image Computing & Computer Assisted Intervention (MICCAI), Oct. 2024. - (early accept, top 11%)

[3] Bumjun Koh, Sangseong Kim, Byungju Park, SeongKwon Yu, Liang Yuqing, Jimin Lee, Hyeon-Min Bae, "Classifying the Prefrontal Cortex Reasoning Process Using CLEVR Cognitive Tasks", fNIRS 2024, Oct. 2024.

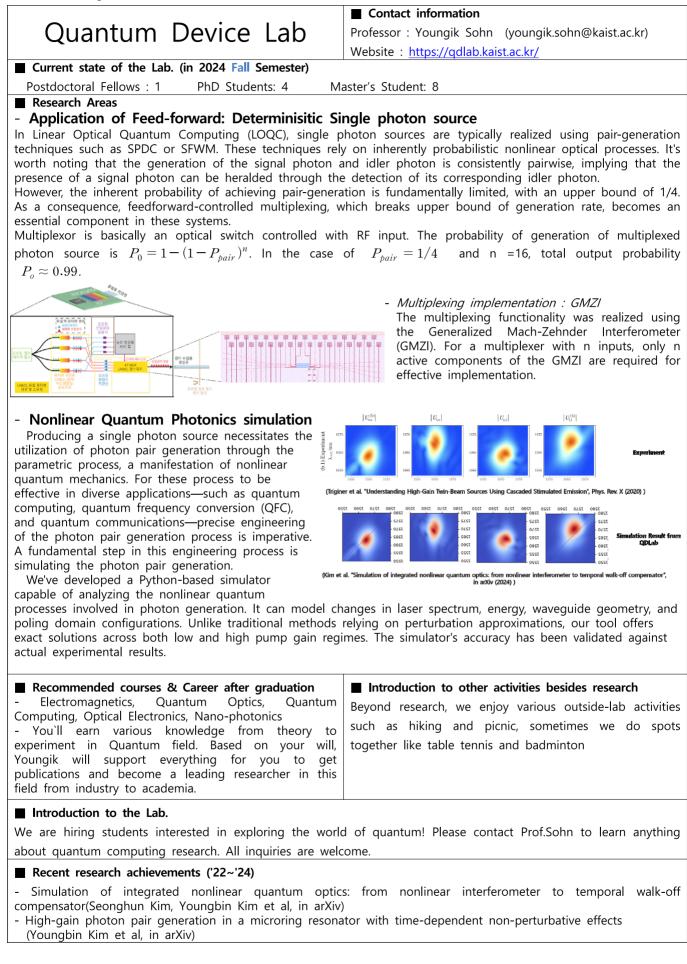


[2] MIPS: Multiphase Integrated Planar Symmetric Coupled Inductor for Ultrathin VRM, IEEE TPEL 2023.

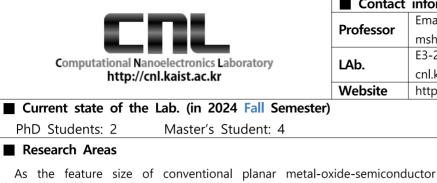
[3] CoaxMIL 2.0 – Next Generation Coaxial Magnetic Integrated Inductors for Higher Efficiency Fully Integrated Voltage Regulator, **IEEE ECTC 2024**.

<Professor Youngchul Sung's Lab.>

	Contact information
SISReL	Professor : Email: ycsung@kaist.ac.kr TEL : 042-350-3484
Smart Information Systems Research Lab	Lab. : ms.cho@kaist.ac.kr TEL : 042-350-5484
	Website : https://sisrel.kaist.ac.kr
Current state of the Lab. (in 2024 Fall Semester)	
Postdoctoral Fellows : 1 PhD Students: 9	Master's Student: 4
Research Areas	
▷ Reinforcement Learning Contriction in forcement and modeling learning	
Statistical inference and machine learning are ba	Control Contro Control Control Control Control Control Co
for making decision or prediction based on incomple	
This field has been an important branch in systems a has gained a recent interest in the era of big of	
artificial intelligence. In this field, SISReL is investigat	Striking
possibilities and invention of efficient inference and	
learning algorithms based on sparsity, information g	
statistical methods, and optimization tools. Currently,	(Policy $\pi(a \mid s)$)
focusing on reinforcement learning, which will be	
tool for Al robots, smart cities and autonomous vehic	
various research perspectives such as	
 multi-agent reinforcement learning / partially-obser 	
 enhancing exploration / intrinsic reward design for 	-
 meta and multi-task reinforcement learning / domain 	ain adaptation / imitation learning / parellel learning
In this area, SISReL is conducting research on 60 with internet-of-things and smart machine intelliger connected vehicle from the perspective of real a extensive real world experience of the advisor. We	nce systems like applications with e are trying to
come up with new algorithms, multi-access metharchitectures with significant performance improvem communication networks.	
architectures with significant performance improvem	
 architectures with significant performance improvem communication networks. Recommended courses & Career after graduation We recommend interested students to take basis 	ent for wireless
 architectures with significant performance improvem communication networks. Recommended courses & Career after graduation We recommend interested students to take basis Optimization Techniques, and Probability and Statistics 	ent for wireless
architectures with significant performance improvem communication networks. ■ Recommended courses & Career after graduation We recommend interested students to take basis Optimization Techniques, and Probability and Statistics Reinforcement Learning. SISReL graduates are playing a	rent for wireless c courses in mathematics such as <i>Analysis, Linear Algebra,</i> s, and <i>machine learning related courses</i> such as Big Data and active roles in research and development activities as professors
 architectures with significant performance improvem communication networks. Recommended courses & Career after graduation We recommend interested students to take basis Optimization Techniques, and Probability and Statistics Reinforcement Learning. SISReL graduates are playing and 	ent for wireless
architectures with significant performance improvem communication networks. ■ Recommended courses & Career after graduation We recommend interested students to take basis Optimization Techniques, and Probability and Statistics Reinforcement Learning. SISReL graduates are playing a	rent for wireless c courses in mathematics such as <i>Analysis, Linear Algebra</i> , s, and <i>machine learning related courses</i> such as Big Data and active roles in research and development activities as professors
architectures with significant performance improvem communication networks. ■ Recommended courses & Career after graduation We recommend interested students to take basic Optimization Techniques, and Probability and Statistics Reinforcement Learning. SISReL graduates are playing a in academia, as researchers in national research institut	eent for wireless c courses in mathematics such as <i>Analysis, Linear Algebra,</i> s, and <i>machine learning related courses</i> such as Big Data and active roles in research and development activities as professors tes such as ETRI, ADD, NSRI, or as researchers in industry. SREL) is a part of the of Al at KAIST, and of SISReL focuses on earning, reinforcement
 architectures with significant performance improvem communication networks. Recommended courses & Career after graduation We recommend interested students to take basis Optimization Techniques, and Probability and Statistics Reinforcement Learning. SISReL graduates are playing a in academia, as researchers in national research institut Introduction to the Lab. The Smart Information Systems Research Lab. (SIS School of Electrical Engineering and Graduate School headed by Professor Youngchul Sung. The research signal processing, statistical inference, machine learning labeled by Professor School School of Electrical Engineering and Graduate School headed by Professor Youngchul Sung. The research labeled by Professor Youngchul Sung. 	ent for wireless c courses in mathematics such as <i>Analysis, Linear Algebra,</i> s, and machine learning related courses such as Big Data and active roles in research and development activities as professors tes such as ETRI, ADD, NSRI, or as researchers in industry. SREL) is a part of the of AI at KAIST, and of SISReL focuses on earning, reinforcement ternet-of-things, smart
 architectures with significant performance improvem communication networks. Recommended courses & Career after graduation We recommend interested students to take basis Optimization Techniques, and Probability and Statistics: Reinforcement Learning. SISReL graduates are playing a in academia, as researchers in national research institut Introduction to the Lab. The Smart Information Systems Research Lab. (SIS School of Electrical Engineering and Graduate School headed by Professor Youngchul Sung. The research signal processing, statistical inference, machine learning, and communication, with applications to in 	ent for wireless c courses in mathematics such as <i>Analysis, Linear Algebra,</i> s, and machine learning related courses such as Big Data and active roles in research and development activities as professors tes such as ETRI, ADD, NSRI, or as researchers in industry. SREL) is a part of the of AI at KAIST, and of SISReL focuses on earning, reinforcement ternet-of-things, smart
 architectures with significant performance improvem communication networks. Recommended courses & Career after graduation We recommend interested students to take basi. Optimization Techniques, and Probability and Statistics. Reinforcement Learning. SISReL graduates are playing a in academia, as researchers in national research institut Introduction to the Lab. The Smart Information Systems Research Lab. (SIS School of Electrical Engineering and Graduate School headed by Professor Youngchul Sung. The research signal processing, statistical inference, machine learning, and communication, with applications to inmachine intelligence systems, and next generation correlation context and the second statistical inference. 	ent for wireless c courses in mathematics such as <i>Analysis, Linear Algebra</i> , s, and <i>machine learning related courses</i> such as Big Data and active roles in research and development activities as professors tes such as ETRI, ADD, NSRI, or as researchers in industry. FREL) is a part of the of Al at KAIST, and of SISReL focuses on earning, reinforcement ternet-of-things, smart munication systems.
 architectures with significant performance improvem communication networks. Recommended courses & Career after graduation We recommend interested students to take basis Optimization Techniques, and Probability and Statistics Reinforcement Learning. SISReL graduates are playing a in academia, as researchers in national research institut Introduction to the Lab. The Smart Information Systems Research Lab. (SIS School of Electrical Engineering and Graduate School headed by Professor Youngchul Sung. The research signal processing, statistical inference, machine learning, and communication, with applications to immachine intelligence systems, and next generation cor Introduction to other activities besides research We have a lab seminar to learn various basic theorem 	 and for wireless c courses in mathematics such as <i>Analysis, Linear Algebra, s</i>, and <i>machine learning related courses</i> such as Big Data and active roles in research and development activities as professors tes such as ETRI, ADD, NSRI, or as researchers in industry. SReL) is a part of the of of AI at KAIST, and of SISReL focuses on earning, reinforcement ternet-of-things, smart mmunication systems. Recent research achievements ('22~'24) Published <i>14 papers/7 workshop papers</i> in the <i>top</i>
 architectures with significant performance improvem communication networks. Recommended courses & Career after graduation We recommend interested students to take basis Optimization Techniques, and Probability and Statistics Reinforcement Learning. SISReL graduates are playing a in academia, as researchers in national research institut Introduction to the Lab. The Smart Information Systems Research Lab. (SIS School of Electrical Engineering and Graduate School headed by Professor Youngchul Sung. The research signal processing, statistical inference, machine learning, and communication, with applications to inmachine intelligence systems, and next generation correlation to other activities besides research 	rent for wireless Image: Section 100 and 100 an



(Professor Mincheol Shin's Lab.)



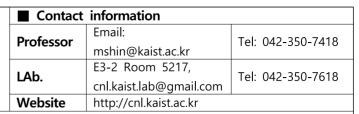
As the feature size of conventional planar metal-oxide-semiconductor field-effect transistors (FETs) shrinks into the nanometer regime, novel devices such as nanowire and tunnel FET have emerged as the next generation devices. The classical or semi-classical approach is no longer valid for the nano-sized devices so quantum-mechanical, atom-level treatment is required.

In our laboratory, we have been developing **simulators for advanced nano scaled logic devices** based on <u>the quantum mechanical principles</u>. Si-based as well as non-Si devices such as 2D materials and III-V compounds are being considered. To treat the devices in the atomistic level, density functional theory and the non-equilibrium Green's function method are employed to calculate the quantum charge transport.

We have also studied **the next generation memory devices**, such as ferroelectric FET (FeFET) and magnetic random access memory (MRAM). For **FeFET**, we use in-house <u>Phase-field-based simulator</u>.

For an optimization of nanoscale devices, we have developed **machine learning(ML)-based device optimization framework** where TCAD simulator and Bayesian optimization algorithm are combined.

We are currently developing advanced transport models through **physics-informed neural networks** and more. Through this approach, we aim to construct advanced transport models and explore solutions to complex real-world problems by enhancing predictions and modeling.



<complex-block>

ML-based device simulation/optimization

Recommended courses & Career after graduation

Prospective students should have good background knowledge on semiconductor physics and devices. Basic/advanced courses on the quantum mechanics, solid-state physics, and C language are also recommended to take. After graduation, they may continue their research career in universities or research institutes or work in semiconductor companies in Korea and overseas.

■ Introduction to other activities besides research

It is strongly encouraged that students set aside time for regular physical exercises. Besides research, it is emphasized that students acquire ability to develop and express their idea, thinking, opinions through reading, writing and presentation (scientific or non-scientific).

Introduction to the Lab.

Computational science/engineering is a new, a third way of doing research, besides the traditional way of doing research which is theory or experiment. Remarkable progress in the computer power and increasing needs for computation has led to the era of computational science/engineering. To meet the needs of the times, CNL provides its members with environments and experiences, which help them become the experts in semiconductor device physics and computational electronics. At the time of graduation, they are expected to be capable of handling all the semiconductor-device related issues that become more and more complex and ready to work both in industry and academia.

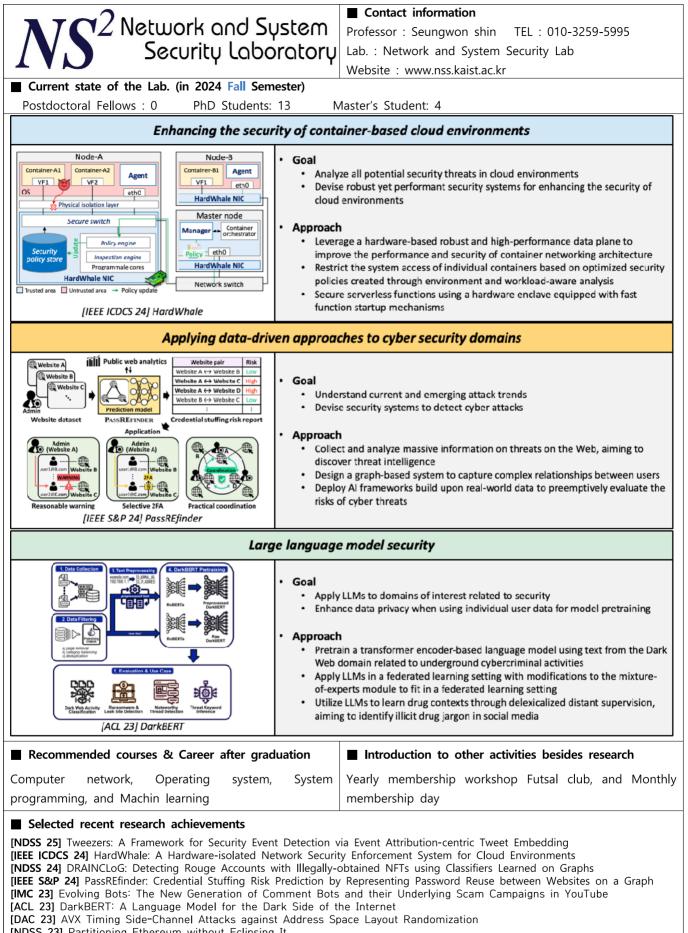
Recent research achievements (2021-2024)

[1] "A Novel Neural-Network Device Modeling based on Physics-informed Machine Learning", Bokyeom Kim and Mincheol Shin, IEEE Transactions on Electron Devices, vol. 70, no.11, 6021 - 6025, Nov. 2023.

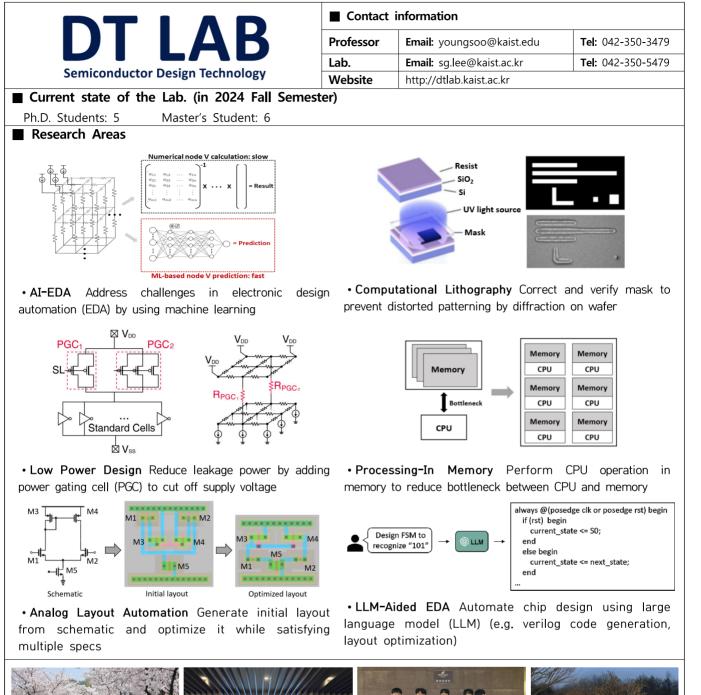
[2] "Ferroelectric nanopillar field-effect transistors: Quantum transport simulations based on a three-dimensional phase-field", Hyeongu Lee, Yoon-suk Kim, and Mincheol Shin, Physical Review Applied, vol. 19, p. 054061, May. 2023

[3] "Efficient device simulations using density functional theory Hamiltonian and non-equilibrium Green's function: heterostructure mode space method and core charge approximation," Seonghyeok Jeon and Mincheol Shin, Journal of Computational Electronics, May 2023.

[4] "First-Principles-based Quantum Transport Simulations of Interfacial Point Defect Effects on InAs Nanowire Tunnel Field-Effect Transistors", H. Lee, et al., IEEE Transctions on Electron Devices, vol. 68, no. 11, pp. 5901 - 5907, Nov. 2021.



[NDSS 23] Partitioning Ethereum without Eclipsing It





Career after graduation

IBM, NVIDIA, Samsung Electronics, SK Hynix, LX Semicon, and EDA companies (Synopsys, Cadence, Siemens)

Recent research achievements (2018-2024)

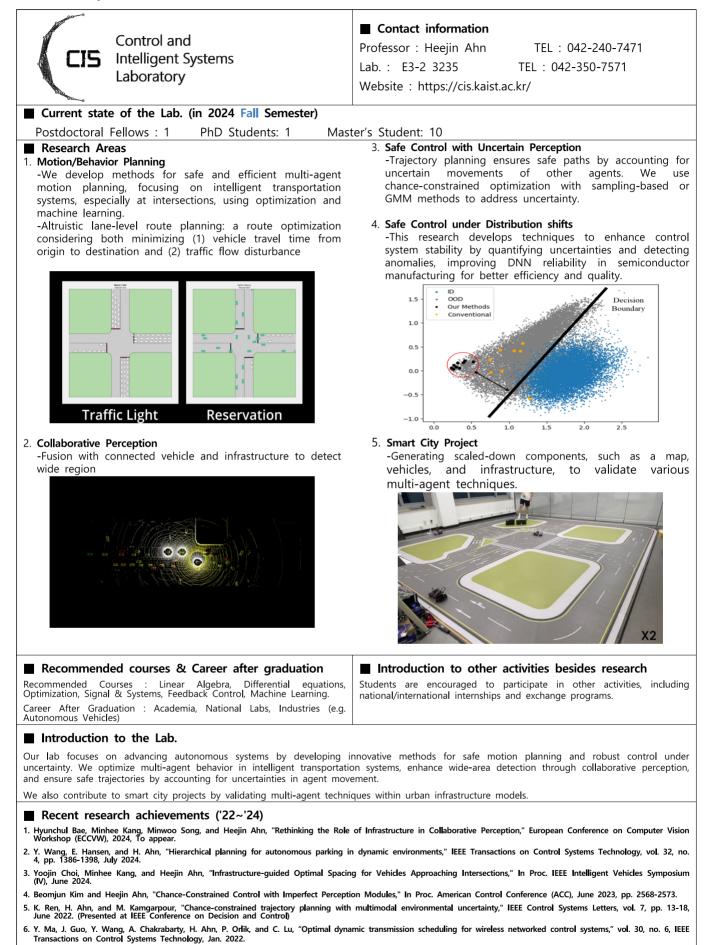
- Ph.D. Outstanding Dissertation Award in 2023, 2016, 2012
- Best paper award (including nominate): ISOCC'24, TSM'22, TSM'21, ASP-DAC'20, GLSVLSI'20
- Prof. Shin has been elected as IEEE Fellow and KAIST ICT Endowed Chair
- Prof. Shin has won the science technology researcher of the month award (이달의 과학기술인상)



Our lab is well-funded and equipped, providing students with various opportunities to pursue AI and robotics research in real-world applications. We have 3 autonomous cars (including one Indy race car), 2 full-size aircraft, 3 ground station trucks, 1 DGX station, Optitrack, 200+ drones, and much more. Our alumni works at top Korean companies and Institutes such as Samsung, LG, Hyundai Motor Company, Naver, ETRI, KARI, ADD, and more.

■ Recent research achievements ('22~'24)

- 1st Place, Korean Army Dronebot Challenge (Sep. 20p24)
- Semifinalist and Most Improved Award, Indy Autonomous Challenge (USD50,000, Sep. 2024)
- KAIST Top 14 Research Areas: Defense Technology (Pilot Robot), 2024
- 2nd Place, MBZIRC Maritime Challenge, UAE (Feb 2024)
- Outstanding Paper Award, Korea Robotics Society Conference (KROC), Feb 2024
- 2nd Place, Hyundai Motor Autonomous Vehicle Competition (Oct 2023)
- 1st Place, Army Dronebot Challenge (2022)
- KAIST International Collaboration Award, Prof. Shim (Feb. 2022)



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<Professor Kyounghoon Yang's Lab.>

	Conta	ct information		
	Professor	: (e-mail) khyang@kaist.ac.kr	TEL: 042-350-3471	
	Lab. : E3-	2, 1227	TEL : 042-350-5471	
High Speed Nano Electronics Laboratory	Website :	http://hsnl.kaist.ac.kr		
Current state of the Lab. (in 2024 Fall Semester)				
Postdoctoral Fellows : 1 PhD Students: 1	Master	s Student: 0		
■ Research Areas		to the transfer		
Quantum-effect High-speed Nanodevices/Integrated Circuits A resonant tunneling diode (RTD), which is a semiconductor nonlinear diode with a double-barrier quantum-well structure for electrons to resonantly tunnel through, has been regarded as one of the most mature quantum-effect devices for practical low-power integrated circuit (IC) applications. The resonant tunneling diode (RTD) which is the fastest electronic device has inherent negative differential resistance (NDR), nonlinearity, and multifunctional/bistable characteristics, so it has been actively researched in signal sources, detectors, and mixed-signal circuits for various mmW and THz applications. For upcoming THz applications and the development of THz monolithic integrated circuits (TMICs) using the RTD and high-speed heterojunction bipolar transistor (HBT) technologies, further optimization techniques based on the previously developed HBT technologies and their monolithic co-integration of RTDs with HBTs are highly required.				
 Wide-bandgap High-power Semiconductor Devices For power electronics application, the wide-bandgap semiconductors such as gallium nitride (GaN) and silicon carbide (SiC) have benefits of high breakdown voltage, lower on-resistance, and higher current. In particular, GaN-based HEMTs are ideal for the next generation of high-frequency, high-power power electronics applications because the GaN HEMTs generate a high concentration of two-dimensional electron gas (2-DEG) owing to the strong polarization difference and high conduction band offset at the interface and have on-resistance lower than SiC devices. Our current focus is on enhancement-mode (E-mode) GaN HEMTs grown on Si substrate with Vds,max>150 V and Ids>25 A. The enhanced GaN HEMT is safer and more energy efficient because the device is in the off state at zero bias. Nano-CMOS / III-V HEMT RF Device Modeling & mm-Wave IC Design 				
Mm-wave wireless T/R Front-end phased-array 28GHz, 60GHz up to W-band (77GHz, 94GHz). W the resolution of beam-forming and the capac research focus for the next-generation wireless RF-ICs is in progress and sub-THz bands (170-300C	ith the inc city for si system de	rease of frequencies, it has gnal data rates are enhan evelopment. The research o	been widely known that ced, which is a major	
Recommended courses		Introduction to other act	ivities besides research	
 Basic Physical Electronics, Semiconductor Devices, Electronic Circuits, Microwave Engineering, etc. 		► Laboratory workshop &	nichic / Casual group	
		meetings with sandwich		
■ Career after graduation Samsung Electronics/SK Hynix/ADD/ETRI/KIST/Aca	demia	meetings with sandwich		
 Samsung Electronics/SK Hynix/ADD/ETRI/KIST/Aca 	ademia	meetings with sandwich		
	of lab re e s to dev a nano dev	search activities, moving tow <i>elop mmW/THz Wireless Co</i> ices to full-scale IC/System	or coffee ards <i>more integrated &</i> <i>mm-Radar Core System</i> as based on enhanced	
 Samsung Electronics/SK Hynix/ADD/ETRI/KIST/Aca Introduction to the Lab. HSNL is currently getting into the 2nd-phase converged co-research with other laboratories IC/Modules from high-speed/high-frequency mutual-lab collaboration, which will provide s from device to circuit & system levels. Recent research achievements ('22~'24) 	of lab re es to deve nano dev students w	search activities, moving tow elop mmW/THz Wireless Co ices to full-scale IC/System ith more in-depth & broade	or coffee ards <i>more integrated &</i> <i>mm-Radar Core System</i> is based on enhanced <i>er research opportunities</i>	
 Samsung Electronics/SK Hynix/ADD/ETRI/KIST/Aca Introduction to the Lab. HSNL is currently getting into the 2nd-phase converged co-research with other laboratories IC/Modules from high-speed/high-frequency mutual-lab collaboration, which will provide s from device to circuit & system levels. 	of lab re nano dev students w patible cryo mance for AlGaN/GaN n base con	search activities, moving tow elop mmW/THz Wireless Co ices to full-scale IC/System ith more in-depth & broad ogenic In _{0.8} Ga _{0.2} As quantum-v quantum-computing application HEMTs on 4-inch SiC ntact of full 3-inch InP Doub Integrated Passive Device S	verifies and the second	

	Contact information			
OSLab	Professor : <u>ywon@kaist.ac.kr</u> TEL : 042-350-7456			
Operating Systems Laboratory	Lab. : TEL : 042-350-7613			
	Website : <u>https://oslab.kaist.ac.kr</u>			
Current state of the Lab. (in 2024 Fall Semester)				
	aster's Student: 6			
Research Areas				
	hack.			
1. Operating System Design				
manycore system, ultra-low-latency storage device and	mance and scalability under newly emerging hardware; byte-addressable non-volatile memory. We redesign the device layer and the storage device firmware for manycore			
graph DB lie at the core of the key-value management	oDB, Rocksdb and levelDB. The log-structured merge and system. These data structures cannot well be used in large tion and flush overhead. Industry and academia altogether ig-data application.			
3. Machine Learning System				
The entire machine learning pipeline consists of data ingestion, data cleaning, data tagging, learning and inference. The current machine learning pipeline suffers from a fair amount of redundant data copies, the coarse grain CPU/graph scheduling, unnecessary synchronization among the heterogeneous GPU devices with widely different computing capability. As a system developer, we orchestrate the behaviors of the individual software components in the machine learning pipeline and eliminate all inefficiencies in the existing ML system.				
Recommended courses & Career after graduation	Introduction to other activities besides research			
 Recommended courses to join the group: C/C++, Data Structure and Algorithms, Operating Systems Career: Professor at academia, researcher at government funded research organization, system software developer at the software company such as Google, Facebook, at the smartphone manufacturers such as Samsung and LG, or at the semiconductor Industry such as Samsung and Intel 	 Sports: The group members do lots of sporting activities together; including basket ball, swimming, running around campus, and going to the gym for workout a few times a week. Travel: Each student has the opportunity to attend international conferences a few times a year (USENIX FAST, USENIX ATC, EuroSys and etc.). Leisure: Once a month, the group members dine out and enjoy drinks together. We often visit an excellent beer pub near the KAIST campus to spend quality time. 			
■ Introduction to the Lab.				
OSLab@KAIST is the world's leading research group at the forefront of operating system design for Flash storage and NVRAM. OSLab has been leading the IO stack optimization for the smartphone for several years. The techniques proposed by OSLab have been adopted by Google Android platform (Best Paper, USENIX ATC 2013). OSLab has also contributed numerous open-source tools that are widely utilized in Android research worldwide.				
storage, which provides separate support for ordering g	ssful proposal of a new IO subsystem design for Flash Jarantees (Best Paper, USENIX FAST 2018). Separating the been a long-standing challenge in the systems research			
For passionate kernel developers and system hackers, OS contribute to pioneering research.	Lab offers an ideal environment to expand their limit and			
■ Recent research achievements ('20~'24)				

International journals: 0, International conferences: 13, Domestic journals: 1, Domestic conferences: 0

< Professor Kyoungsik Yu's Lab. >



Our research group is generally interested in micro-/nano-photonics and optoelectronics, a highly interdisciplinary area with emerging applications in information processing and quantum technologies. Starting from micro-sized optical resonators to subwavelength-scale metamaterials, we cover a wide range of photonic/optoelectronic devices and systems.

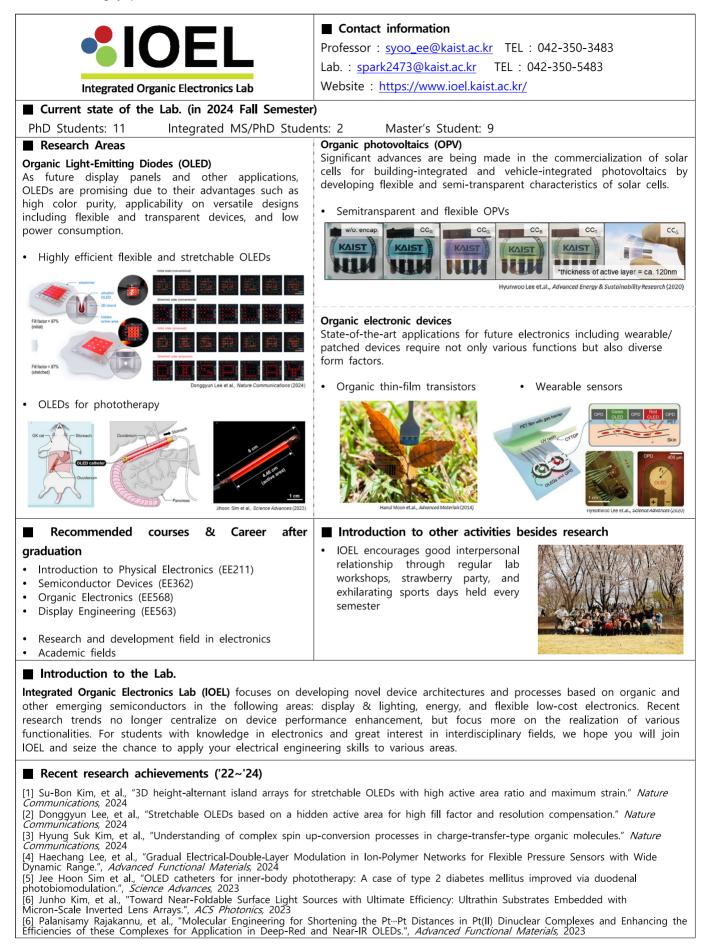
Recent research achievements (2024)

- [1] Rah, Yoonhyuk, et al. "Demonstration of spontaneous symmetry breaking in self-modulated ring resonators" Physical Review Research 6.1 (2024) [2] Jin, Yeonghoon, et al. "Rigorous Determination of Dipole Orientation in Organic Thin Films Using Angle-Dependent Photoluminescence." The Journal of Physical Chemistry C 128.4 (2024).
- [3] Younjae, Jeong et al. "Programmable photonic arrays based on microelectromechanical elements with femtowatt-level standby power consumption." Nature Photonics 17.12 (2023).
- Son, Gyeongho, et al. "Highly efficient broadband adiabatic mode transformation between single-mode fibers and silicon waveguides." Journal of Lightwave Technology (2023). [4]

⟨Professor Minsoo Rhu's Lab⟩

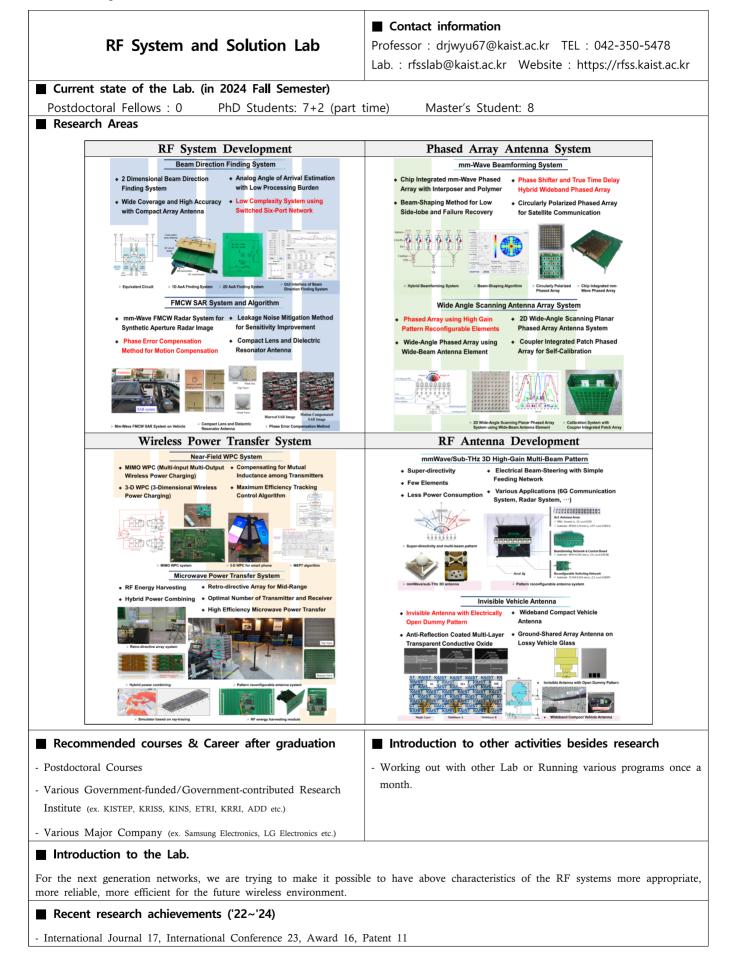
Vertically Integrated Architecture Research Vertically Integrated Architecture (VIA) Research Group	■ Contact information Professor : Bldg. N1, #809 TEL : 042-350-7547 Lab. : Bldg. N1, #818 Website : https://sites.google.com/view/kaist-via		
Current state of the Lab. (in 2024 Fall Semester)			
Postdoctoral Fellows : 0 PhD Students: 11 N Research Areas	Aaster's Student: 7		
Vertically Integrated Architecture (VIA) research group conducts	research in the		
domain of computer architecture with a vertically integrated app	roach. By		
co-optimizing VLSI circuit technology, computer system architect	ure, and application		
& algorithms (with an emphasis on machine learning and comp			
research mission is to build high-performance computing platfor			
"intelligent" systems that are programmable, robust, reliable, second	Tensor Flow		
energy-efficient.	🅮 🕆 🚩 🛛 РҮТ <mark>О</mark> КСН		
Recommended courses & Career after graduation	Introduction to other activities besides research		
- Courses: computer architecture, data structures, system	Professor Rhu is a huge sports fan and encourages		
programming, digital logic design, compilers, operating systems,	students to engage in extra-curricular activities as means to		
computer networks - Careers: During your graduate studies, we strongly encourage	pursue a (mentally & physically) healthy graduate school life. We also encourage lab members to get together		
you to take internships in the industry (preferably in bleeding-ed			
IT companies like Google, Facebook, NVIDIA, Samsung, Microsof			
and Intel) so that you get practical, hands-on experience within	the get-togethers and we plan on having regular team-building		
electrical and computer engineering discipline.	events during summer & winter breaks.		
■ Introduction to the Lab.			
Professor Minsoo Rhu has spent three years working at NVIDIA Research as a Senior Research Scientist. He worked in several domains within the computer system stack, including ASIC designs, computer system architecture, runtime systems, and application & workload characterization with an emphasis on machine learning (ML) and computer vision (CV). As such, our research mission is to train students to become computer system architects that understands <i>both</i> the hardware and software system, enabling you to optimize any target application (e.g., ML or CV) for the underlying computing stack. Our group is currently funded by several <i>research-oriented</i> projects, for instance, the ERC-AI (by National Research Foundation), Neural Processor Research Center (by Samsung Research), Samsung Future Research Funding and Incubation Center for Future Technology, and others.			
Recent research achievements ('23~'24)			
[1] Dongjae Lee, Bongjoon Hyun, Taehun Kim, and Minsoo Rhu, "PIM-MMU: A Memory Management Unit for Accelerating Data Transfers in Commercial PIM Systems," The 57th IEEE/ACM International Symposium on Microarchitecture (MICRO-57), Austin, TX, Nov. 2024			
[2] Jehyeon Bang, Yujeong Choi, Myeongwoo Kim, Yongdeok Kim, and Minsoo Rhu, "vTrain: A Simulation Framework for Evaluating Cost-effective and Compute-optimal Large Language Model Training," The 57th IEEE/ACM International Symposium on Microarchitecture (MICRO-57), Austin, TX, Nov. 2024			
[3] Yunjae Lee*, Hyeseong Kim*, and Minsoo Rhu, "PreSto: An In-Storage Data Preprocessing System for Training Recommendation Models," The 51st IEEE/ACM International Symposium on Computer Architecture (ISCA-51), Buenos Aires, Argentina, Jun. 2024			
[4] Yujeong Choi, Jiin Kim, and Minsoo Rhu, "ElasticRec: A Microservice-based Model Serving Architecture Enabling Elastic Resource Scaling for Recommendation Models," The 51st IEEE/ACM International Symposium on Computer Architecture (ISCA-51), Buenos Aires, Argentina, Jun. 2024			
[5] Juntaek Lim, Youngeun Kwon, Ranggi Hwang, Kiwan Maeng, Algorithm-Software for Scalable Training of Differentially Private on Architectural Support for Programming Languages and Opera	Recommendation Models," The 29th ACM International Conference		
[6] Bongjoon Hyun, Taehun Kim, Dongjae Lee, and Minsoo Rhu, Commercial PIM Technology," The 30th IEEE International Sympo Edinburgh, UK, Feb. 2024			
[7] Ranggi Hwang*, Minhoo Kang*, Jiwon Lee, Dongyun Kam, Yo Sparse-Dense GEMM Accelerator for Memory-Efficient Graph Cor Symposium on High-Performance Computer Architecture (HPCA -2	pungjoo Lee, and Minsoo Rhu, "GROW: A Row-Stationary volutional Neural Networks," The 29th IEEE International 29), Montreal, Canada, Feb. 2023		

<Professor Seunghyup Yoo's Lab.>

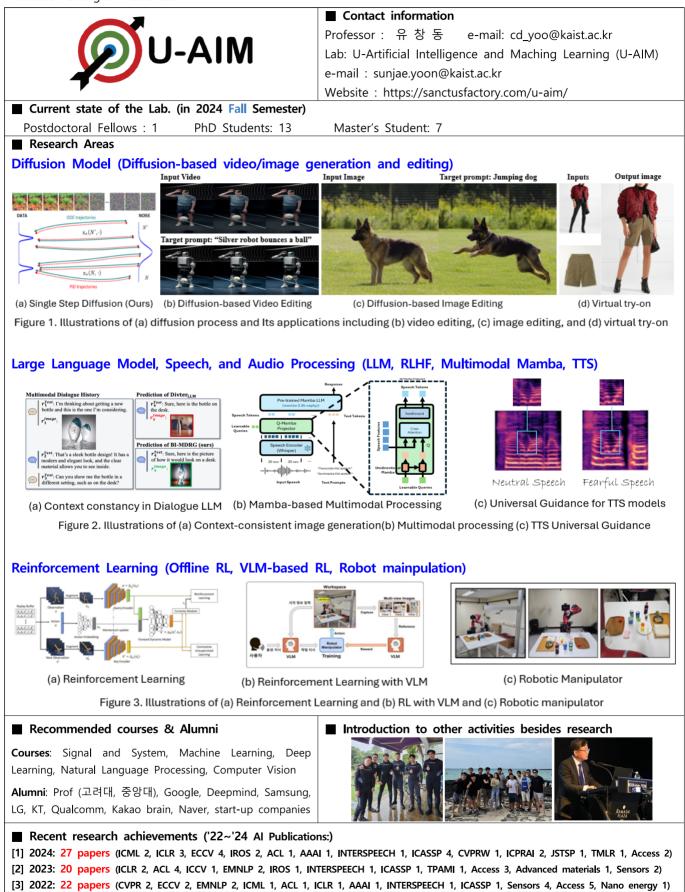


	Contact	Information
Data Al Lab	Professor	Jaemin Yoo Mail jaemin@kaist.ac.l
	Website (Prof	
	Website (Lab.	.) <u>https://dai.kaist.ac.kr</u>
Current state of the Lab. (in Fall 2024)		
3 Master's students and 12 undergraduate interns.		
Research areas		
Graph Neural Networks (GNNs)		
-	•	
Graphs represent dynamic interactions between entit		
- Social networks, molecular graphs, knowledge grap		Model-agnostic graph augmentation
Q: How can we make GNNs robust to real-world noise		
Q : How can we interpret or theoretically analyze GNN	models?	
2. Machine Learning on Time Series		
 Most time series data contain multiple correlated va 	riables.	Baseline Rich decision boundary learned by f
- E.g., stock prices, traffic patterns, sensor data, etc.		Fig 1. Graph augmentation
 Some data have both spatial and temporal relations 	hips.	
Some data have irregular observations over time.		Positive A Negative Unlabeled
Q: How can we consider such diverse properties in ML	models?	
, ,		
3. Recommender Systems (RecSys)		
RecSys is everywhere: YouTube, NetFlix, Amazon, Co	upang, etc.	(a) Typical Supervised Learning (b) PU Learning
RecSys a popular application of GNNs and time seri	ies ML.	Fig 2. Positive-unlabeled learning
- User history can be represented as a graph or a t	time series.	
Q: How can we improve RecSys performance with diver	rse views?	1.0
		0.8
1. Self-supervised Learning (SSL)		$ \begin{array}{c} \overbrace{b}{b} 0.6 \\ \overbrace{b}{b} 0.4 \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \overbrace{b}{b} 0.4 \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \overbrace{b}{c} 0.4 \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \hline{c}{c} 0.4 \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \hline{c}{c} 0.4 \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \hline{c}{c} 0.4 \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \hline{c}{c} 0.4 \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \hline{c}{c} 0.4 \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \hline{c}{c} 0.4 \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \hline{c}{c} 0.4 \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \hline{c}{c} 0.4 \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \hline{c}{c} 0.4 \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \hline{c}{c} 0.4 \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \end{array} $
• SSL is the key component for large foundation mod		$\frac{5}{5} 0.4 - \frac{1}{5} 0.4 - \frac{1}{5} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_2(x) = bx + c$
- Since labeled data are insufficient for such heavy		0.2 -
• SSL is being studied for almost all tasks and applica		0.0
		Value of x
Q: How can we improve SSL for GNNs, RecSys, or time	e series?	Fig 3. Strength of simplicity
Q: How can we train ML models with insufficient data Q: How can we improve SSL for GNNs, RecSys, or time Recommended courses & Career after graduation Recommended courses: Math (EE210, EE213), Machine Career after graduation: Software engineers, Data scien	<i>or labels?</i> e <i>series?</i> n Learning (EE33	Fig 3. Strengt
ntroduction to the Lab.		
Dur research group has started in August 2023 when Pro	of Japmin Voc	hegan to work as an Assistant Professor
AIST EE. Our primary goal is to enhance the generalizab		0
eal-world challenges, covering a variety of data represent	auons and ap	pilcations.
Recent research achievements (2021-2023)		
	-supervised Ou	utlier Model Selection." ECML PKDD 2023.
• Yoo et al. "DSV: An Alignment Validation Loss for Self		
	and Interpretab	ble Graph Mining." KDD 2023.

- Yoo et al. "Accurate Graph-Based PU Learning without Class Prior." ICDM 2021.
- Yoo et al. "Accurate Multivariate Stock Movement Prediction via Data-Axis Transformer." KDD 2021.



<Professor Chang D. Yoo's Lab.>



(Professor Hoi-Jun Yoo)

	Contact information			
<u>55L</u>	Professor	hjyoo@kaist.ac.kr	Tel: 042-350-3468	
Semiconductor System Lab	Lab.	sslmaster@kaist.ac.kr	Tel: 042-350-8068	
Semiconductor System Laboratory	Website	https://ssl.kaist.ac.kr	·	
Current state of the Lab. (in 2024 Fall Semester)				
Postdoctoral Fellows : 4 PhD Students: 10 Mas	ter's Student	18		
 Research Areas Humanistic Intelligence System Energy-Efficient Mobile DRL Training Processor World-First Floating-point Computing-in-Memory Archit Multi-DNN Training Processor for Generative Adversaria 3D Point Cloud-based Neural Network Processor CNN Super Resolution Processor for Full HD 60fps Vide Mobile Neural 3D Rendering Processor eDRAM-based In-Memory-Computing Chip 	l Networks	<complex-block></complex-block>	tion System	
 Neuromorphic Always-on Face Recognition Spike Domain CNN Process Neuromorphic Computing-in-Memory Processor Energy-efficient Analog-Digital Hybrid Computing Archite Biological Neural Network System Complementary CNN/SNN Processor 		PC SNPU	DC Power Analyzer	
Recommended courses	Introdu	ction to other activities k	besides research	
Circuit related courses (analog & digital), computer architecture, and digital systems will be helpful, but you can learn everything you need through OJT. Career after graduation Companies & research institutes all over the world (Apple, IBM, IMEC, Samsung, LG, etc.) or Universities (KAIST, UNIST, etc.)		like Samsung, IMEC, a joint workshop with panese (Tokyo Univ.) There are also lab		
Introduction to the Lab	SSL Wants			
Privilege of SSL Members	- Who has passion to be the best			
- Pride from world leading researches	- Who wa	nts to become a world l	eading engineer	
 Business trip abroad average of 2 times per year Accepted to various international conferences/journals Project leading skills and presentation skills Semiconductor Chips with your name inscribed on Recent research achievements (2020-2024) 			ational conferences	
- Top class international conferences: 9 ISSCC / 14 S. VL	SI / 12 HotC	hips papers presented		
- Major international papers: 53 journal / 83 conference				
- Awards: 2022 AICAS best paper/demo award, 2022			ISSCC Demo Award,	
2020 Humantech Gold Prize, etc.				
<image/>	2020 IEEE ternational Solid-State Circuits Demonstration Season Certifica June Ler, Ja Domgroen Burner, Ja- State Ler, Ja June Ler, Ja	e of Recognition hypung Lee, holoing Lee, holoing Nato hypung Lee, holoing Nato holoing Nato hypung Lee, holoing Nato holo		

<Professor Young-Gyu Yoon's Lab.>



Neuro-Instrumentation and Computational Analysis Lab

Current state of the Lab. (in 2024 Fall Semester)

Postdoctoral Fellows : 0 PhD Students: 5 Master's Student: 4

Research Areas

< Acquiring Big Data from Brain >

Imaging Brain Activity With genetic engineering, neurons can be modified to change their brightness as a function of the their activity (i.e., neurons "blink" as they fire) which makes the brain activity visible. The main challenge is to record the optical signals at a high spatiotemporal resolution and we develop optical imaging techniques to tackle this.

Computational Imaging The performance of imaging systems is impacted by a range of factors, including physics, biology, information theory, and the sampling theorem. To mitigate these limitations, we're utilizing computational imaging methods that leverage machine learning to predict more information from limited data.

Multiplexed Imaging Fluorescence microscopy is limited to imaging only four proteins simultaneously due to the broad emission spectra of fluorescent molecules. To surpass this limitation and visualize a larger number of proteins, we are developing multiplexed imaging technologies that use machine learning algorithms for blind signal separation.

< Analyzing Big Data from Brain >

Neuro-image Processing State-of-the-art functional imaging methods generate more than a gigabyte of data per second, necessitating the development of automated analysis algorithms. We develop fast and scalable machine learning algorithms capable of processing such brain images without the need for labeled data.

Neuro-data Mining Neural activity underlies many functions in our brain, but our understanding of the fundamental principles of neural signal processing remains limited. To gain greater insight, we apply computational methods to analyze brain activity data and quantify information flow, uncovering the functional connections between neurons. Our aim is to identify repeating patterns, discover local circuits that operate together, and extract synaptic strength information from brain activity, leading to a deeper understanding of the brain.

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TEL : 7449

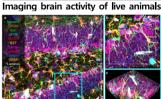
TEL: 7549

Contact information

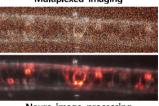
Professor : ygyoon@kaist.ac.kr

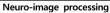
Lab. : nicalab@kaist.ac.kr

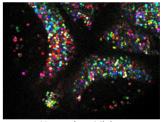
Website : nica.kaist.ac.kr



Multiplexed imaging







Neuro-data Mining

Recommended courses & Career after graduation

RecommendedcoursesSignalsandSystems(EE),DigitalSignalProcessing(EE),MachineLearning(CS),LinearAlgebra(MA),Optics(PH),BiomedicalOptics(ME),Biophotonics(BiS),BrainScienceFundamentals(BiS)

Career All experiences and knowledge acquired during the graduate study can be directly transferred and applied to many data scientist positions and biomedical jobs (both academia and industry).

Introduction to the Lab.

Our mission is to develop optical and computational technologies for brain and biomedical applications. More specifically, we think of a brain as a circuit that consists of neurons and devise new strategies to reverse engineer this circuit – through imaging/analyzing brain activity/structure. We are looking for the prospective students who are (a) self-motivated and (b) eager to explore new things.

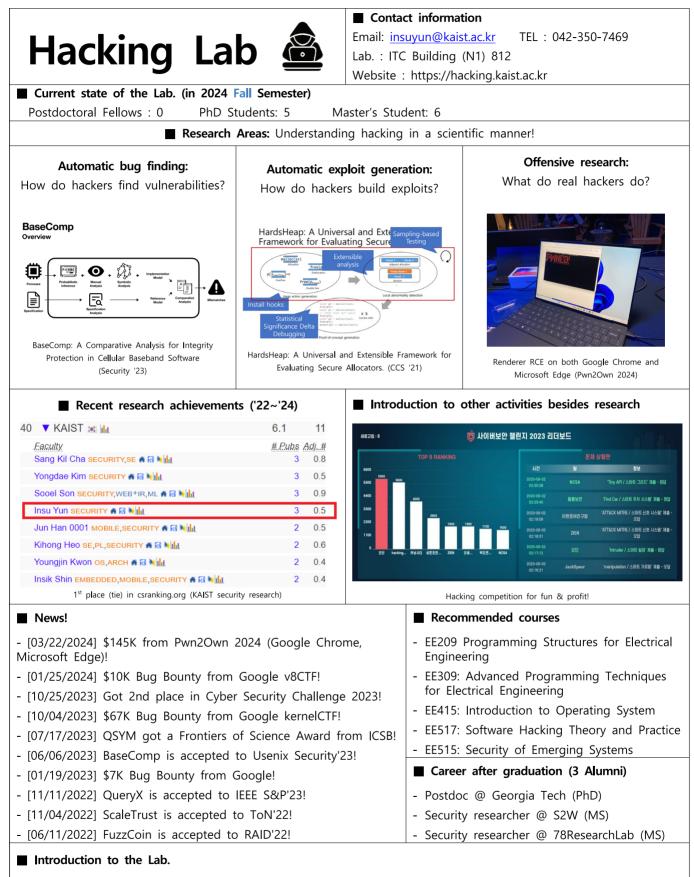
Recent research achievements ('22~'24)

- [1] Real-time self-supervised video processing with self-calibration on analog 1K reliable selector-less memristor array-based edge-computing platform, accepted for publication in *Nature Electronics*, 2024.
- [2] Statistically unbiased prediction enables accurate denoising of voltage imaging data, *Nature Methods*, 2023. (featured on the cover of Nature Methods)
- [3] Robust and efficient alignment of calcium imaging data through simultaneous low rank and sparse decomposition, WACV, 2023.
- [4] Three-dimensional fluorescence microscopy through virtual refocusing using a recursive light propagation network, *Medical Image Analysis*, 2022.[5] PICASSO allows ultra-multiplexed fluorescence imaging of spatially overlapping proteins without reference spectra measurements, *Nature*
 - Communications, 2022. (selected as KAIST Breakthroughs 2022)

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■ Introduction to other activities besides research

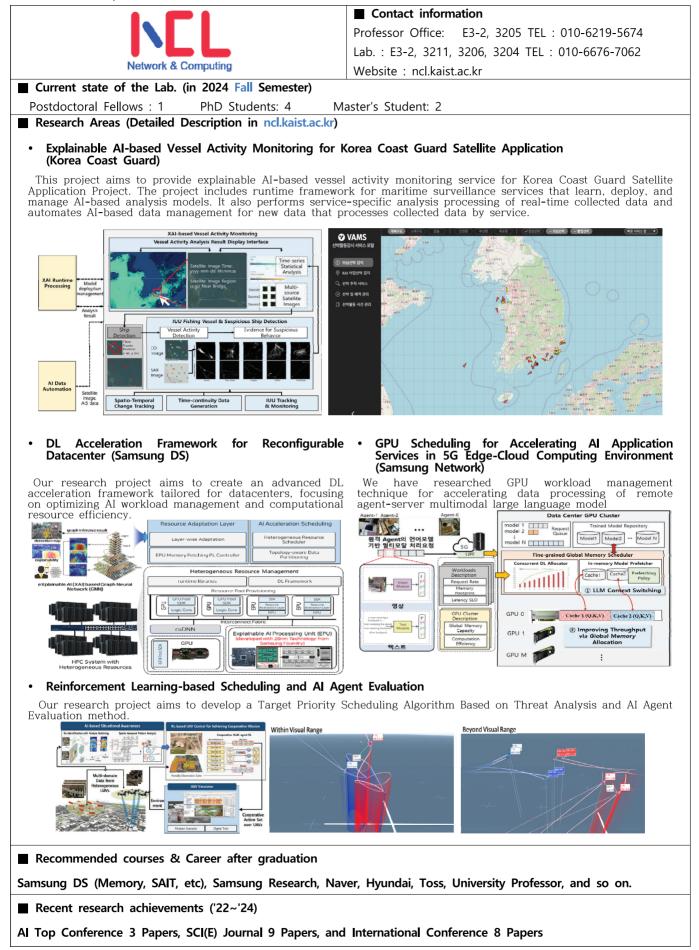
NICA members communicates with each other through lab dinners and strawberry parties. Lab members maintain good relationships through outside activities on a regular basis. <Professor Insu Yun's Lab.>



Our lab is one of the best labs that study *hacking.* If you are interested in understanding and analyzing systems, finding vulnerabilities, and exploiting them, don't hesitate to contact us!



<Professor Chan-Hyun Youn's Lab.>



(prof. kayoung.lee)

	I	Contact in	formation	
	Low-dimensional	Professor	Email: kayoung.lee@kaist.ac.kr	
		Lab.	Email: kleegroup@kaist.ac.kr	
	Electron Systems Lab.	Website	https://lesl.kaist.ac.kr/	
	rent state of the Lab. (in 2024 Fall Sen doctoral Fellows : 0 PhD Students	•	Student: 6	
Electrica - Trar - Elec Nanostru - High mult Vertical - Dyn - Balli	Example Areas al Characterization of High-mobility Emerging hasport spectroscopy; measurements of band ctron transport and quantum phenomena in a ucture Electronic/Optoelectronic Device Appli- in mobility transistors, steep-slope transistors, ti-valued logics, electronic sensors, contact p Electron Transport in Heterostructures Base amic modulation of band alignment and tunn istic transport along the vertical direction in a d modulation by Morie-induced superlattices	structure information semiconductor nanostru cations: low-power tunneling e property optimization effect d on van der Waals M neling properties van der Waals materia	electronics, $f_{1} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}$	
Indust	oduction to other activities besides rese	is Samsung, SK Hynix arch	, LG, LX Semicon, Intel, Apple, Micron, etc. ected. Furthermore, the laboratory members have	
CMOS silicon a power, a heterost breakthr nanostru emergin nanosca how eleundersta	are being reached, data in electronic device and improving speed, which are exciting ch ructures are therefore experiencing a bu roughs including interesting quantum phe uctured electron systems. Our major rese g low-dimensional materials and their nov ale device applications based on such basic ectrons move and interact each other in	es keep exponentially nallenges to both acac urst of activities latel enomena. We perfe earch goals are (1) t rel heterostructures, a c study. Using advan nanostructured electro Our biggest motivati	n nature of electrons comes in. While the limits of expanding. This requires further scaling, lowering demia and industry. Nanoscale materials and the ly, producing diverse scientific and technologic orm vigorous research in electron transport to understand fundamental electronic properties and (2) to realize unprecedented high-performance ced transport measurement techniques, we explore in systems, and aim to broaden our fundament ion is curiosity, but we also have the ambition of ver nanoelectronics.	
Sel	ected Publications			
Tanigu in mul * <i>High</i> * Cov - Jungi	uchi, Jae Hun Seol, Sang-Soo Chee, Junghyo Itilayer indium selenide transistors," ACS Nand Inlighted on the cover. Pered by 20 media outlets including Yonhap N	o Nah, and Kayoung L o (2024). <i>News, Herald Business,</i> onghyeon Ko, Hanbye	ol Jang, Kenji Watanabe, Takashi Taniguchi, an	
- Hanby		Heungsoon Im, Tae H	<i>ga Science, and UPI Korea.</i> Iyung Kim, Joo-Hyoung Lee, Yong-Hoon Kim, ar eneous graphene/In/InSe/Au," <i>Nanoscale</i> (2022).	

* Highlighted in Hot Topic: Surfaces and Interfaces.

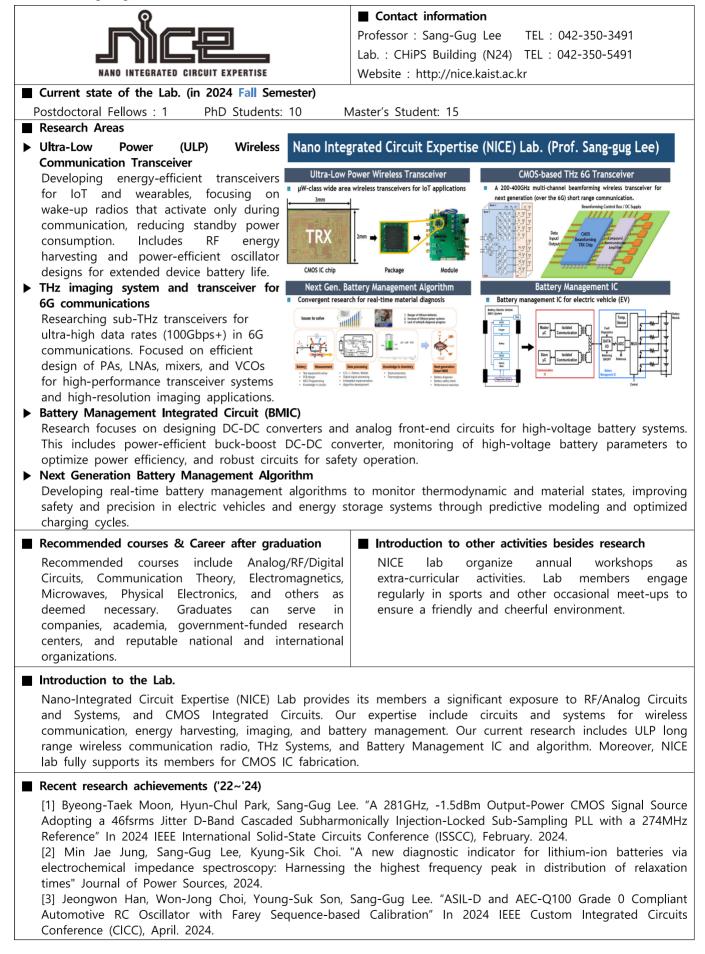
- Sang-Soo Chee, Won-June Lee, Yong-Ryun Jo, Min Kyung Cho, DongWon Chun, Hionsuck Baik, Bong-Joong Kim, Myung-Han Yoon*, Kayoung Lee*, and Moon-Ho Ham*, "Atomic vacancy control and elemental substitution in a monolayer molybdenum disulfide for high performance optoelectronic device arrays," *Advanced Functional Materials* (**2020**).

)

<Professor Donghwan Lee's Lab.>

	Contact information		
Machine Decision Intelligence and Learning	Professor : donghwan@kaist.ac.kr TEL : 043-350-7462		
	Lab. : N1 314 TEL : 042-350-7562		
	Website : https://sites.google.com/site/donghwanleehome		
■ Current state of the Lab. (in 2024 Fall Semester) Postdoctoral Fellows : 0 PhD Students: 5 Master's Student: 8 ■ Research Areas ▶ Reinforcement learning ⇒ What is reinforcement learning? Algorithms to control unknown environment system by interacting with unknown environments ⇒ ⇒ Applications: Covers broad area such as robot motion planning, agent ogent			
self-driving car, general artificial intelligence, natural language processing, and chatbot ⇒ Our research directions: development of advanced reinforcement learning algorithms, theory and applications, such as robots and self-driving cars ▶ Other research areas: Control theory and applications, machine learning algorithms, interplay among control, reinforcement learning, and optimization, optimization algorithms and theories.			
Recommended courses & Career after graduation	■ Introduction to other activities besides research		
Recommended courses: control system engineering,	Domestic/International Conferences		
linear system, nonlinear system, optimal control, machine learning, reinforcement learning, probability theory, real analysis, measure theory	Lab Seminar / Group Study		
Career after graduation: national labs, start up, industry, silicon valley, academia			
■ Introduction to the Lab.			
Our research covers theory and application of control, machine learning, reinforcement learning, and interplay among them.			
■ Recent research achievements ('22~'24)			
Donghwan Lee,, "Lossless convexification and duality," Jou	ırnal of the Franklin Institute, 2024		
Donghwan Lee, Han-Dong Lim, and Do Wan Kim, "Continuous-time distributed dynamic programming for networked multi-agent Markov decision processes," IEEE ICCA2024, Iceland			
Donghwan Lee, Han-Dong Lim, Jihoon Park, and Okyong Choi, "New versions of gradient temporal-difference learning," IEEE Transactions on Automatic Control, vol. 68, no. 8, 2023			
Han-Dong Lim, Donghwan Lee, "Backstepping temporal-difference learning " ICLR2023, Kigali, Rwanda, May 1-5, 2023			
Donghwan Lee, Jianghai Hu, and Niao He, "A discrete-time switching system analysis of Q-learning," SIAM Journal on Control and Optimization, vol. 61, no. 3, 2023			
Donghwan Lee, "Convergence of dynamic programming on the semidefininte cone for discrete-time infinite-horizon LQR," IEEE Transactions on Automatic Control, vol. 67, no. 10, pp. 5661-5668, 2022			

<Professor Sang-Gug Lee's Lab.>



<Professor Sung-Ju Lee's Lab.>



Contact information

Professor : profsj@kaist.ac.kr TEL : 042-350-7413 Lab. : nmsl@kaist.ac.kr TEL : 042-350-7766 Website : https://nmsl.kaist.ac.kr

Current state of the Lab. (in 2024 Fall Semester)

- Postdoctoral Fellows : 0 PhD Students: 7 Mas
 - Master's Student: 2

Research Areas

- Mobile computing (ubiquitous computing, mobile sensing, wearable computing, AR/VR)
- Mobile AI/ML (test time adaptation, domain adaptation, unsupervised learning, on-device ML, federated learning)
- Mobile Human-Computer Interaction (digital health and wellbeing, human/AI interaction, novel interaction methods)
- Wireless networking (networking for robots and drones, protocols for emerging spectrum, ML for networks)



Recommended courses & Career after graduation

• Recommended courses are: EE323 Computer Networks, EE331 Introduction to Machine Learning, EE415 Operating Systems and System Programming for Electrical Engineering.

• Career paths after graduation include (1) continuing studies in KAIST or overseas (e.g., MIT, University of Washington, Carnegie Mellon University), (2) working in tech giants (e.g. Google, Youtube, Amazon, Nokia Bell Labs, Naver, Samsung Electronics, SK), (3) pursuing an academic career as a professor (e.g., UNIST), (4) government research labs (e.g., Agency for Defence Development), and (5) start-ups.

Introduction to other activities besides research

• We have various leisure activities to refresh the atmosphere in the lab as well as to build solid companionship among lab members. Strawberry parties, birthday parties, playing board games, playing online games, pilates exercises, playing futsal are examples.

• Our lab also has study groups and workshops to improve the skills needed for professional careers (e.g., writing, presenting, relationship management).

• We also offer international internship opportunities to instututes such as Microsoft Research Asia, Nokia Bell-Labs Cambridge, Google, Cisco, MIT, CMU, Nanyang Technological University, and University of Buffalo.

■ Introduction to the Lab.

Networking and Mobile Systems Laboratory (NMSL) utilizes expertise in mobile computing, network systems, humancomputer interactions, and machine learning to build innovative mobile services & applications. To enrich the quality of life of mobile users, we (i) identify challenging real-world problems, (ii) design novel solutions, protocols, algorithms, systems, applications, software, and interfaces, and (iii) build our solutions in working systems for practical validation and deployment. We are interested in interdisciplinary, high impact research, and seek collaboration with other academic research groups, industry and government worldwide.

Recent research achievements ('22~'24)

- Our lab has published in top international venues in mobile computing, machine learning, and human-computer interactions, such as NeurIPS, CVPR, EMNLP, MobiSys, MobiCom, CHI, CSCW, UbiComp, UIST, SenSys, IEEE INFOCOM, as well as Transactions on Mobile Computing.
- Our Research has won awards at ACM CHI, ACM CSCW, and ACM MobiSys.





Recent research achievements

Our lab published 31 SCI journal papers and 32 international conference papers, including several papers in IEEE TIFS (impact factor top 5%) and IEEE TIT (#1 in information theory).

Professor Ian Oakley's Lab>



Contact information

Professor: Telephone: Website : Ian Oakley 010-4531-6693 https://wit.kaist.ac.kr/

The current state of the Lab. (in 2024 Fall Semester)

Postdoctoral Fellows:0

PhD Students: 1

Master's Student: 0

Research Areas:

WIT Lab conducts research on Human-Computer Interaction (HCI). Specifically: Sensing and Input for AR and VR: Smartglasses are an emerging computational platform that demands new input forms based on sensing finger and body motions and gestures. WIT Lab designs, develops, and evaluates novel interactive technology in this space for critical use scenarios such as typing, selection or navigation.

Wearable Authentication: Wearable devices increasingly sense, store, or access sensitive user data or services relating to health, communications, or transactions. However, securing access to these devices poses new challenges regarding reliable entry of passcodes or the design of practical design and integration of biometric sensing. WIT lab develops novel systems and user studies behaviors during authentication to wearable devices.

Digital Phenotyping: Smart and wearable devices have unprecedented capabilities to monitor their wearers. WIT Lab explores the user of novel data (e.g., gaze or other physiological signals) generated by mobile and wearable devices to detect key affective states, such as the feelings experienced during social media use, and how these may contribute to mental health issues, such as depression. Wearables have the potential to track our mental health, as well as our physical health.

Recommended courses & Career after graduation

KAIST offers a world-class environment in which to study HCI, with a network of faculty engaged in and around core HCI topics (https://hci.kaist.ac.kr/) and courses across CS, ID, GSCT and EE. HCI offers many opportunities for future careers, with burgeoning opportunities in academia, strong demand from established industry research labs (e.g., Google, MS), and high relevance to many tech startups.





Introduction to other activities

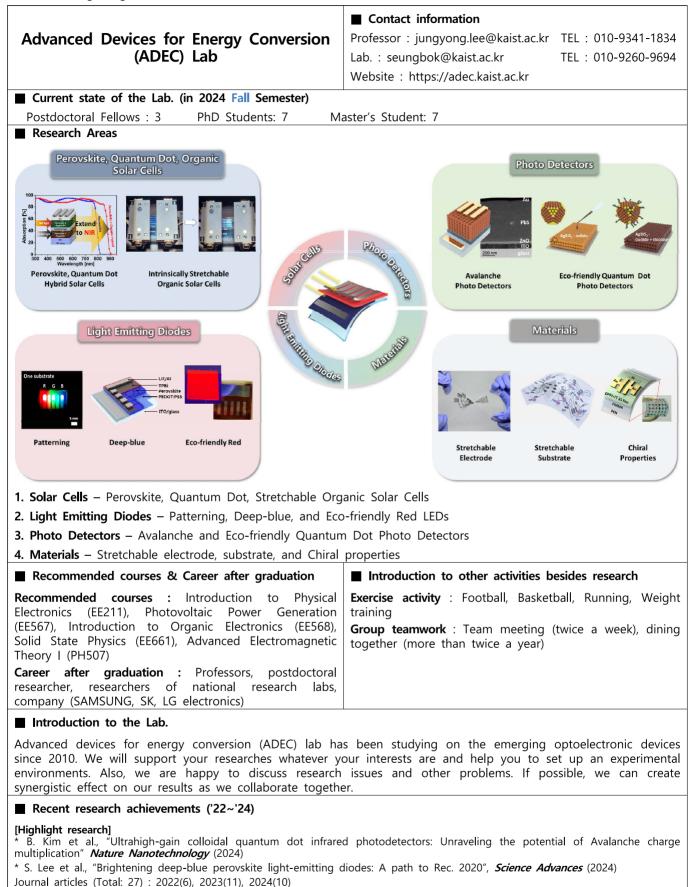
Lab members can expect to attend top international and national HCI conferences and have regular lab social events (organized mainly around lunches) and periodic workshop trips. We are a new lab and open to ideas - join us and propose and/or organize your own events & social activities!

Introduction to the Lab.

WIT Lab was founded in August 2023. Grab an opportunity to join a rapidly growing lab as a founding member! We are recruiting! We're happy to speak to candidates interested in any area of HCI, but are currently focusing on sensing, input, and interaction design for wearable and augmented reality. Also, note that although we are a new lab, we are also a mature one - the lab builds on Professor Ian Oakley's 20+ years of experience as an HCI researcher and faculty member, so expect projects and publications to ramp up quickly. Come join us as we grow!

Recent research achievements ('21~'24)

We published six papers at ACM CHI and two papers at ACM IMWUT (Ubicomp). Come join our lab and contribute to top tier research in Human-Computer Interaction!





Quantum Information and Communications Lab



KAIST IT Research Center of Quantum Computing for AI

Contact information

Professor : June-Koo Kevin Rhee TEL : 042-350-7416 Lab. : Quantum Information and Communication Lab Website : http://quic.kaist.ac.kr

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분류 양자 회로

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Current state of the Lab. (in 2024 Fall Semester)

Postdoctoral Fellows : 0 PhD Students: 3 Master's Student: 6

Research Areas

√ Quantum Approximate Support Vector Machine

A kernel-based quantum classifier is the most practical and influential quantum machine learning technique for the hyper-linear classification of complex data. Variational Quantum Approximate Support Vector Machine (VQASVM) algorithm demonstrates empirical sub-quadratic run-time complexity with quantum operations feasible even in NISQ computers.

We experimented our algorithm with toy example dataset on cloud-based NISQ machines as a proof of concept. We also numerically investigated its performance on the standard Iris flower and MNIST datasets to confirm the practicality and scalability.

\checkmark Ansatz Structure Search via Reinforcement Learning

Parameterized Quantum Circuit is quantum circuit which parameter can be optimized by Goal of Loss. Ansatz structure of quantum circuit is important task for many algorithms such as Variational Quantum Algorithm, Variational Quantum Eigensolver, cause result of algorithms changes via structure of ansatz. In this work, we used Reinforcement Learning to search optimal ansatz structure with various goals.

\checkmark Satellite based Quantum Key Distribution (SQKD)

Since the successful demonstration of a satellite-based quantum key distribution (QKD) system by a research team from the University of Science and Technology of China (USTC) in 2017, the world has been fervently engaged in a competition to secure future technologies. South Korea is also actively conducting research related to this field, and we are conducting research specifically on entangled photon pair (EPP) sources, which is one of the essential technologies for achieving this project. In this research, we utilize optical experimental setups to observe and confirm phenomena that demonstrate quantum properties.

√ Quantum Ghost Imaging

The imaging technique allows the reconstruction of an image without directly detecting the photons that interact with the object. Despite a single photon from the signal not hitting the detector, the object can be obtained by utilizing the correlation between the detected signal and idler as the unique properties of the entanglement and non-locality of quantum mechanics.

Recommended courses & Career after graduation	Introduction to other activities besides research
Recommended courses are linear algebra, probability theory, quantum mechanics, information theory. Graduates have emancipated for various careers such as professors (Coventry U UK, IFSTTAR France), and researchers at major companies (Samsung, LIG Nex1, KT, ETRI, NSR).	-

Introduction to the Lab.

Our lab is currently engaged in research focused on quantum communication and quantum computing algorithms with near-term applications. In particular, we're focusing on the fields of quantum machine learning and quantum chemistry(i.e. VQE) as part of the broader scope of variational quantum algorithms. We are also carrying out exciting experimental research in areas like quantum ghost imaging and quantum key distribution. If you're interested, feel free to reach out to our lab.

Recent research achievements ('22~'24)

- Junsang Oh, Jeongsik Cho, and June-Koo Kevin Rhee, Continuous-variable quantum key distribution with time-division dual-quadrature homodyne detection, Opt. Express 31, 30669-30681 (2023)
- Ryu, J.-Y.; Elala, E.; Rhee, J.-K.K. Quantum Graph Neural Network Models for Materials Search. Materials 2023 16, 4300.
- Park, S., Park, D.K. & Rhee, JK.K. Variational quantum approximate support vector machine with inference transfer. Sci Rep 13, 3288 (2023).
- Kim, JW., Cho, JS., Sacarelo, C. et al. Photon-counting statistics-based support vector machine with multi-mode photon illumination for quantum imaging. Sci Rep 12, 16594 (2022).

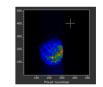


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후려 양자 회로





		Contact information
Brain / Big Madical	Microsyctoms Lab	Professor : <u>hyunjoo.lee@kaist.ac.kr</u> TEL : 7436
Brain/Bio Medical	MICrosystems Lab	Lab. : Electronics Building (E3-2) TEL : 7536
		Website : https://bmm.kaist.ac.kr
Current state of the Lab.	(in 2024 Fall Semester)	
Postdoctoral Fellows : 0	PhD Students: 16	Master's Student: 7
Deseauala Aussa		

Research Areas

Our lab aims to develop novel systems for biomedical applications such as early detection of disease, therapeutics, and investigation of underlying mechanism of brain diseases. In specific, we focus on 1) developing Neural interface 2) developing Capacitive micromachined ultrasound transducer (CMUTs) for ultrasound neuromodulation, and 3) brain stimulation for neural circuits

Neural Interface



In order to provide chronic applications that offer long-term stability and precise measurements, flexible materials, such as those based on various polymers, are increasingly being integrated into the fabrication of microtechnologies. Multi-electrode arrays, also known as microelectrode arrays (MEAs), are one such field where flexible substrates are becoming critical components.

Ultrasound Neuromodulation



Capacitive micromachined ultrasound transducers (CMUTs) utilize traditional silicon-based microfabrication technologies to achieve highly configurable designs in a miniaturized package compatible with integrated circuits. A thin silicon membrane acts as the diaphragm for each micro-cell and a AC/DC voltage is applied across the vacuum cavity to deliver ultrasound pulses. Compared to conventional ultrasound transducers, CMUTs present numerous advantages such as easy fabrication of large arrays, large bandwidth, high sensitivity, and integration with various circuitry. In addition, CMUT arrays with various geometries and dimensions have been widely applied for biomedical ultrasound applications

Brain stimulation for neural circuits



We are exploring low intensity focused ultrasound as a new stimulation modality for treatment of brain/neurological diseases. A method currently used to treat degenerative brain diseases such as Parkinson's disease is to directly apply electrical, chemical, or light to the brain. Among them, ultrasound stimulation offers competitive advantages such as non-invasiveness, higher spatial resolution, and larger penetration depth. We are developing miniaturized flexible ultrasound transducers for small animal experiments as well as for clinical applications.

Recommended courses & Career after graduation	Introduction to other activities besides research
Recommended courses include fabrication, nano/bio	Spring walk, Strawberry party, National teacher's day,
electronics, and MEMS. Careers in semiconductor and	Graduation party, and other many extra activities to
medical industries as well as academia are possible.	accommodate friendship.

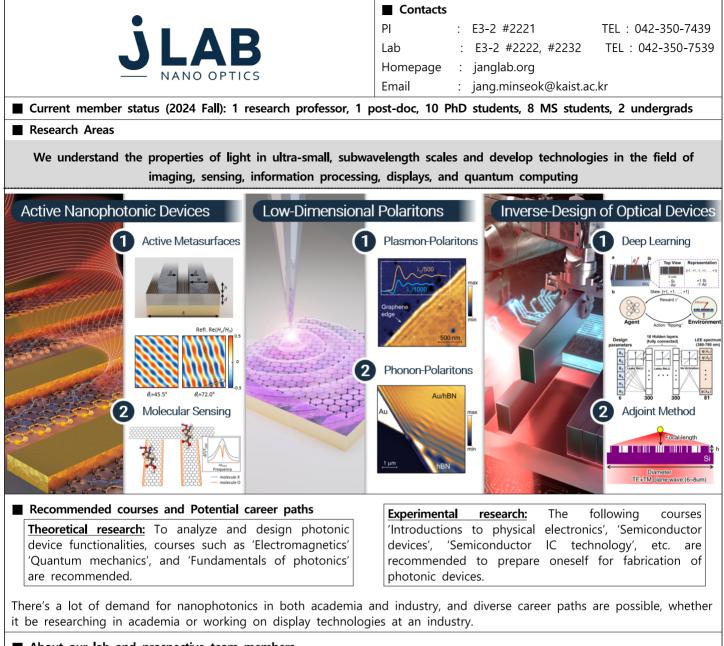
Introduction to the Lab.

Due to the interdisciplinary research field, our lab consists of a diverse group of students from different backgrounds such as electrical engineering, materials science, and chemistry.

Recent research achievements ('22~'24)

- 1. S. Kim[†], Y. Jo[†], G. H. Im, C. Lee, C. Oh, G. K, S.-G. Kim^{*}, and H. J. Lee^{*} (2023). Miniaturized MR-Compatible Ultrasound System for Real-Time Monitoring of Acoustic Effects in Mice using High-Resolution MRI. NeuroImage, 276.
- 2. Y. Kim[†], E. Jang[†], Y. Lee, C. Oh, K. Kim, G. Kook, M. K. Kim, M.-O. Lee, and H. J. Lee^{*} (2023). Miniature Transparent Dopamine Sensor based on Nanosphere Lithography. Advanced Materials Technologies, 2300006.
- 3. G. Kook, Y. Jo, C. Oh, X. Liang, J. Kim, S.-M. Lee, S. Kim, J.-W. Choi, and H. J. Lee* (2023). Multifocal Skull-Compensated Transcranial Focused Ultrasound System for Neuromodulation Applications based on Acoustic Holography. Microsystems & Nanoengineering, 9 (45).
- 4. H. Kim[†], S. Nam[†], M. B. Durukan, H. E. Unalan, and H. J. Lee(2023). Self-Charging Dual-Modal Sensor for Glucose Monitoring Based on Piezoelectric Nanowire/Mircogel Hybrid Film. Advanced Functional Materials, 2308086
- 5. Y. Jo, S-M. Lee, T. Jung, G. Park, C. Lee, G.H. Im, S. Lee, J.S. Park, C. Oh, G. K, H. Kim, S. Kim, B.C. Lee, G.S.B. Suh, S-G. Kim, J. Kim*, H.J. Lee* (2022). General-Purpose Ultrasound Neuromodulation System for Chronic, Closed-loop Preclinical Studies in Freely Behaving Rodents. Advanced Science, 9 (34).
- 6. S. Nam[†], H. Kim[†], S.-M. Lee, M. B. Durukan, H. E. Unalan, and H. J. Lee^{*} (2023). A Glucose-responsive Microgel-based Soft Etalon as an Epidermal Glucose Colorimetric Sensor, Sensors and Actuators B: Chemical (396)

	Professor	Email: dechang@kaist.ac.kr	Tel: 042-350-7440
CT KAIST EE Ctrl Lab	Lab.	Room: 1110, N24	Tel: 042-350-7540
Control Laboratory	Website	https://control.kaist.ac.kr	
Current state of the Lab. (in 2024 Fall			
Postdoctoral Fellows : 1 PhD Stuc	-	Master's Student: 7	
Research Areas			
 Control theory and its application w We develop novel control theories robust control and implement them or We develop automatic control algorith image processing AI and reinforcement We develop numerical integration faithfully preserve the values of co such as energy during numerical integral 	for efficient a real systems. hms that comb t learning. algorithms nserved quanti	to	
		Drone control using S ¹ fiber bundle A	utomatic guidewire control using reinforcement learning
 Autonomous flight drone We take a new approach to autonom 	nous flight by		
reinforcement learning.We combine Al-based perception	learning to	Autonomous flight drone for perching References	Einforcement learning-based swarm drone exploration
Robotics with Al			
 We develop artificial intelligence tec various robotics fields. We develop a simulator for learning as well as reinforcement algorithms for robust control. 	reinforcement	State estimation and control for quadruped robots	Lunar rovor simulator for reinforcement learning
Recommended courses & Career after	^r graduation		j
Research on control and robotics requi science as well as electrical engineering. differential equations, optimization, signals Graduates can work in academia, national	res a strong Recommended and systems, fe	d undergraduate courses are ar edback control, visions, and deep	nalysis, linear algebra
Introduction to other activities besides			
There are no other activities done laborator	y-wide other th	an research.	
Introduction to the Lab. Prof. Chang is an expert in control, and engineering, mechanical engineering, a mathematics, thus creating a synergistic Prospective students are not expected to required of them.	aerospace eng c and multi-o	jineering, brain science, com lisciplinary research environmen	puter science, and t in the laboratory
Recent research achievements (2023-2	024)		
 HD. Jang, JH. Park, and D. E. Chang, "Parti System on the Set of Unit Quaternions," in 202 J. H. Lee, JH. Park, and D. E. Chang, "For in 2024 IEEE International Conference on Robo" JH. Park, S. Yoo, and D. E. Chang, "A New 	24 <i>IEEE Internatio</i> coTrack: Multi Ot <i>tics and Automati</i> / Paradigm for D	nal Conference on Robotics and Autor oject Tracking by Focusing On Overla ion (ICRA), 2024.	<i>nation (ICRA)</i> , 2024 . ap at Low Frame Rate



■ About our lab and prospective team members

We are currently accepting graduate students who want a research experience in a lab. What we offer:

- (1) Research along the *interface between science and engineering*: Understand the fundamentals behind physical phenomena, and apply it for engineering purposes.
- (2) You can choose between theory/simulations or experiment, or both, depending on your aptitude or preferences.
- (3) <u>Collaboration with other labs abroad</u> (Caltech, Harvard, Yale, UW Madison, EPFL, Southern Denmark Univ. (SDU)) Yale (Owen Miller): 3 graduate students visited for 6 months (from Nov. 2022 to Apr. 2023) Caltech (Harry Atwater): 2 graduate students are visiting for 6 months (from Aug. 2024) SDU (Asger Mortensen): 1 graduate student is is visiting for 6 months (from Jul. 2024)

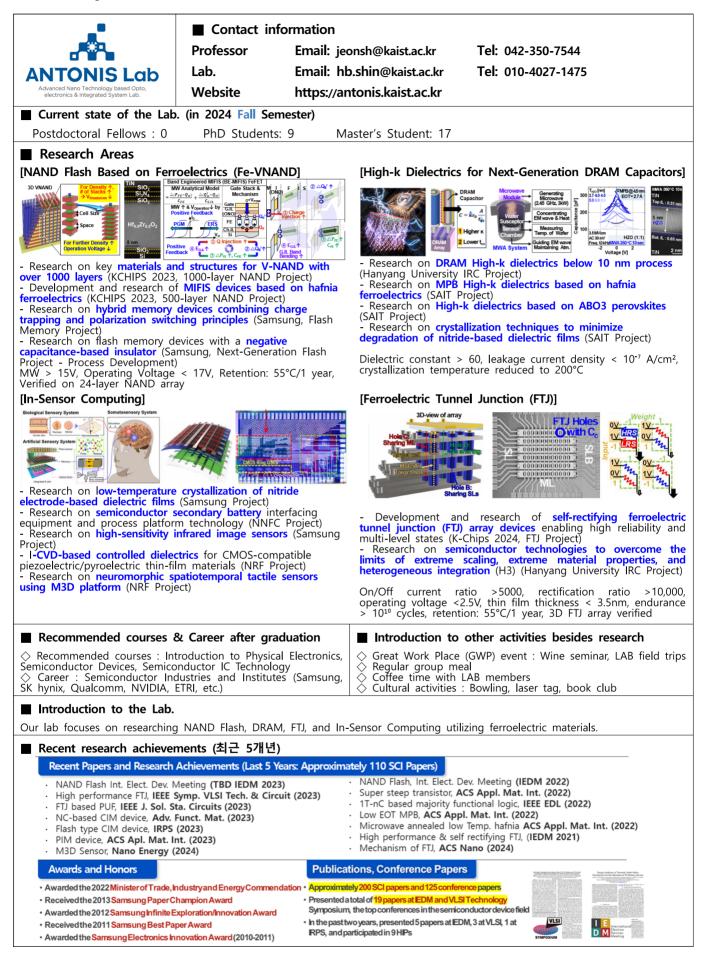
Our lab prides in our friendly and horizontal lab culture and student-driven researches. We respect every student's own times and schedules, and provide an academic environment to study and research in at one's own needs.

* About the PI: I myself was a KAIST undergraduate, class of 2006, who took classes in the same rooms of KAIST and did internships and undergrad research programs, developing my skills as a researcher. I take as a top priority to lead a lab that's the most beneficial for our members, and will try my hardest in <u>helping students find the research topics of</u> their interest and creating a non-authoritative lab atmosphere blooming with fruitful discussions.

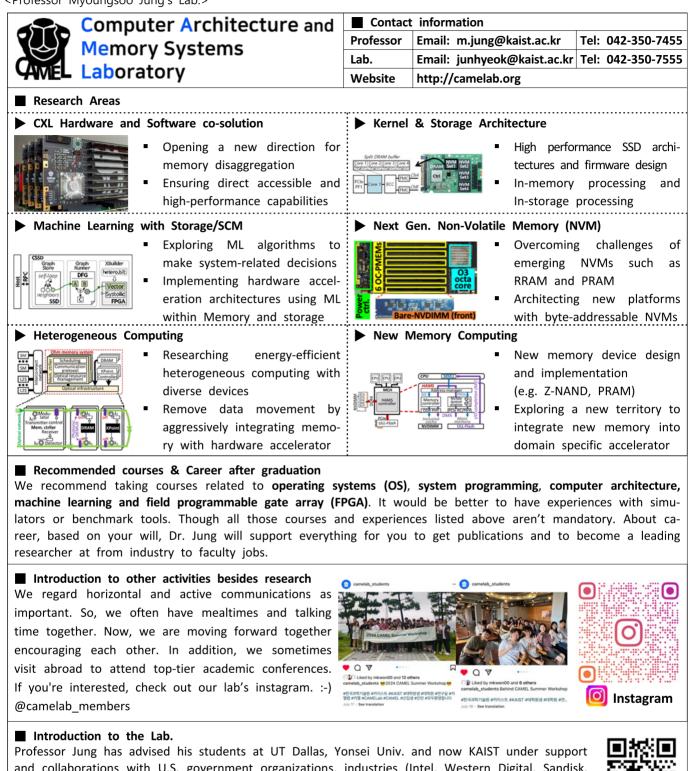
Publications

- [1] "Electrostatic steering of thermal emission with active metasurface control of delocalized modes", Nature Communications (2024)
- [2] "Graphene unlocks dispersion of topological polaritons", Nature Nanotechnology (2022).
- [3] "Full 2π tunable phase modulation using avoided crossing of resonances", Nature Communications (2022s).
- [4] "Near-field probing of image phonon-polaritons in hexagonal boron nitride on gold crystals", Science Advances (2022).
- [5] "Real-space imaging of acoustic plasmons in large-area graphene grown by chemical vapor deposition", Nature Communications (2021).

<Professor Sanghun Jeon's Lab.>



<Professor Myoungsoo Jung's Lab.>



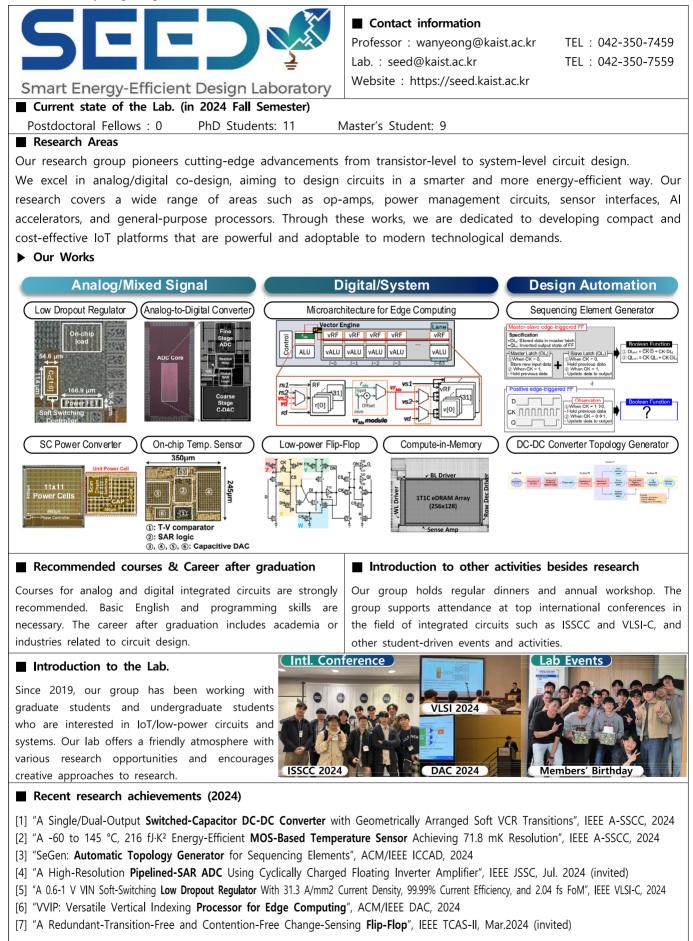
and collaborations with U.S. government organizations, industries (Intel, Western Digital, Sandisk, Samsung, SK Hynix, Memray) and institutions (UIUC, Georgia tech). Our lab have published many papers to top-tier conferences and gotten attention in many presses. We continue to target top-tier conference publications in a perfect environment for research.



Recent research achievements (2012 - 2024)

- 46 publications in top-tier conferences. (Total 131 publications including major conferences and SCI journals.)
- Our system research is ranked first in Korea, according to the metrics-based system, CSRankings.
- 15 international articles, 181 domestic articles including Korea major presses and Naver news headline.
- 96 international and domestic patents.

<Professor Wanyeong Jung's Lab.>



Bio-Integrated Electronics and Systems Laboratory

Contact information

Professor : Nanofab center (E19), Room 516 Lab. : Nanofab center (E19), Room 522 Website : http://jeongresearch.org

Current state of the Lab. (in 2024 Spring Semester)

Postdoctoral Fellows : 2 PhD Students: 7 Master's Student: 10

Research Areas

Our mission is to invent the future generation "soft" bioelectronics and biomedical systems for advancing healthcare and biomedical research. Research areas in our group include design and fabrication of flexible/stretchable electronics, photonic microsystems, and microfluidic devices for various applications such as health/wellness monitoring, disease diagnosis and therapy, human-machine interfaces, and neuroscience.

"Wearable" Skin-like Electronics

Conventional biomedical devices mounted on our body are rigid, bulky, and its mechanical properties do not match with the property of the human tissue. Based on flexible/stretchable electronics technologies, our group develops soft, flexible, and stretchable devices with diagnostic and therapeutic capabilities, which can be conformally wrapped on curvilinear-shaped skin. We are broadly interested in stretchy bio-integrated electronics that integrate multiple modalities (e.g. electronics, photonics, and microfluidics) "Implantable" Soft Electronics

Implantable devices have been drawing significant attentions in biomedical research for continuous monitoring of force, pressure, temperature, and electrophysiological signals inside living subjects. Implantable electronic systems must be small in size, compatible with biological tissue, and sturdy enough to withstand the physical forces within the body. Our research focus is to develop soft, stretchable sensors and actuators that enable high spatiotemporal resolution recording and control; and that conform to the micro-geometry of 3-D tissue without creating damaging local stresses. Our particular interests are in implantable cardiac devices and wireless multifunctional neural probes for the brain.

"Transformative" Electronics

Electronics capable of changing their shape, flexibility, and stretchability will enable versatile and accommodating systems for more diverse applications. Our group investigates design concepts, materials, physics, and manufacturing strategies that enable these reconfigurable electronic systems based on stimuli-responsive materials such as liquid metals. We are interested in developing this technology to create various transformative electronics for applications in wearables, implantables, sensing, robotics, and display.

Recommended courses & Career after graduation Introduction to other activities besides research Recommended courses: MEMS, micro/nanofabrication, We hold annual group party and workshop. In addition, circuit design, embedded systems, etc. we attend various international conferences including Potential career path: Transducers, MEMS, EMBC, MRS, BMES, etc. Industry: Electronics, Semiconductor, Medical, etc. Academia: Univ. Professors, Researchers at National Labs

Introduction to the Lab.

Our group works on multidisciplinary research, crossing the areas of EE, ME, BME, materials, and physics. We are actively collaborating with Washington Univ. School of Medicine, Georgia Tech, Yonsei University Medical School, etc.

Recent research achievements ('22~'24)

Nature Communications, Advanced Materials (2021). Nature Biomedical Engineering, Nature Communications, Advanced Materials (2022). Nature Protocols, Nature Communications, Science Advances (2023).

[1] "Soft subdermal implant capable of wireless battery charging and programmable controls for applications in optogenetics." Nat. Commun. 12, 535 (2021).

[2] "Scalable and modular wireless-network infrastructure for large-scale behavioural neuroscience." Nat. Biomed. Eng. 6, 771–786 (2022).

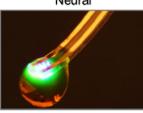
[3] "Rapid meniscus-guided printing of stable semi-solid-state liquid metal microgranular-particle for soft electronics" Nat. Commun. 13, 2643 (2022).

[4] "Customizable, wireless and implantable neural probe design and fabrication via 3D printing" Nat. Protoc. 12, 219-237 (2023).



Epidermal





Transformative



< Professor Joon Son Chung >



Introduction to the Lab.

Mutimodal AI (MMAI) Lab develops numerous ideas based on multi-modal data. With the help of Artificial Intelligence, we aim to solve various tasks by fundamental understanding of multi-modality, an extension of single modal approach such as vision only, and audio only. We focus on augmenting the performance of existing tasks by the multi-modal approach and exploring more in-depth researches based upon the combination of various information. Any motivated students in machine learning, visual, and auditory information are welcomed.

Recent research achievements (2024)[1] J. Kim, H. Lee, K. Rho, J. Kim, J. S. Chung, "EquiAV: Leveraging Equivariance for Audio-Visual Contrastive Learning," International Conference on Maching Learning, 2024

[2] Y. Jang, J. Kim, J. Ahn, D. Kwak, H. Yang, Y. Ju, I. Kim, B. Kim, J. S. Chung, "Faces that Speak: Jointly Synthesising Talking Face and Speech from Text," IEEE Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition, 2024

[3] D. M. Argaw, S. Yoon, F. C. Heilbron, H. Deilamsalehy, T. Bui, Z. Wang, F. Dernoncourt, J. S. Chung, "Scaling Up Video Summarization Pretraining with Large Language Models," IEEE Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition, 2024 [4] J. Kim, J. Kim, J. S. Chung, "Let There Be Sound: Reconstructing High Quality Speech from Silent Videos," AAAI Conference on Artificial Intelligence, 2024

Inference and Information for Data Science (IIDS) Lab.

Contact information

Professor : ITC Building (N1) 206 Lab. : ITC Building (N1) 213 Website : http://iids.kaist.ac.kr TEL : 042-350-7441 TEL : 042-350-7541

Current state of the Lab. (in 2024 Fall Semester) PhD Students: 7 Master's Student: 5

■ Research areas: Algorithms and theory for data science / Efficient deep learning and trustworthy AI.

The goal of our research group is to provide a **theoretical and algorithmic framework** for data science and machine learning that can lead to efficient strategies for assessing, gathering, extracting, and exploiting information. In the era of big data, we want to fully utilize the large volumes and richness of data sets to efficiently infer the real-world phenomena behind the data. Information-theoretic concepts and tools are useful in data science, especially to establish fundamental limits and to explore trade-offs in extracting information from data sets. To deal with new challenges originated from practical concerns related Al systems, we also develop algorithms for data-efficient deep learning, and robust/trustworthy ML/Al systems.

Recent research topics:

- Data-efficient deep learning: storing and utilizing large datasets for training deep neural networks require high storage and computational costs. Our goal is to solve this challenge by finding techniques to select the most informative subset of the dataset or to acquire a summary of the dataset that can approximate the training with the entire datasets in a cost-efficient manner.

Selected CIFAR-10	Condensed CIFAR-10

Plane Car Bird Cat Deer Dog Frog Horse Ship Truck Plane Car Bird Cat Deer Dog Frog Horse Ship Truck

- Robust and trustworthy machine learning: we work on developing reliable machine learning methods to address practical issues in deploying deep learning systems such as out-of-distribution detection or test-time adaptation.

- Algorithms and theory for data science: we have worked on developing strategies to efficiently collect data from human annotators using crowdsourcing platforms and to extract useful information from high-dimensional data such as random graphs or matrices. We develop new algorithms and theoretically analyze these algorithms to provide not only efficient ways of processing data but to provide theoretical guarantees of the algorithms.

Recommended courses & Career after graduation	Introduction to other activities besides research
Recommended courses are probability, information	Students who would join our group can freely suggest
theory, and machine learning. Mathematical background	ideas on group activities they would like to have. Prof.
and/or programming skills would be helpful to start	Hye Won Chung is willing to provide great support for
research in our lab. Data science and machine learning	students in our group and she tries to be available for
are rapidly emerging areas with many possible career	students in meeting and discussing ideas.
opportunities both in industry and academia.	

■ Introduction to the Lab.

We are welcoming new students who are passionate in exploring interesting ideas in data science and machine learning. We encourage open discussions and collaborations in defining research problems and developing ideas.

Recent research achievements (Year 2024)

- [1] BWS: Best Window Selection Based on Sample Scores for Data Pruning across Broad Ranges, ICML 2024
- [2] SelMatch: Effectively Scaling Up Dataset Distillation via Selection-Based Initialization and Partial Updates by Trajectory Matching, ICML 2024 [3] Representation Norm Amplification for Out-of-Distribution Detection in Long-Tail Learning, TMLR 2024
- [4] Exact Graph Matching in Correlated Gaussian-Attributed Erdos-Renyi Model, ISIT 2024
- [5] Detection Problems in the Spiked Random Matrix Models, IEEE Trans. on Information Theory, 2024
- [6] Asymptotic Normality of Log-Likelihood Ratio and Fundamental Limit of the Weak Detection for Spiked Wigner Matrices, Bernoulli, 2024 [7] A Worker-Task Specialization Model for Crowdsourcing: Efficient Inference and Fundamental Limits, IEEE Trans. on Information Theory 2024



Contact information

Master's Student: 20

Professor : mkje@kaist.ac.kr	TEL : 7437
Lab. : ygc980215@kaist.ac.kr	TEL : 7637
Website : impact kaist ac.kr	

Current state of the Lab. (in 2024 Fall Semester)

Postdoctoral Fellows : 1 PhD Students: 23

Research Areas

The core technology of the research is analog, mixed-signal, and RF integrated circuit design techniques, especially focusing on intelligent sensor interface circuits and ultra low power wireless communication circuits.

▷ Intelligent sensor interface

The sensor interface circuit that works with the sensor is an essential component to acquire the information of the real physical world. It has to provide sufficient performance while consuming low power. In particular, we aim to develop an intelligent interface circuit that can compensate the deficiencies of the sensor and extract meaningful information even under imperfect conditions.

> Ultra-low-power wireless communication

Particularly, we are interested in the technology that realizes the short distance communication in the vicinity of the human

body with high energy efficiency as well as the various circuit techniques for duty-cycling the wireless communication circuits which consume the most power in the wireless sensor microsystems as much as possible. Microsystem convergence for emerging applications

Based on this low-power integrated circuit technology, the extremely small and intelligent systems can be integrated for various applications expected to play an important role in the future. Especially, the miniaturized medical device that can be implanted inside a human body for therapeutics, brain research, and neuromodulation is the main application area. We are also interested in wearable devices which are expected to be the next generation mobile devices, and ultra low power wireless sensor nodes which are key to the implementation of the internet of things.

Recommended courses & Career after	Introduction to other activities besides research
include circuit theory, electronic circuits, analog electronic circuits, digital electronic circuits, digital systems, digital signal processing, communication engineering, and radio engineering. After graduation,	The IMPACT lab. is fairly new in that we started in 2016 at KAIST. Therefore, the members can make an important contribution in forming the culture of the laboratory. The best possible support will be provided to create an environment in which the members can engage in research with pleasant passion, voluntary commitment, and open exchange, based on strong mutual trust. A variety of non-research activities are also being created in line with this.

Introduction to the Lab.

We are not just targeting to develop new circuit design techniques, but to create substantial achievement that can greatly affect our future lives, by working together with experts from diverse fields including sensor, energy, communication, packaging, as well as medical devices and IT applications through an international collaborative research network.

Recent research achievements (2024)

[1] A Two-Electrode Bio-Impedance Readout IC with Complex-Domain Noise-Correlated Baseline Cancellation Supporting Sinusoidal Excitation, in Proc. IEEE International Solid-State Circuits Conference (ISSCC), Feb. 2024.

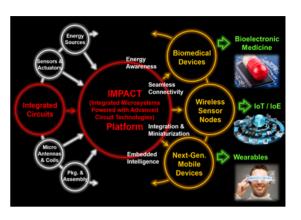
[2] A Fully Integrated Dynamic-Voltage-Scaling Stimulator IC with Miniaturized Reconfigurable Supply Modulator and Channel Drivers for Cochlear Implants, in Proc. IEEE Custom Integrated Circuits Conference (CICC), Apr. 2024.

[3] A 5.7 kfps Fast Neural Electrical Impedance Tomography IC Based on Incremental Zoom Structure with Baseline Cancellation for Peripheral Nerve Monitoring Systems, in Proc. IEEE Symposium on VLSI Technology and Circuits (SOVC), Jun. 2024.

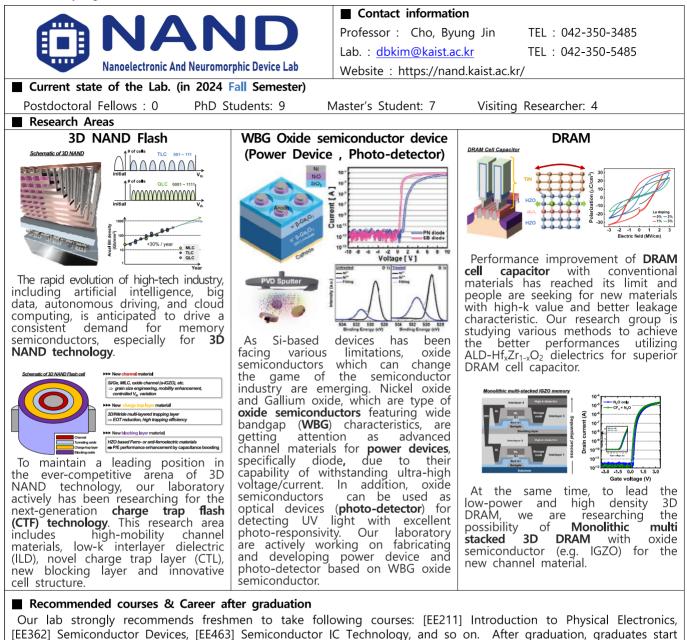
[4] An Intra-Body-Power-Transfer System Energized by an Electromagnetic Energy Harvester for Powering Wearable Sensor Nodes, in Proc. IEEE Symposium on VLSI Technology and Circuits (SOVC), Jun. 2024.

[5] A Δ -Based Spike Sorting SoC with End-to-End Implementation of Event-Driven Binary Autoencoder Neural Network in Analog CIM Achieving 94.54 % Accuracy and 3.11 μ W/ch, in Proc. IEEE Symposium on VLSI Technology and Circuits (SOVC), Jun. 2024.

[6] A Fully Dynamic 1st-Order 1st-Order Δ - $\Delta\Sigma$ Modulator with a 468 mVpp Input Range for Electrical Impedance Tomography Systems, in Proc. IEEE Symposium on VLSI Technology and Circuits (SOVC), Jun. 2024.



<Professor Byung Jin Cho's Lab.>



their careers in domestic or foreign semiconductor companies (Samsung Electronics, SK Hynix, Lam Research, etc),

■ Introduction to other activities besides research

research institutes, universities, and so on.

We regularly engage in sports activities such as futsal and badminton every week, and we actively interact with other labs. We also enjoy delicious meals together, and we hold events such as picnic, workshop, homecoming, and MT (membership training) every year.

■ Introduction to the Lab.

Our lab has world-class experience and various know-hows on traditional memory devices (NAND and DRAM) and advanced semiconductor devices (Monolithic 3D integration and Oxide semiconductor based devices). Currently we are running 8 main projects funded by Samsung, SK hynix, and government agencies. Our research group published 301 journals and presented in 363 conferences. Professor thoroughly guides our research with his deep understanding on CMOS technology. Our lab has open and friendly atmosphere that students make interactive discussion about their research.

Recent research achievements ('22~'24)

Major International Conference (two VLSI – 2023, 2024) 19 SCI papers, 21 conference presentations, 13 patents

〈Professor SeongHwan Cho's Lab.〉

	Contact information			
HCHC S	Cho's Circuits and Systems Laboratory (CCSLAB)	Professor	Email: chosta@kaist.ac.kr	Tel: 042-350-3480
	Laboratory (CCSLAB)	Lab.	Nano-Fab Center 304	
		Website	https://ccs.kaist.ac.kr	
Current sta	ate of the Lab. (in 2024 Fall Se	emester)		
Postdoctoral	Fellows: 0 Ph.D. Students: 11	Mas	ter's Students: 7	
■ Research A → High-speed	Areas analog, mixed-signal and RF circu	its		
clock generatio essential analog frequency for c	ed analog, mixed-signal and RF c on, memory interface, and wirelin g and mixed-mode circuit which ommunication system. Recently, w ue for low-jitter clock multipliers a	ne transceive synthesizes s ve are focusir	r. Representively, PLL is an street system clock to the desired	tion Signal Generation Consult II Consultation Consultati
⊳ Low-power o	circuits for sensors			Proposed Sub-ranging Current Reference
most application trade-off betwo	ance PVT-insensitive sensors are ons, PVT variation degrades the een calibration cost and perfor ted techniques for biomedical, au	performance mance, we	of sensors. To relieve the $R_1 \rightarrow R_2$ are currently focusing on R_2	$\begin{array}{c} & \begin{array}{c} & \end{array} \\ & \end{array} \\ & \end{array} \\ & \begin{array}{c} & \end{array} \\ & \end{array} \\ & \end{array} \\ & \begin{array}{c} & \end{array} \\ & \end{array} \\ & \end{array} \\ & \begin{array}{c} & \end{array} \\ & \end{array} \\ & \begin{array}{c} & \end{array} \\ & \end{array} \\ & \end{array} \\ & \begin{array}{c} & \begin{array}{c} & \begin{array}{c} & \begin{array}{c} & \begin{array}{c} & \begin{array}{c} & \end{array} \\ & \begin{array}{c} & \begin{array}{c} & \end{array} \\ & \end{array} \\ & \end{array} \\ & \end{array} \\ & \begin{array}{c} & \end{array} \\ & \end{array} \\ & \end{array} \\ & \begin{array}{c} & \end{array} \\ & \end{array} \\ & \end{array} \\ & \begin{array}{c} & \end{array} \\ & \end{array} \\ & \end{array} \\ & \begin{array}{c} & \end{array} \\ & \end{array} \\ & \end{array} \\ & \begin{array}{c} & \end{array} \\ & \end{array} \\ & \end{array} \\ & \end{array} \\ & \begin{array}{c} & \end{array} \\ & \begin{array}{c} & \end{array} \\ & \begin{array}{c} & \end{array} \\ & \end{array} \\ & \end{array} \\ & \end{array} \\ & \begin{array}{c} & \end{array} \\ \\ & \end{array} \\ & \end{array} \\ & \end{array} \\ & \end{array} \\ \\ & \end{array} \\ \\ & \end{array} \\ \\ & \end{array} \\ & \end{array} \\ \\ \\ & \end{array} \\ \\ & \end{array} \\ \\ \\ & \end{array} \\ \\ & \end{array} \\ \\ \\ \\$
\triangleright Machine lea	rning and memory			
decade as it ha industrial use.	ing based on neural network ha as the potential to revolutionize In particular, we are interested to uit domain which is effective digital domain.	various techr 5 implement	nologies for commercial and المستقلة machine learning processor المستقلة	
Recommen	ded courses & Career after g	raduation		
Students are er Electronics and institutes such	ncouraged to take Circuit Theory, Digital Signal Processing. Alum as DGIST, ETH Zurich, KAIST (Fac Stanford, Univ. of Michigan, U. C.	Electronic Ci ni are worki culty), NVidia	ng with international major cor , Qualcomm, Broadcom, A*STAR,	npanies and research Samsung Electronics
Introductio	n to the Lab			
Research focus from algorithms interface, CMOS	lores emerging technologies for is on the design of analog inte s and system architectures to circu S sensors, phase-locked loops (P to power management circuit as v	grated circuit uit technique LL), and low	ts with multiple layers of system s and devices. Our main research power circuit for machine learn	n abstraction in mind n area is wireline data
Introductio	n to other activities besides re	esearch	and the second second	
season), ski ca can have flex	ual/seasonal events such as str mp and workshop to foster frien ible vacation plan during the motivation. We offer various oppo conferences.	ndship. Also, year to re	members fresh and	
Recent res	earch achievements			
	Cho, "A 7.5GHz Subharmonic Injec ference Spur," IEEE Int'l Solid-State			ference, -259.7dB FoMJ
	Lee, S.H. Cho, "A PVT-Insensitive S			opm/°C from -20°C to

[2] P. Park, J. Lee, S.H. Cho, "A PVT-Insensitive Sub-Ranging Current Reference Achieving 11.4ppm/°C from -20°C to 125°C," IEEE Int'l Solid-State Circuits Conference (ISSCC), 2024.

[3]J. Oh, and S.H. Cho, "A 0.001-mm2, 1.15-11 GHz Background Quadrature Phase and Duty-Cycle Error Corrector Using a NAND-based Phase Detector in 28-nm CMOS", IEEE Solid State Circuits Letters, 2024.

[4] J. Seo, M. Seok, S.H. Cho, "A 44.2-TOPS/W CNN Process With Variation-Tolerant Analog Datapath and Variation Compensating Circuit", IEEE J. Solid-State Circuits, vol. 59, no. 5, 2024.

{Professor Kyung Cheol Choi>

				information			
	Advance	d Display and	Professor	Email: kyungcc@kaist.ac.k	Tel: 042-350-3482		
Adversared Display & Nurse Convergence Lab		rgence Laboratory	Lab.	Device Innovation Facility (E3-3)	Tel: 042-350-5482		
			Website	http://adnc.kaist.ac.kr			
Current state of	of the Lab. (ir	n 2024 Fall Semester)				
	Postdoctoral Fellows : 1 PhD Students: 14 Master's Student: 8						
Research Areas	5						
-				n encapsulation, electrodes, a	nd out-coupling		
		transparent and flexible					
		-		evices fabricated on textiles, su			
		-		on in the ADNC lab. Wearing te			
-				s, IoT devices, and photo-the rong candidate for future display			
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Recommended co	ourses & Career	after graduation					
The lecture titled 'Di	splay engineerin	g' is recommended. A t	total of 54 pec	pple (as Ph.D. 35, M.S. 19) gradu	ated from ADNC		
Lab. are working in	university, corpo	rations, and national ins	stitutes as prof	essors and research engineers.			
Introduction to ot	ther activities be	esides research					
ADNC lab emphasize	es team-work th	rough various sports ac	tivities such as	footsal, basketball, hiking and e	tc.		
Introduction to the second	ne Lab.						
The ADNC lab cond	ucts research o	n future technology of	display devices	. Until now, we have published	204 SCI papers,		
delivered 236 preser	ntations in conf	erences, and filed 119	patents. ADNO	C lab had led the Center for A	Advanced Flexible		
			-	of the National Research Four			
			-	important part in "Attachable Pl	•		
				RF, which is funded until 2024.			
	-		-	enter from 2010 until now, an			
				Display. From previous researc			
most efficient PDP to current research on textile-based washable optoelectronic modules, we have reported numerous excellent results and have attracted attention from worldwide industries and various media. Students interested in future							
technologies should			lae maastres i	and various media. Students int	crested in future		
■ Recent research a							
	-	onference, 27 patents app	lied for or regis	tered			
[Representative Journ		merence, Er patents app	lica for or regi				
-		trathin displays (<u>Nature C</u>	Communications	IF: 14.7, 2024)			
				onitoring (ACS Nano IF: 15.8, 202	<u>4</u>)		
- [Front Cover] High	ly Air-stable, Fle	xible, and Water-resistive	e 2D Titanium	Carbide MXene-based RGB Orga	nic Light Emitting		
Diode Displays for Tra	ansparent Free-fo	rm Electronics (<u>ACS nano</u>	IF: 15.8, 2023)				
U.A.La Terates			Journal of the <u>SOCIETY FOR</u> INFORMATION		ADVANCED		
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(Professor Sung-Yool Choi's Lab.)



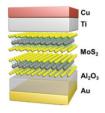
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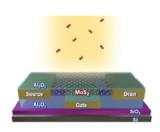
Professor : S	chool of Electrical Engineering (E3-2) 522	21~5222
Lab. : Schoo	of Electrical Engineering (E3-2) 5232	
KI Buil	ding (E4) C418	
Professor	Email: sungyool.choi@kaist.ac.kr	Tel: 042-350-742
Lab.	Email: kingkongdo@kaist.ac.kr	Tel: 042-350-762
Website	qmdl.kaist.ac.kr	

Current state of the Lab. (in 2024 Fall Semester)

Research Professor: 1 Postdoctoral Fellows : 0 PhD Students: 10 Master's Student: 9

Research Areas





Neuromorphic and Memristor Devices

Our research focuses on studying and advancing innovative devices for memory, logic, and neuromorphic computing applications, including the next generation of in-memory computing and memristor-based neural network-mimicking devices.
 By employing advanced materials and structural engineering, we aim

to enhance the performance of memristors as artificial synapses ans neurons, complemented by comprehensive device-to-system simulations for artificial neural networks.

► Electronics based on 2D Materials

By conducting core technologies compatible with 2D semiconductors -such as precise doping, defect passivation, and material transfer-we are able to meticulously fine-tune transistor performance. - Furthermore, we also utilize intensive pulsed light (IPL) technology

to improve the performance of transistors and synthesize different materials.

- By developing low-power integrated circuits based on two-dimensional semiconductors, we aspire to implement TFT arrays within flexible display backplanes.

We are also focused on creating advanced optical devices for sensor applications, utilizing two-dimensional materials with diverse bandgaps.

► Synthesis & Process for 2D or Novel nanomaterials - Our laboratory employs a diverse array of advanced technologies for the synthesis of semiconductor transition metal dichalcogenides (TMDs) including metallic graphene, molybdenum disulfide (MoS₂), and insulating hexagonal boron nitride (h-BN). - In addition to traditional chemical vapor deposition (CVD) methods, including array employed in providive synthesis techniques such as

we are exploring innovative synthesis techniques such as organometallic chemical vapor deposition (MOCVD) and atomic layer deposition (ALD) to transcend the limitations associated with conventional processes.

Recommended courses & Career after graduation

- We encourage you to take following courses
 - Introduction to Physical Electronics (EE211)
 - Semiconductor Devices (EE362)

Semiconductor Devices (EE302)
 Semiconductor IC Technology (EE463)
 As of 2024, 7 QMDL alumni hold university professorships, 2 are conducting research at ETRI and KIMM, and 29 are employed by companies such as Samsung Electronics and SK hynix.

Introduction of the Lab.

Quantum Materials and Devices Lab (QMDL) is focusing on the molecular-scale materials and devices for the next-generation IT-ET-BT convergence technology, spanning the electronics and photonics applications. Our vision of research is "creative researches to change the world". All research members can choose creative research topics based on the above-mentioned topics considering students' opinions. QMDL is mainly supervising GRC (Graphene/2D Materials Research Center), CAMD³ (Center for Advanced Materials Discovery towards 3D Display), and KAIST-Hansol Center for Advanced Materials and Devices. Individual member can have opportunities to perform in-depth study by cooperating with other members to achieve outstanding performance.

Recent research achievements ('22~'24)

Neuromorphic and Memristor Devices

- . Adv. Sci. 11(23), 2308847 (2024) . Adv. Funct. Mater. 34, 2305136 (2024) . Small. 19, 2300223 (2023) . Mater. Horiz. 10, 2035-2046 (2023) . Adv. Mater. 35, 2300023 (2023)[Inside Front Cover] . Adv. Intell. Syst. 4, 2200177 (2022) . Adv. Intell. Syst. 4, 220018 (2022) [Front Cover] 6. 7.
- Electronics based on 2D Materials
- 1. ACS Appl. Mater. Interfaces. 16(33), 43849 (2024)
- AcS Appl. Mater. Interfaces. 10(53), 45049 (2024)
 Nanoscale, Advance Article (2024) (Online published)
 Small. 20, 2305743 (2024)
 ACS Photonics. 10, 3027 (2023)
 ACS Nano. 17, 9262 (2023)
 Adv. Electron. Mater. 8, 2101325 (2022)

Synthesis & Process for 2D or Novel nanomaterials

KAIST GRC

GRC (Since 2012)

≽ kaist camd' CAMD³ (Since 2016)

KAIST-Hansol Center (Since 2022)

Introduction to other activities besides research

in April and a year-end party in December.

We develop our research through lively discussions between seniors and juniors in a casual atmosphere. We also invite alumni to present their research and conduct workshops once a semester. In

addition, there are many opportunities to attend national and international conferences. Annual events include a strawberry party

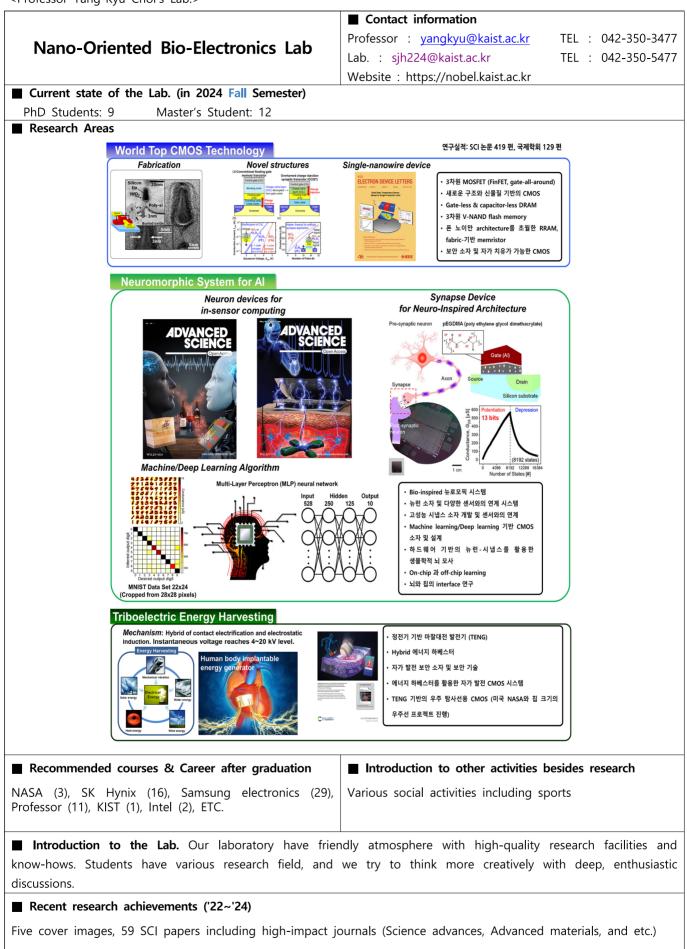
- 1. Adv. Mater. 35, 2305222 (2023) [Supplementary Cover] 2. Adv. Mater. Interfaces. 10, 2300135 (2023) 3. ACS Appl. Nano. Mater. 6, 8981 (2023) 4. ACS Appl. Mater. Interfaces. 14, 43907 (2022) 5. Chem 8, 1014 (2022) [Front Cover]



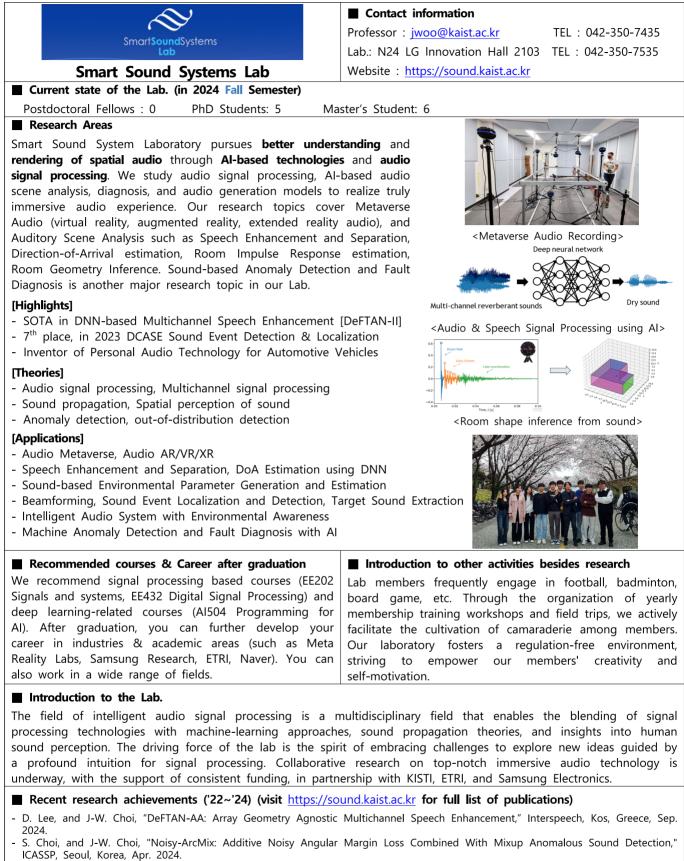
<Professor Shinhyun Choi's Lab.>



 S. Choi*, S. Park*, S. Seo, and S. Choi†, Reliable multilevel memristive neuromorphic devices based on amorphous matrix via quasi-1D filament confinement and buffer layer, *Science Advances*, 8, 3 (2022)

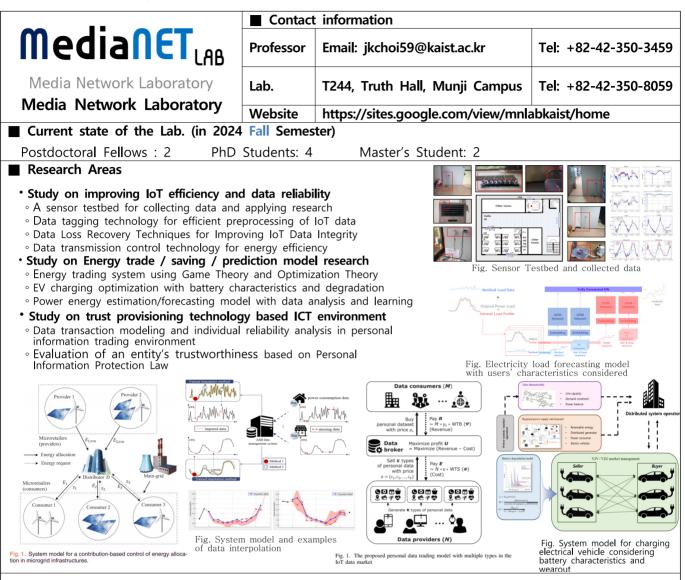


<Professor Jung-Woo Choi's Lab.>



- Y. Shul, and J-W. Choi, "CST-FORMER: Transformer with Channel-Spectro-Temporal Attention for Sound Event Localization and ICASSP, Seoul, Korea, Apr. 2024.

(Professor Jun Kyun Choi)



Recommended courses

(1) Mathematical basics such as probability and statistics, optimization theory (2) Learning subjects such as learning theory and data processing (3) Communication and Network Basic Courses, including Communication and Information Theory and Introduction to Network

Career after graduation

As of 2024, 28 PhD graduates (Professor, Samsung Electronics, ETRI, etc.) and 46 masters (PhD., Naver, ADD, etc.) have been trained to nurture outstanding talents. Recent graduates' careers are widely distributed in the government-funded research institutes (ETRI, ADD, etc.), large corporations (Samsung Electronics, LG Electronics), and telecommunication companies (SKT, KT, LGU +).

■ Introduction to other activities besides research

There are many opportunities to attend many meetings other than research purposes, such as attending ITU-T and IETF standardization activities and participating in hackathon events. Each year, students have the opportunity to visit CES, attend conferences, and organize various group events for fellowship in the lab.

Introduction to the Lab

Our lab's greatest advantage is the atmosphere of freedom. Once a month, students held a casual meeting to gather our opinions and decide on all kinds of issues of the lab. The professor respects the opinions and rights of the students and actively reflects all matters decided at the student meetings. As various studies are conducted, the desired research topic can be freely selected from related fields in the lab. Our lab regularly held lab seminar to cooperate with each other and share comments on one's research. In addition, some graduates are working as professors in other colleges continuously give help to advise the students in our lab, which is beneficial to get various perspectives of the experts in different fields.

Recent research achievements (2022-2024)

SCI International Journal: 18; International Conference: 3; Patent Registration: 35

Prof. Junil Choi

Intelligent Communication Systems Lab.

Current state of the Lab. (in 2024 Fall Semester)

Postdoctoral Fellows : 2 PhD Students: 10

Master's Student: 8

Research Areas [MmWave Massive MIMO]

Millimeter-wave (mmWave) massive multiple-input multiple-output (MIMO) systems operate at 30~300 GHz with many antennas at transceivers. This technology enables large antenna arrays in small form factors, making it popular for 5G and future wireless communications.

[Reconfigurable Intelligent Surface]

RIS is a large 2D meta-material surface with controllable passive scattering elements. It can alter electromagnetic properties of incident signals to improve communication channels. RIS is particularly valuable for mmWave systems, which suffer from high path loss and blockage.

Research areas include: Joint active and passive beamforming, channel estimation of reflected signals, and multi-RIS deployment

[Non-Terrestrial Networks]

These networks use space-based systems for data, voice, and multimedia transmission. They offer high-speed, reliable, and wide-coverage communication, revolutionizing global connectivity.

[ML-based Communication]

Machine learning approaches in wireless communication systems are promising for 6G and beyond. They can discover linear or nonlinear characteristics from data, applicable to complex wireless systems.

Applications include: Near-optimal channel estimation and symbol detection using deep neural networks and over-the-air federated learning systems

Recommended courses	Introduction to other activities besides research
[MAS] Introduction to Algebra, [EE210] Probability	Please visit our website (icl.kaist.ac.kr), where our various
Introductory Random Process, [EE202] Signal and	activities including are posted.
System, [EE321] Communication Engineering	
Career after graduation	

Qualcomm, Samsung, ETRI, etc.

■ Introduction to the Lab.

Our laboratory focuses on designing state-of-the-art communication techniques for 5G/6G systems. We aim to support the commercialization of key 5G/6G services. Our primary interest lies in physical layer design, involving mathematical analysis and simulation experiments.

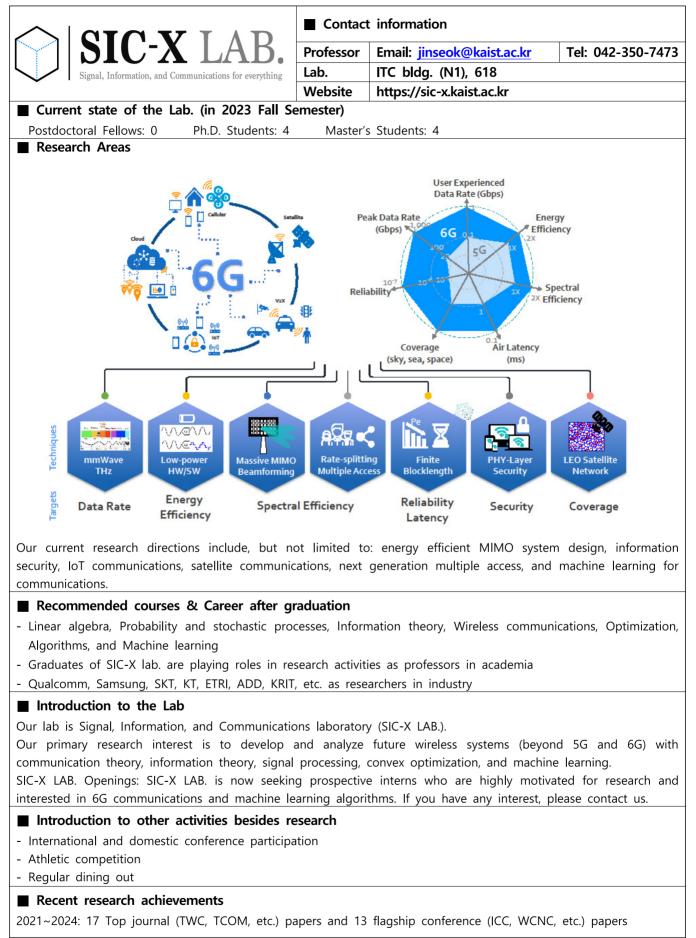
Professor Junil Choi provides strong support for student research. Team members are open to collaborative studies within the lab. We welcome inquiries from interested individuals.

Recent research achievements ('22~'24)

31 journal papers and 12 conference papers are accepted or published.

Students received multiple awards in various societies.

〈Professor Jinseok Choi's Lab.〉





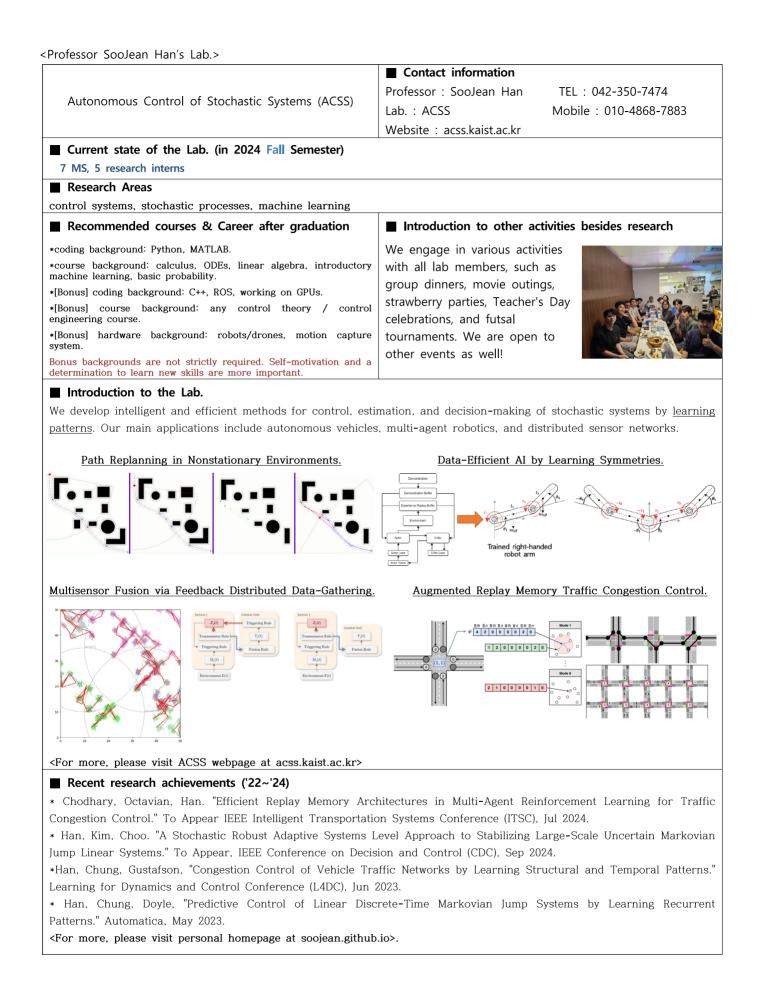
[2] J. Park, H. Yeom, S. Yun and J. Ha, "Downlink Cell-Free Massive MIMO With Pilot Contamination," IEEE Transactions on Vehicular Technology, vol. 73, no. 1, pp. 1412-1417, Jan. 2024

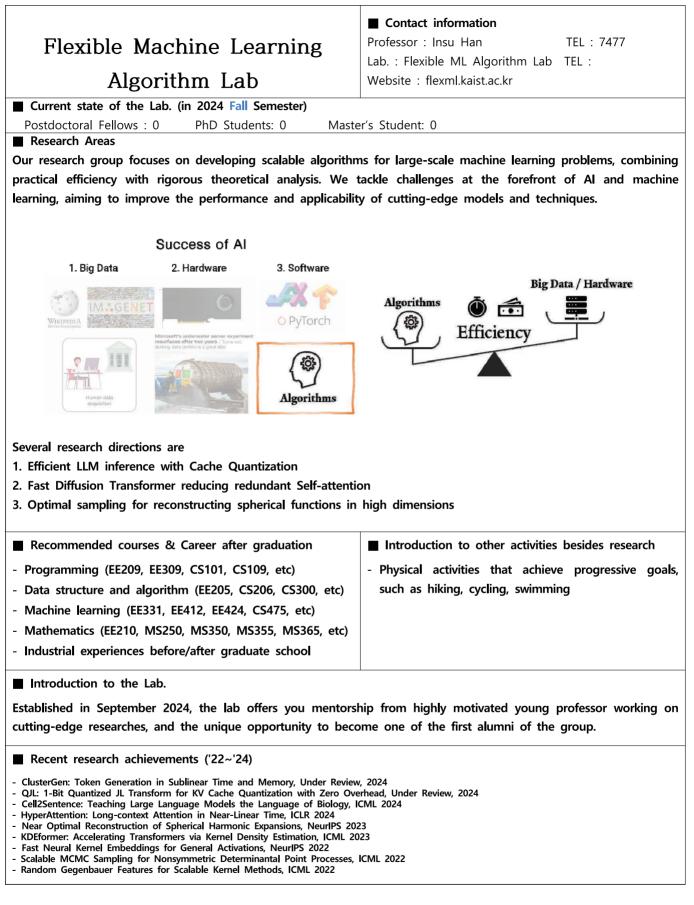
[3] I. Ali, and J. Ha, "Partial Spatial Coupling of LDPC Codes: Reducing the Gap to Capacity by Improving the Rate," IEEE Transactions on Communications, vol. 71, no. 12, pp. 6898-6913, Dec. 2023

(Professor Dongsu Han)

Intolligent Network Architecture and	Contact information					
Intelligent Network Architecture and	Professor Email: dhan.ee@kaist.ac.kr Tel: 7431					
Distributed Systems Lab.	Lab.	Email: inalab@kaist.ac.kr	Tel: 7631			
	Website	https://ina.kaist.ac.kr				
Current state of the Lab. (in 2024 Fall Semest	ter)					
Postdoctoral Fellows : 0 PhD Students: 5	Maste	er's Student: 4				
Research Areas						
With more diverse applications and its requirements, we design/implement (1) the distributed system where such applications can be operated efficiently, and (2) the new possibility created with more interconnected computers.						
Cloud infrastructure: Currently, many applications and i complex with advanced features. This trends will contin Accordingly, we are making network/cloud infrastructur	nue as techno e more intelli	logy advances. gent.	Contraction of the second s			
Why cloud and distributed systems?: Cloud and distributed system is the key to realize computer's infinite possibility. You can reflect your vision into the software technology. New systems create new worlds and the new worlds require new systems. For example, big-data processing system becomes the infrastructure extracting "knowledge" from the raw data such as Google Search. Moreover, you can make current systems more efficient. For example, if mobile OS like Android can predict network performance in real time to show the YouTube video, it can reduce the delay to play the video, which create additional market value.						
Recent research topics						
- Systems for AI: Optimizing the use of GPU resources	and network	bandwidth in hyper-scale training	environment			
- Al for Systems: Microservice auto-scaling study, Accele	erate DNA sec	uencing using the learned index				
- AI + Video: How will Deep Learning Change Internet	Video Delivery	/? Adaptive streaming + neural s	super-resolution			
- Cloud computing and Big data processing: Resource a	allocation for o	cloud infrastructure, optimization	with Big Data.			
- Internet-scale content distribution: Software-defined co	ontent distribu	tion, QoE inferencing and optimi	zation, diagnosis.			
- Future Internet architecture: Evolvable congestion cont	rol, evolvable	service model, incremental deplo	oyment over IP.			
Recommended courses & Career after gradua	tion					
We offer comfortable and active environment where your strongly recommend and support collaboration with oth trying to establish the environment where each individual self-improvement, sports activities, extracurricular activities	ner laboratorie ual's advantag	s and intern experience from the e can make grater synergy. We	e industry. We are support student's			
We recommend you to take Computer Networks, Network Programming, System Programming, Operating System, Data Structure, and Discrete Structure courses. You will have ability to design, implement, and manage the new systems required in the future. You will experience a new world with new software systems and introduce them to the public. You will be a						
great software architect required by many industries and I		edicting and leading the new tech	nology trend.			
■ Introduction to other activities besides research We offer comfortable and active environment where you can discuss freely with other people including professor. We strongly recommend and support collaboration with other laboratories and intern experience from the industry. We are trying to establish the environment where each individual's advantage can make grater synergy. We support student's self-improvement, sports activities, extracurricular activities to provide best research environment to the students.						
■ Introduction to the Lab.						
INA research group pursues innovative ideas in/for Internet services and applications, cloud infrastructure, and systems that support artificial intelligence. We identify and anticipate new problems that arise from the evolution of Internet-/Cloud-based services and the development of new hardware, provide novel solutions for challenging problems in the real-world, design and implement the solutions in a way that reaches out for real-world impact.						
■ Recent research achievements (2023-2024)						
Top research group at ACM SIGCOMM and USENIX N - TopFull: An Adaptive Top-Down Overload Control fo						
- Accelerating Model Training in Multi-cluster Environr	- Accelerating Model Training in Multi-cluster Environments with Consumer-grade GPUs [SIGCOMM 2024]					
- Scaling Beyond the GPU Memory Limit for Large Mi	•	•				

- AccellR: Task-aware Image Compression for Accelerating Neural Restoration [CVPR 2023]
 FlexPass: A Case for Flexible Credit-based Transport for Datacenter Networks [EuroSys 2023]



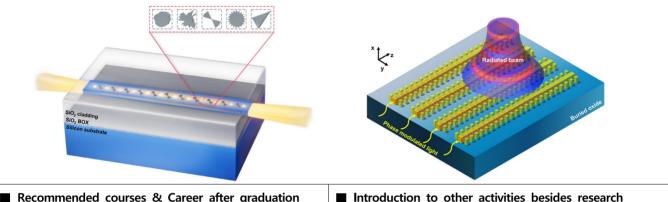


Metaphotonics Res	search Laboratory	,		zakurt@kaist.ac.kr TEL: 010-8465 m@kaist.ac.kr (김재용) TEL: 010-30	
Current state of the Lab. (in 2024 Fall Semester)					
Postdoctoral Fellows : 0	PhD Students: 7	Mas	ster's Student: 3	Undergraduate Student: 3	
Research Areas					

1. Optical Neural Networks: An optical neural network (ONN) is a physical realization of an artificial neural network with conventional (and usually discrete) optical components. We are interested in implementation of ONN with integrated photonic elements designed by utilizing advanced optimization methods. Processing data all optically in analog domain holds huge potential to alleviate the full potential of machine learning with photonics

2. Integrated Photonics, Silicon Photonics: Inverse and AI assisted designs and fabrication of nano-photonics and silicon photonic devices. The interaction of light with nanostructures that have variations in the refractive index on the order wavelength or sub-wavelength generates so many rich physical concepts that cannot be easily observed in conventional medium. At this stage, it becomes very crucial to have powerful numerical techniques assisted with Al tools to explore the tremendous novelties of meta-photonics domain for LiDAR and optical computing and programmable photonics applications.

3. Flat optics and meta-surfaces in imaging and display (AR and VR): Recently, meta-surfaces have been identified as promising optical elements in the modulation of the phase, amplitude and polarization of light within a subwavelength thickness. Compared to the bulky, conventional optical elements that use phase accumulation to manipulate light along curved optical paths, two-dimensional meta-surfaces composed of engineerednanostructured antennas arrays allow the realization of the manipulation of light on a flat surface.



Recommended courses & Career after graduation

Participation in the international conferences (CLEO, SPIE, APC), being part of the professional societies and their activities (OSA, IEEE), holding social events (hiking, group dining, sport

> activities), short term scientific visits to our collaborators in different countries (such as US, Spain, Australia, Switzerland,

Basic level background in "Electromagnetics, Fundamentals of Photonics, and Optics". The academic career is one option. The candidate can also work as a researcher in the R&D departments of private sectors such as Intel, Samsung, Apple, IBM, and Google. There are many examples of such career paths. Interested candidates may contact to the PI and lab representative

Introduction to the Lab.

We conduct fundamental as well as applied research with an interdisciplinary nature covering Engineering and Science. We have published 140 papers in highly prestigious journals. The number of conference proceedings and papers is more than 150.

Denmark).

Recent research achievements ('22~'24) The scientific outcome between 2018-2024 is the publication of total 56 journal articles. Selected articles are given below:

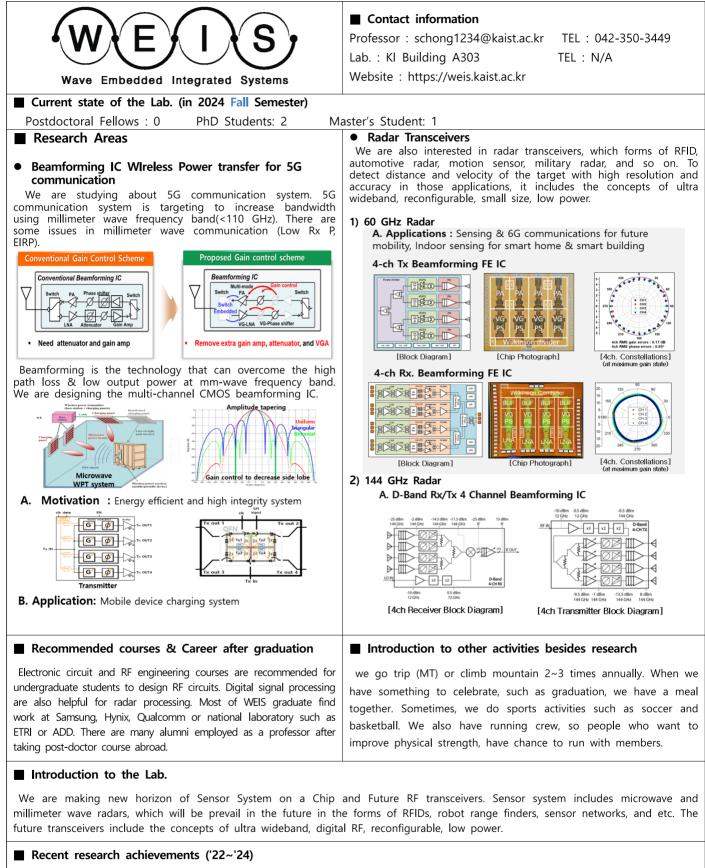
1. "Semi-supervised learning leveraging denoising diffusion probabilistic models for the characterization of nanophotonic devices," Laser Photon. Rev. 2300998 (2024).

2. "Deep neural network-based phase calibration in integrated optical phased arrays." Sci. Rep. 13, 19929 (2023).

3. "Inverse design of Si-based high-performance vertical emitting metagrating coupler on 220 nm silicon-on-insulator platform," Photonics Research 11 (6), 897 (2023).

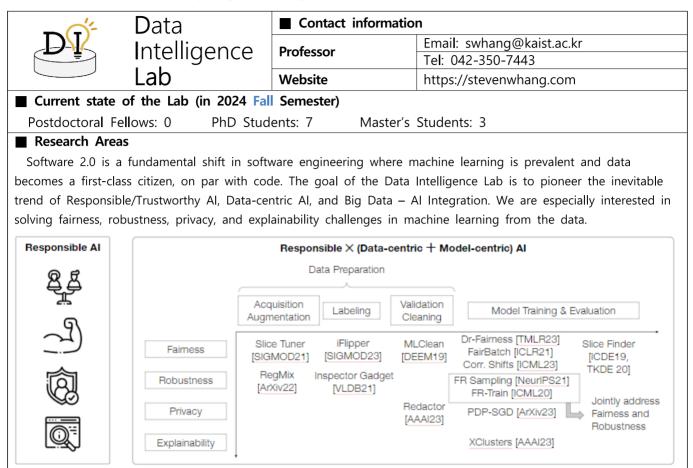
4. "Experimental demonstration of inverse-designed silicon integrated photonic power splitters," Nanophotonics 11 (20), 4581 (2022).

<Professor Songcheol Hong's Lab.>



J. Yoo and S. Hong, "Highly Efficient Differential Frequency Doubler With Output Resistance Boosting Feedback," in IEEE Journal of Solid-State Circuits, vol. 59, no. 2, pp. 414-423, Feb. 2024.
 C. So, E. -T. Sung and S. Hong, "A V-Band Four-Channel Phased Array Transmitter Front-End With 0.7° Phase Step and 20 dB Gain Dynamic Range," in IEEE Transactions on Microwave Theory and Techniques, vol. 72, no. 5, pp. 2799-2808, May 2024.
 K. Han and S. Hong, "Range-Angle Decoupling Technique Using Wavelength-Dependent Beamforming for High-Resolution MIMO Radar," in IEEE Transactions on Microwave Theory and Techniques, vol. 72, no. 7, pp. 4269-4277, July 2024.

〈Professor Steven Euijong Whang's Lab〉



Recommended courses & Career after graduation

Recommended courses: Discrete mathematics, data structures, algorithms, databases, data mining, probability theory, linear algebra, convex optimization, and machine learning. **Career after graduation:** Students will be trained to be world-class researchers and have career opportunities both in industry and academia.

Introduction to other activities besides research

Students are encouraged to participate in extracurricular activities. For example, the professor likes swimming and is an alum of the KAIST swimming team KAORI. Our lab will also have regular social events.

Introduction to the Lab

The Data Intelligence Lab solves important problems in Data-centric AI and Responsible AI. We are funded by Google Research, Microsoft Research, Samsung Electronics, SK Hynix, the National Research Foundation of Korea (AI ERC), and the Institute of Information & communications Technology Planning & Evaluation (IITP) among others. Our lab has 8 PhD and 4 Masters students with internship experiences at Google DeepMind & Youtube and NVIDIA Research.

Steven Euijong Whang is an associate professor at KAIST EE and AI. Previously he was a Research Scientist at Google Research and co-developed the data infrastructure of the TensorFlow Extended (TFX) machine learning platform. Steven received his Ph.D. in computer science in 2012 from Stanford University. He received a Google AI Focused Research Award (2018, the first in Asia) and was a Kwon Oh-Hyun Endowed Chair Professor (2020-2023).

Recent research achievements ('22~'24)

S. Hwang, M. Kim, S. Whang, "RC-Mixup: A Data Augmentation Strategy against Noisy Data for Regression Tasks", KDD 2024
 Y. Roh et al., "LEVI: Generalizable Fine-tuning via Layer-wise Ensemble of Different Views", ICML 2024

[3] K. Tae, H. Zhang, J. Park, K. Rong, S. Whang, "Falcon: Fair Active Learning using Multi-armed Bandits", VLDB 2024

[4] M. Kim, S. Hwang, S. Whang, "Quilt: Robust Data Segment Selection against Concept Drifts", AAAI 2024

[5] S. Whang, Y. Roh, H. Song, and J. Lee, "Data Collection and Quality Challenges in Deep Learning: A Data-Centric AI Perspective", VLDB Journal, 2023.



KAIST SCHOOL OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING